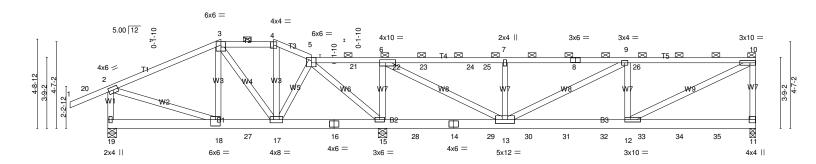
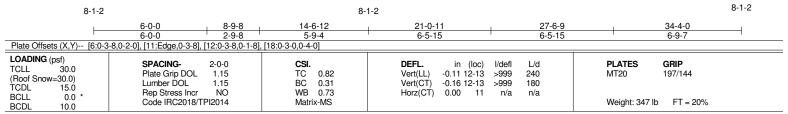


Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP Α1 Roof Special Girder | Z | Job Reference (optional)

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:04 2021 Page 1
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-gz2J\_Lbaga43Fs0frovB1uUgLtJS\_7rgH4pxAz5inz Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 <u>-2-0-8</u>-1-2 8-1-2 14-6-12 34-0-8 34-4-0 0-3-8 6-0-0 10-9-8 21-0-11 27-6-9 2-0-0 6-0-0 2-9-8 2-0-0 3-9-4 6-5-15 6-5-15 6-5-15

Scale = 1:61.1





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-4-10 max.): 3-4, 5-10.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=2261/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-11), 19=1901/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 15=6358/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-8)

Max Horz 19=200(LC 9)

Max Uplift11=-507(LC 7), 19=-408(LC 10), 15=-1334(LC 10) Max Grav 11=2638(LC 31), 19=2252(LC 32), 15=7080(LC 31)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-2342/398, 3-4=-1448/271, 4-5=-1621/281, 5-21=-553/2975, 6-21=-554/2969, 6-22=-2335/485, 22-23=-2335/485, 23-24=-2335/485, TOP CHORD

24-25=-2335/485, 7-25=-2335/485, 7-8=-2335/485, 8-9=-2335/485, 9-26=-3566/728, 10-26=-3566/728, 10-11=-2203/439, 2-19=-2189/432 18-27=-352/1993, 17-27=-352/1993, 16-17=-353/476, 15-16=-353/476, 15-28=-2973/651, 14-28=-2973/651, 14-29=-2973/651, 13-29=-2973/651, 13-30=-725/3566, 30-31=-725/3566, 31-32=-725/3566, 12-32=-725/3566 BOT CHORD

**WEBS** 3-18=-213/1216, 3-17=-983/221, 4-17=-258/487, 5-17=-417/2339, 5-15=-4086/794, 6-15=-3551/706, 6-13=-1160/5987, 7-13=-869/197,

9-13=-1388/274, 9-12=-624/357, 10-12=-747/3870, 2-18=-309/2030

### NOTES-

- 1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

  - Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0 oc.
- Webs connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.
- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; b=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 507 lb uplift at joint 11, 408 lb uplift at joint 19 and 1334 lb uplift at joint 15.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

  14) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 81 lb down and 38 lb up at 34-2-4 on top chord, and 1302 lb down and 280 lb up at 6-0-0, 615 lb down and 118 lb up at 7-4-12, 1302 lb down and 280 lb up at 8-8-12, 367 lb down and 100 lb up at 16-3-4, 367 lb down and 100 lb up at 18-3-4, 367 lb down and 100 lb up at 20-3-4, 367 lb down and 100 lb up at 26-3-4, 367 lb down and 100 lb up at 30-3-4, and 367 lb down and 100 lb up at 32-3-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-3=-90, 3-4=-90, 4-5=-90, 5-10=-90, 11-19=-20

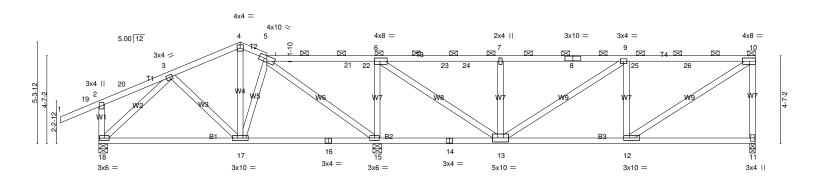
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A1	Roof Special Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)

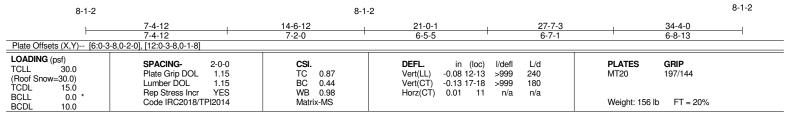
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:04 2021 Page 2 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-gz2J\_Lbaga43Fs0frovB1uUgLtJS\_7rhH4\_xAz5inz

LOAD CASE(S) Standard
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 10=-62 18=-1302(F) 17=-1302(F) 14=-367(F) 27=-615(F) 28=-367(F) 29=-367(F) 30=-367(F) 31=-367(F) 32=-367(F) 33=-367(F) 34=-367(F) 35=-367(F)

ŀ	Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hi	p	
ı	LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A2	Roof Special		1 1			
L			·			Job Reference (optional)		
	Builders First Source, Colorado S	Springs, CO, 80939				8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Inc		
	0 1 2			8-1-2 ID:I	Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQ`	YeL8f3QzIHPr-cL93PfMr6H	HqoJY0OnGqNGSzoP9Xcv	vqj <b>881pZ</b> 5?2z5inx
	-2-0-8-1-2 3-1	0-2 7-4-12	3-9-8 14-6-12	21-0	-1 ,	27-7-3	34-0-8	34-4-0
	2-0-0 3-1	0-2 3-6-10	-4-12 <sup>1</sup> 5-9-4	6-5-	5	6-7-1	6-5-5	0-3-8





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T3,T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-13 max.): 5-10.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 13-15.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=927/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2), 15=2217/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-9), 18=793/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-11)

Max Horz 18=239(LC 13) Max Uplift11=-175(LC 11), 15=-428(LC 14), 18=-214(LC 14) Max Grav 11=1339(LC 33), 15=2903(LC 33), 18=1063(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-4=-520/124, 4-5=-430/141, 5-21=-179/774, 21-22=-179/768, 6-22=-179/768, 6-23=-1050/219, 23-24=-1050/219, 7-24=-1050/219, 7-8=-1050/219, 8-9=-1050/219, 9-25=-1410/279, 25-26=-1410/279,

10-26-1410/279, 10-11--1276/232, 2-18--478/259 17-18--312/540, 16-17--182/305, 15-16--182/305, 14-15--771/223, 13-14--771/223, 12-13--248/1410 5-15--1073/334, 6-15--2119/386, 6-13--322/2190, 7-13--860/197, 9-13--429/78, 9-12--750/195, BOT CHORD **WEBS** 

10-12=-230/1625, 3-18=-746/100

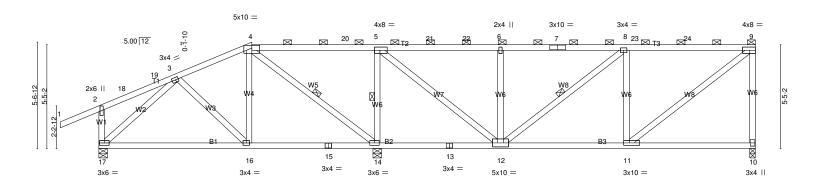
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 7-4-12, Exterior(2E) 7-4-12 to 8-9-8, Interior(1) 8-9-8 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 175 lb uplift at joint 11, 428 lb uplift at joint 15 and 214 lb uplift at joint 18. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 H	lip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A3	Half Hip	1	1	
				Job Reference (optional)	
Builders First Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939				dustries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:07 2021 Page 1
8-1-2		Q_1	1-2 ID:Fo4qtCXI	?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-4YjRc?N	TsbyfwibbK_LcpfWy6ZtHfP0HblFle2YVz5inw
-2-0-08-1-2 4-	-1-12   8-0-0	14-6-12	21-0-1	27-7-3	<sub>1</sub> 34-0-8 34 <sub>-</sub> 4-0
2-0-0 4-	-1-12 3-10-4	6-6-12	6-5-5	6-7-1	6-5-5 0-3-8



8-1-2		8-1	-2			8-1-2
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [4:0-5	8-0-0 8-0-0 6-0.0-1-11], [5:0-3-8,0-2-0], [11:0-3-8,0-1-	14-6-12 6-6-12 8]	21-0-1 6-5-5	27-7-3 6-7-1	34-4-0 6-8-13	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.94 BC 0.42 WB 0.47 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) -0.09 16-17 Vert(CT) -0.18 16-17 Horz(CT) 0.01 10		PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144 Weight: 159 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E \*Except\*

T1: 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 max.): 4-9.

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 12-14.

**WEBS** 1 Row at midpt 4-14, 5-14, 8-12

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 10=937/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2), 14=2194/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-9), 17=806/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-13) Max Horz 17=263(LC 13) Max Uplift10=-176(LC 11), 14=-426(LC 14), 17=-214(LC 14)

Max Grav 10=1351(LC 29), 14=2914(LC 29), 17=1172(LC 30)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 3-4=-517/134, 4-20=-148/589, 5-20=-148/582, 5-21=-908/215, 21-22=-908/215, 6-22=-908/215, 6-7=-908/215,

7-8=-908/215, 8-23=-1200/266, 23-24=-1200/266, 9-24=-1200/266, 9-10=-1289/234, 2-17=-575/264 16-17=-327/558, 15-16=-203/379, 14-15=-203/379, 13-14=-585/209, 12-13=-585/209, 11-12=-231/1200

BOT CHORD 4-16=-44/319, 4-14=-990/305, 5-14=-2165/409, 5-12=-275/1910, 6-12=-840/190, 8-12=-369/66, 8-11=-767/201, **WEBS** 

9-11=-212/1472, 3-17=-774/107

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2R) 8-0-0 to 12-10-4, Interior(1) 12-10-4 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

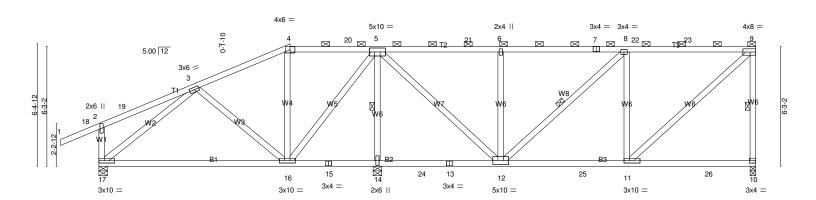
5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 176 lb uplift at joint 10, 426 lb uplift at joint 14 and 214 lb uplift at joint 17. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss		Truss Type				Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 H	ip	
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A4		Half Hip				1	1			
			-						Job Reference (optional)		
Builders First Source, Colorado S	Springs, CO, 80939	)							8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek In		
0.1.0					0.1.0	ID:Fo	4qtCXI?N	//OJYCQ	YeL8f3QzIHPr-YkHqpLO5c	lv5WYsAnuhtrMt28mz9	06OqKRew264xz5inv
-2-0-0	5-1-12	10-0-0	) ,	14-6-12	8-1-2	21-0-1	•	i	27-7-3	34-0-8	34-4-0
	E 1 10	4.10.7	4	4 6 12	1	655			671	655	0 2 0



8-1-2		8-1-	-2		8-1-2
L	10-0-0	14-6-12	21-0-1	27-7-3	34-4-0
	10-0-0	4-6-12	6-5-5	6-7-1	6-8-13
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [10:Ed	dge,0-1-8], [11:0-3-8,0-1-8]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.88 BC 0.70 WB 0.59 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) -0.24 16-17 Vert(CT) -0.48 16-17 Horz(CT) 0.01 10		<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144  Weight: 167 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except

T3: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-10-1 max.): 4-9.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 9-10, 5-14, 8-12

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 10=979/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4), 14=2095/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-3), 17=864/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-0)

Max Horz 17=304(LC 13)
Max Uplift10=-185(LC 14), 14=-402(LC 14), 17=-227(LC 14) Max Grav 10=1417(LC 29), 14=2650(LC 29), 17=1268(LC 30)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

3-4=-495/137, 4-20=-341/159, 5-20=-343/158, 5-21=-965/246, 6-21=-965/246, 6-7=-965/246, 7-8=-965/246, 8-22=-1135/275, 22-23=-1135/275, 9-23=-1135/275, 9-10=-1355/244, 2-17=-635/267 TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 16-17=-366/714, 15-16=-390/174, 14-15=-390/174, 14-24=-390/174, 13-24=-390/174, 12-13=-390/174,

12-25=-228/1104. 11-25=-228/1104

3-16=-468/238, 4-16=-296/141, 5-16=-271/1000, 5-14=-2554/560, 5-12=-242/1709, 6-12=-878/202,

8-11=-834/213, 9-11=-211/1448, 3-17=-852/143

**WEBS** 

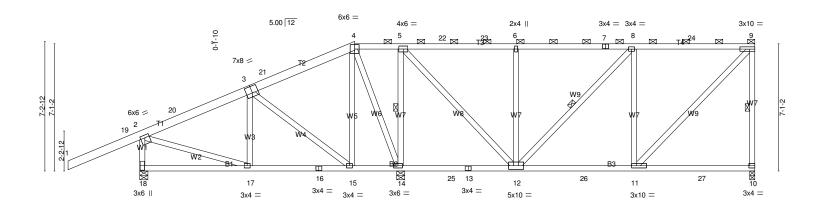
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 14-6-12, Interior(1) 14-6-12 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 185 lb uplift at joint 10, 402 lb uplift at joint 14 and 227 lb uplift at joint 17. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty P	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip		
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A5	Half Hip		1	1	Job Reference (optional)		
Builders First Source, Color	ado Springs, CO, 80939					8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Indus	stries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:	21:10 2021 Page 1
	8-1-2		0 1 2	ID:Fo4qtCXI?N	ИОЈҮСQ	YeL8f3QzIHPr-V7PaE1PM9	WLEnAK906vJRI8UFm	tisfrk@D/2J9qz5int
-4-0-0	6-1-12	12-0-0	14-6-12	21-0-1	1	27-7-3	34-0-8	34-4-0
4-0-0	6-1-12	5-10-4	2-6-12	6-5-5		6-7-1	6-5-5	0-3-8



8-1-2 8-1-2 8-1-2 6-1-12 5-10-4 2-6-12 6-8-13 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-3-0,0-1-12], [3:0-4-0,0-4-8], [10:Edge,0-1-8], [11:0-3-8,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL (loc) I/defl **PLATES** GRIP TCLL Plate Grip DOL 0.88 -0.07 10-11 240 MT20 197/144 1.15 TC Vert(LL) >999 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BC -0.13 10-11 Lumber DOL 1.15 0.50 Vert(CT) >999 180 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.91 Horz(CT) -0.01 10 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 193 lb FT = 20%BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\* T3: 2x4 SPF No.2, T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-4-1 max.): 4-9.

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt 9-10, 5-14, 8-12 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 10=926/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2), 18=1011/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-8), 14=2180/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-3)

Max Horz 18=361 (LC 11) Max Uplift10=-181(LC 11), 18=-332(LC 14), 14=-406(LC 14) Max Grav 10=1359(LC 29), 18=1578(LC 30), 14=2676(LC 33)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-20=-799/67, 3-20=-697/86, 4-21=-91/296, 4-5=-128/480, 5-22=-756/230, 22-23=-756/230, 6-23=-756/230, 6-23=-756/230, 6-23=-756/230, 9-24=-966/263, 9-10=-1298/239, 2-18=-1527/484

17-18=-426/313, 16-17=-312/620, 15-16=-312/620, 14-15=-353/176, 14-25=-542/219, 13-25=-542/219,

12-13=-542/219, 12-26=-214/924, 11-26=-214/924

3-15=-761/240, 4-15=-113/566, 4-14=-994/277, 5-14=-1967/368, 5-12=-248/1691, 6-12=-892/211,

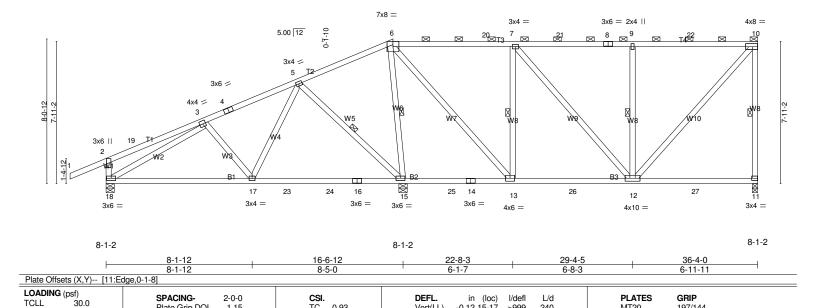
8-12=-302/48, 8-11=-776/213, 9-11=-193/1275, 2-17=0/669

WEBS

BOT CHORD

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -4-0-0 to -0-6-13, Interior(1) -0-6-13 to 12-0-0, Exterior(2R) 12-0-0 to 16-10-4, Interior(1) 16-10-4 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TČLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 181 lb uplift at joint 10, 332 lb uplift at joint 18 and 406 lb uplift at joint 14. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty I	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip		
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A6	Half Hip		1	1			
						Job Reference (optional)		
Builders First Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939					8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Indu	istries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:2	1:11 2021 Page 1
9-1-2			8-1-2 ID:F	o4qtCXI?M	<b>IOJYCQ</b> Y	eL8f3QzIHPr-zJzySNQ_wq	T5PJvMZqQYzVgeHAAb	b90tkt@shGz5ins
, -2-0-0 1-2	5-6-5 10-	-9-3 16-0-0	1 2	2-8-3	1	29-4-5	36-0-8	36 <sub>-</sub> 4-0
2-0-0	5-6-5 5-2	2-13 5-2-13	6	5-8-3		6-8-3	6-8-3	0-3-8



BCDL LUMBER-

BCLL

(Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T3,T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

10.0

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

-0.12 15-17

-0.20 15-17

0.02 15

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-7 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 max.): 6-10.

Weight: 182 lb

MT20

197/144

FT = 20%

240

180

n/a

>999

>973

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 10-11, 5-15, 6-15, 7-13, 9-12 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=930/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4), 15=2297/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-1), 18=931/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-15)

1.15

1.15

YES

Max Horz 18=388(LC 13) Max Uplift11=-185(LC 11), 15=-427(LC 14), 18=-246(LC 14) Max Grav 11=1433(LC 29), 15=2608(LC 33), 18=1255(LC 30)

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-19=-320/89, 3-4=-916/176, 4-5=-711/193, 5-6=-195/623, 6-20=-791/260, 7-20=-795/260, 7-21=-946/277, 8-21=-946/277, 8-9=-946/277, 10-22=-946/277, 10-21=-946/277, 10-11=-1370/239, 2-18=-619/270

17-18-424/1076, 17-23-260/481, 23-24-260/481, 16-24-260/481, 15-16-260/481, 15-25-605/231, 14-25-605/231, 13-14-605/231, 13-26-175/742, 12-26-175/742, 12-26-25/260, 5-17-497/204, 5-17-85/748, 5-15-1252/306, 6-15-1881/458, 6-13-275/1664, 7-13-1143/266,

7-12=-48/329, 9-12=-995/250, 10-12=-179/1301, 3-18=-1050/179

BOT CHORD WEBS

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-7-10, Interior(1) 1-7-10 to 16-0-0, Exterior(2R) 16-0-0 to 21-1-11, Interior(1) 21-1-11 to 36-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

TC 0.93

WB 0.72

Matrix-MS

0.65

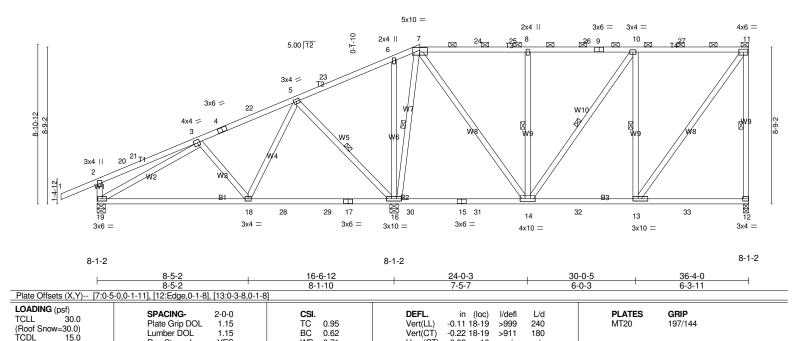
- 2) TČLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all 3-0-0 wide will all 3-0-0 wid and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- and any other members, with BCDE = 100,psi.

  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 185 lb uplift at joint 11, 427 lb uplift at joint 15 and 246 lb uplift at joint 18.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type			Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip			
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	A7	Half Hip			1	1				
							Job Reference (optional)			
Builders First Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939						3.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industrie			
0.1.0			0.1	ຸ ID:F	o4qtCXI?	MOJYCQ	YeL8f3QzIHPr-RVXKfjRch7bx1	TUY7XxnWjDpkaXKK	cU1gXXQPDiz5inr	
, -2-0-0 1-2	5-8-9 11	-1-11	16-6-12 <sup>8- ¦</sup> 1	8-0-0	24-0	-3	30-0-5	36-0-8	36-4-0	
2-0-0	5-8-9	-5-1	5-5-1	1-5-4	6-0-	-3	6-0-3	6-0-3	0-3-8	



BCDL LUMBER-

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

10.0

BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

Horz(CT)

0.02 16

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 max.): 7-11.

Weight: 196 lb

FT = 20%

**BOT CHORD** 

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 11-12, 5-16, 7-16, 8-14, 10-14, 10-13

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

n/a

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=871/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2), 16=2427/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-7), 19=860/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-12)

YES

Max Horz 19=429(LC 13)
Max Uplift12=-178(LC 11), 16=-478(LC 14), 19=-216(LC 14) Max Grav 12=1359(LC 29), 16=2830(LC 34), 19=1101(LC 30)

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 2-20=-286/88, 3-4=-780/114, 4-22=-666/121, 5-22=-648/131, 5-23=-280/565, 6-23=-270/772, 6-7=-185/613, 7-24=-717/245, 24-25=-718/245, 8-25=-720/244, 8-26=-717/243, 9-26=-717/243, 9-10=-717/243, 10-27=-788/261, 11-27=-788/261, 11-12=-1301/223, 2-19=-531/272 
18-19=-407/964, 18-28=-217/318, 28-29=-217/318, 17-29=-217/318, 16-17=-217/318, 16-30=-474/231, 15-31=-474/231, 14-31=-474/231, 14-32=-192/728, 13-32=-192/728 TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

3-18=-544/228, 5-18=-107/782, 5-16=-1237/300, 6-16=-629/205, 7-16=-1688/306, 7-14=-226/1323,

8-14=-867/227, 10-13=-817/208, 11-13=-164/1166, 3-19=-930/121

NOTES-

**WEBS** 

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-7-10, Interior(1) 1-7-10 to 18-0-0, Exterior(2R) 18-0-0 to 23-1-11, Interior(1) 23-1-11 to 36-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

WB 0.71

Matrix-MS

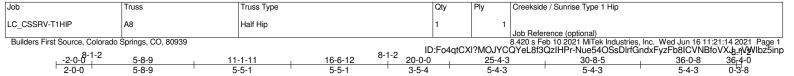
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

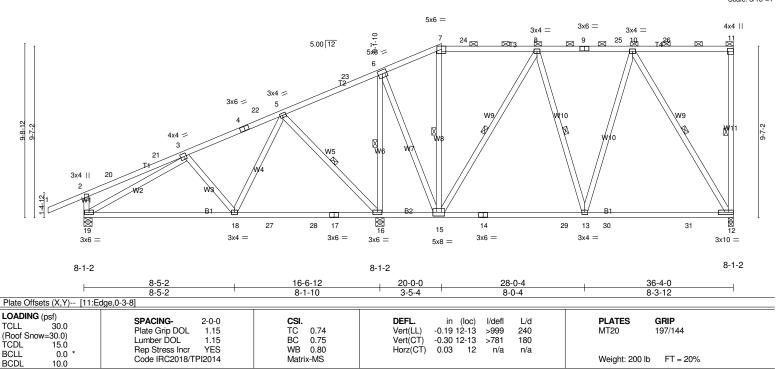
5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- to Triates checked for a plus of minus 3 degree holders.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 178 lb uplift at joint 12, 478 lb uplift at joint 16 and 216 lb uplift at joint 19.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-4-10 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 7-11.

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 11-12, 5-16, 6-16, 7-15, 8-15, 8-13, 10-12

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=962/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4), 16=2227/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-5), 19=969/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-12)

(MSLEE) 12-322-0 G (MBL) 12-322-0 G (MBL) 12-322-0 G (MBL) 12-327-0 G (MBL

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- Max. Comp. max. Terit. - Amindres 20 (no) of research from 15 (no). 3-4.—962/173, 4-22–752/181, 5-22–728/183, 5-23–241/364, 6-23–228/555, 6-7=-445/216, 7-24=-386/219, 8-24=-391/219, 8-9=-827/282, 9-25=-827/282, 10-25=-827/282, 11-12=-319/105, 2-19=-484/273 TOP CHORD

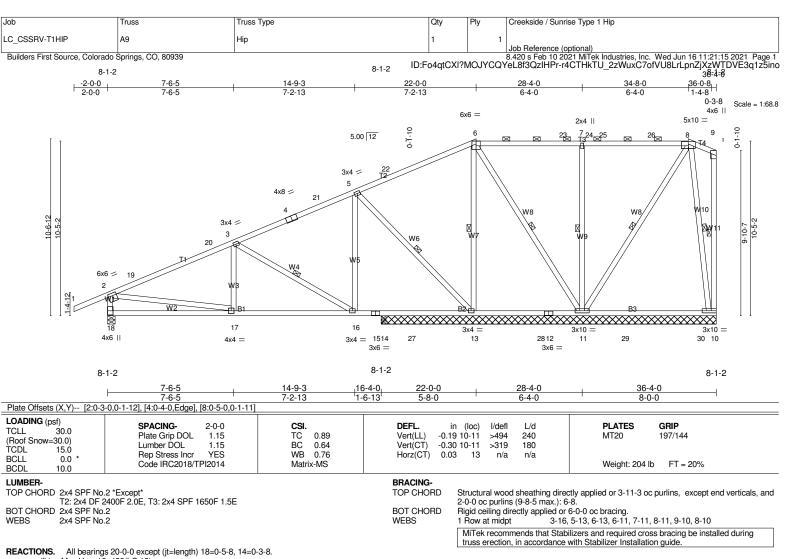
18-19=-483/1092, 18-27=-297/514, 27-28=-297/514, 17-28=-297/514, 16-17=-297/514, 15-16=-457/219, 14-15=-235/755, 14-29=-235/755, 13-29=-235/755, 13-30=-219/672, 30-31=-219/672, 12-31=-219/672

3-18=-457/225, 5-18=-101/733, 5-16=-1211/285, 6-16=-1646/437, 6-15=-208/1238, 7-15=-300/149,

8-15=-825/167, 10-13=-10/381, 10-12=-1225/232, 3-19=-1092/168

**BOT CHORD WEBS** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-7-10, Interior(1) 1-7-10 to 20-0-0, Exterior(2R) 20-0-0 to 25-4-3, Interior(1) 25-4-3 to 36-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 207 lb uplift at joint 12, 433 lb uplift at joint 16 and 240 lb uplift at joint 19. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Max Horz 18=499(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except 18=-294(LC 14), 13=-322(LC 14), 11=-255(LC 11), 10=-188(LC 35) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 14 except 18=1357(LC 33), 13=2314(LC 41), 11=1573(LC 32)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-19=-1642/266, 19-20=-1517/276, 3-20=-1403/289, 3-4=-790/214, 4-21=-642/214, 5-21=-512/227, 5-22=-211/487, 6-22=-197/757, 6-23=-149/429, 23-24=-149/427, 7-24=-149/427, 7-25=-149/427, TOP CHORD

25-26=-149/428, 8-26=-149/429, 8-9=-240/269, 2-18=-1289/416

22-20-20-143/420, 0-20-143/423, 0-3-240/203, 2-10-1225/410 17-18-662/586, 16-17-552/1509, 15-16-331/616, 14-15-331/616, 14-27-331/616, 13-27-331/616, 13-28-612/269, 12-28-612/269, 11-12-612/269 **BOT CHORD** 

3-16=-1034/256, 5-16=-67/614, 5-13=-1592/385, 6-13=-1008/239, 6-11=-17/257, 7-11=-996/246,

8-11=-688/165, 2-17=-149/1220, 8-10=-168/383

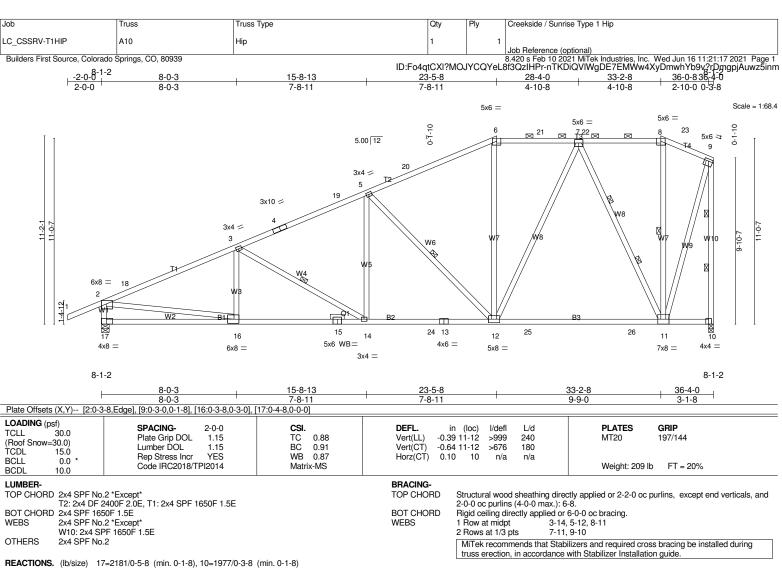
### NOTES-

**WEBS** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-7-10, Interior(1) 1-7-10 to 22-0-0, Exterior(2R) 22-0-0 to 27-1-11, Interior(1) 27-1-11 to 34-8-0, Exterior(2E) 34-8-0 to 36-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 294 lb uplift at joint 18, 322 lb uplift at joint 13, 255 lb uplift at joint 11 and 188 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



LUMBER-

WEBS

Max Horz 17=515(LC 13) Max Uplift17=-475(LC 14), 10=-380(LC 14)

Max Grav 17=2575(LC 41), 10=2251(LC 41)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-18=-3949/648, 3-18=-3836/672, 3-4=-3377/634, 4-19=-3226/644, 5-19=-3082/658, 5-20=-2187/527, 6-20=-2003/550, 6-21=-1863/553, 21-22=-1865/552, 7-22=-1865/552, 7-8=-649/330, 8-23=-682/350,

9-23=-761/341, 2-17=-2442/618, 9-10=-2299/512

16-17=-684/650, 15-16=-991/3703, 14-15=-991/3703, 14-24=-822/3109, 13-24=-822/3109, 12-13=-822/3109, **BOT CHORD** 12-25-448/1334, 25-26-448/1334, 11-26-448/1334 3-16-305/149, 3-14-684/195, 5-14-34/623, 5-12-1645/369, 6-12-11/294, 7-12-272/1451,

WFRS 7-11=-1693/474, 2-16=-476/3209, 9-11=-490/2044

## NOTES-

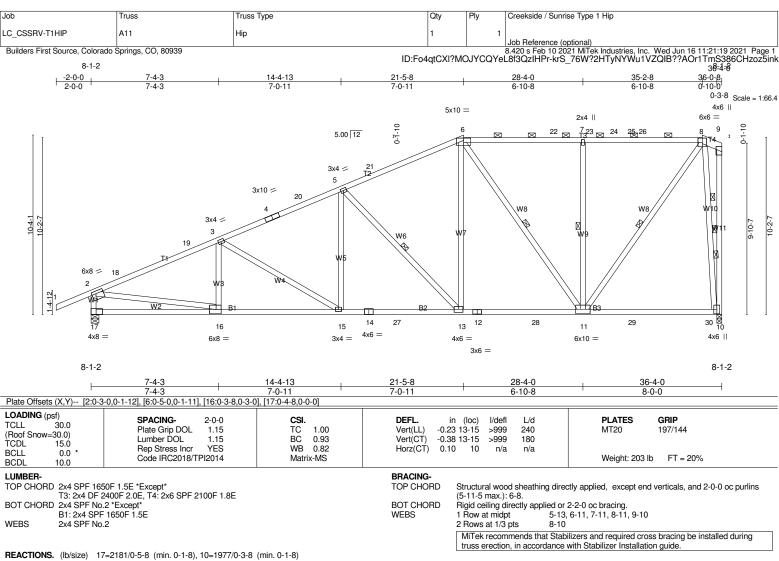
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-7-10, Interior(1) 1-7-10 to 23-5-8, Exterior(2R) 23-5-8 to 28-4-0, Interior(1) 28-4-0 to 33-2-8, Exterior(2E) 33-2-8 to 36-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 17, 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 475 lb uplift at joint 17 and 380 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Max Horz 17=491(LC 13) Max Uplift17=-475(LC 14), 10=-380(LC 14)

Max Grav 17=2586(LC 41), 10=2335(LC 40)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

2-18--3922/643, 18-19--3817/654, 3-19--3723/666, 3-4--3452/656, 4-20--3312/657, 5-20--3183/670,
5-21--2381/564, 6-21--2215/585, 6-22--1474/486, 22-23--1477/485, 7-23--1477/485, 7-24--1474/484,
24-25--1474/484, 25-26--1474/484, 8-26--1474/484, 8-9-263/289, 2-17--2461/615, 9-10--247/269

BOT CHORD

16-17--663/604, 15-16-995/3669, 14-15--852/3176, 14-27--852/3176, 13-27--852/3176, 12-13--624/2120,

 $12-28-624/2120,\ 11-28-624/2120,\ 11-29-173/297,\ 29-30-173/297,\ 10-30-173/297,\ 29-30-173/297,\ 10-30-173/297,\ 29-30-173/297,\ 10-30-173/$ 

7-11=-1099/261, 8-11=-500/2213, 2-16=-499/3254, 8-10=-2331/765

# NOTES-

WFRS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-7-10, Interior(1) 1-7-10 to 21-5-8, Exterior(2R) 21-5-8 to 26-7-3, Interior(1) 26-7-3 to 35-2-8, Exterior(2E) 35-2-8 to 36-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; c-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 17, 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 475 lb uplift at joint 17 and 380 lb uplift at joint 10.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	AC1	Jack-Open	1	1	Job Reference (optional)

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

8-429 s-Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:20 2021 Page 1
8-1-2 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeLB[3QZIHPr-C2?MLSXdpbbp\_i54bC4frPYHaoPPCPwCMmyqVFz5inj
1-7-7 1-10-15
1-7-7 0-3-8 -2-0-0 2-0-0

Scale = 1:18.0

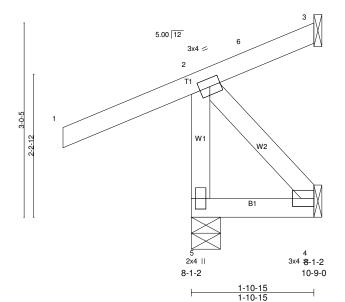


Plate Offsets	(X.Y)	[4:Edge.0-1-8]

LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.57 BC 0.03 WB 0.04	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.00         5 >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.00         4-5 >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.00         3 n/a n/a	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP	11012(01) 0.00 3 1wa 1wa	Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

NOTES-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 5=408/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=-39/Mechanical, 4=18/Mechanical Max Horz 5=144(LC 14)
Max Uplift5=-87(LC 10), 3=-92(LC 18), 4=-119(LC 14)
Max Grav 5=558(LC 19), 3=48(LC 14), 4=67(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-541/272  $\,$ 

# BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 cone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 87 lb uplift at joint 5, 92 lb uplift at joint 3 and 119 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP AC2 Jack-Open | Job Reference (optional)
8.420 s Feb. 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:21 2021 Page 1
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8/3QZPHPr.gEZKYoYFZujgcsgH9wbuNc5SqCjsxs1LbQhO1hz5ini
3-7-7 3<sub>1</sub>10-15 Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -2-0-0 0-3-8 2-0-0 5.00 12 3x4 = 2 3-10-5 W1 B1 3-10-15 3-10-15 LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 SPACING-DEFL I/defI **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC BC 0.54 0.14 Vert(LL) Vert(CT) -0.01 -0.02 4-5 >999 240 MT20 197/144 (Roof Snow 30.0) 1.15 4-5 >999 180 Lumber DOL TCDL 15.0 0.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.05 Horz(CT) -0.00 n/a

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Weight: 18 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

FT = 20%

BCDL LUMBER-

Job

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=453/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=111/Mechanical, 4=38/Mechanical

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

Max Horz 5=176(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-95(LC 14), 3=-35(LC 11), 4=-59(LC 14) Max Grav 5=634(LC 19), 3=159(LC 19), 4=75(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-596/282

WEBS 2-4=-146/279

# NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E)-2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; cf or members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

Matrix-MP

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 95 lb uplift at joint 5, 35 lb uplift at joint 3 and 59 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	AC3	Monopitch Supported Gable	2	1	Job Reference (optional)

-1-8-0 1-8-0

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:21 2021 Page 1 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-gEZkYoYFZujgcsgH9wbuNc5ToClexsELbQhO1hz5ini 8-1-2 1-10-15 0-3-8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

Scale = 1:13.7

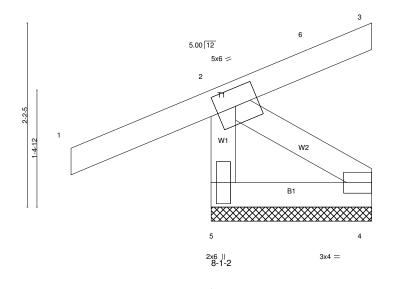


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2	2-12,0-2-8], [4:Edge,0-1-8]			
TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.48 BC 0.03 WB 0.04 Matrix-P	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         0.00         3 n/r         120           Vert(CT)         -0.01         3 n/r         120           Horz(CT)         -0.00         4 n/a         n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144  Weight: 10 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WFRS 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=344/1-10-15 (min. 0-1-8), 4=13/1-10-15 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 5=167(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-179(LC 14), 4=-84(LC 14)

Max Grav 5=465(LC 19), 4=34(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-444/514

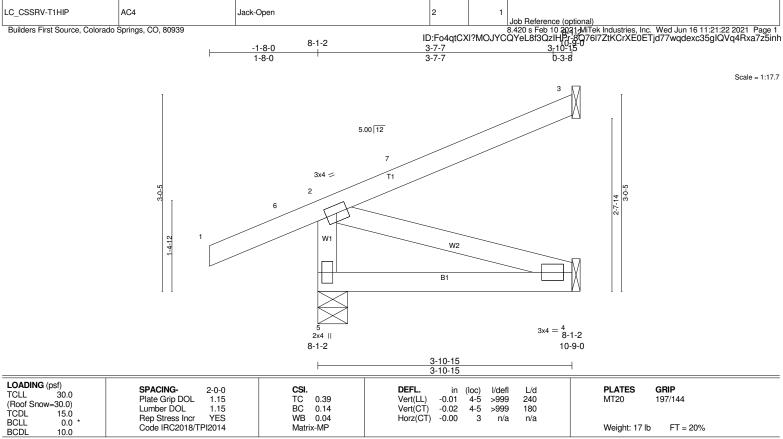
# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -1-8-0 to 1-4-0, Exterior(2N) 1-4-0 to 1-10-15 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable,
- or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

  3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 179 lb uplift at joint 5 and 84 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 13) Bevelor plate or shift m required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 4.

  14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

Job

Truss

Truss Type

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=407/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=127/Mechanical, 4=38/Mechanical

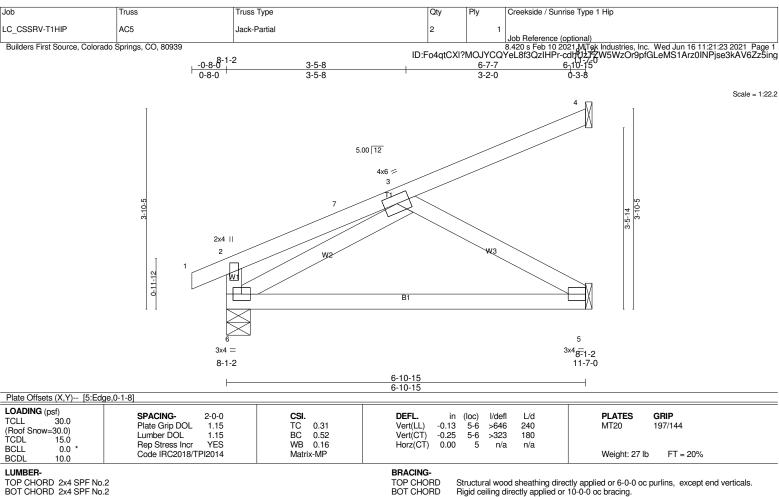
Max Horz 5=141(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-106(LC 14), 3=-41(LC 14), 4=-21(LC 14) Max Grav 5=568(LC 19), 3=182(LC 19), 4=75(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-530/273  $\,$ 

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-8-0 to 1-4-0, Interior(1) 1-4-0 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 106 lb uplift at joint 5, 41 lb uplift at joint 3 and 21 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=124/Mechanical, 6=448/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=239/Mechanical

Max Horz 6=152(LC 14) Max Uplift4=-51(LC 14), 6=-76(LC 14), 5=-53(LC 14) Max Grav 4=177(LC 19), 6=580(LC 19), 5=316(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

BOT CHORD 5-6=-315/423 WFRS

3-6=-504/81, 3-5=-491/366

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-8-0 to 2-4-0, Interior(1) 2-4-0 to 6-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 51 lb uplift at joint 4, 76 lb uplift at joint 6 and 53 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	AC6	Jack-Open	1	1	Job Reference (optional)

8-1-2

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

1-7-7

Scale = 1:18.0

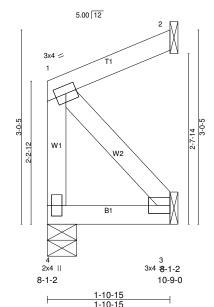


Plate O	ffsets (	(X,Y)	[3:Edg	je,0-1-8]	

T IGIO OTTO	Old (X, I) [O.L.a.	90,0 1 0]			
LOADING TCLL (Roof SnorTCDL BCLL	" 30.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.08 BC 0.03 WB 0.03	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.00         4 >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.00         3-4 >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.00         2 n/a         n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144
BCDI	10.0	Code IRC2018/TPI2014	Matrix-MP		Weight: 9 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=97/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=79/Mechanical, 3=18/Mechanical

Max Horz 4=91(LC 14) Max Uplift4=-5(LC 10), 2=-32(LC 14), 3=-59(LC 14) Max Grav 4=117(LC 18), 2=99(LC 18), 3=65(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions
- shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 pst obtom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 5 lb uplift at joint 4, 32 lb uplift at joint 2 and 59 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job	Truss	Truss Type			Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	AC7	Jack-Open		1	1	Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:25 2021 Page 1 eL8f3QzIHPr-Y?pFO9bmd7E55Tz2OmgqYSF9Ip4osfCxW2fbASz5ine
Builders First Source, Colorad	o Springs, CO, 80939				0_1_2.	8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:25 2021 Page 1
			8-1-2 ID:F	o4qtCXI?N		eL8t3QzIHPr-Y?pFO9bmd7E55Tz2OmgqYSF9lp4ostCxW2tbASz5ine
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			4		3	
			2x4		3x48 <u>=</u> 1-2 11-7-0	
			2x4    8-1-2		11-7-0	

BCDL LUMBER-

TCDL

(Roof Snow

LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

30.0)

15.0 0.0

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=204/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 2=167/Mechanical, 3=38/Mechanical

1.15

1.15

Max Horz 4=123(LC 14) Max Uplift2=-68(LC 14), 3=-31(LC 14)

Max Grav 4=267(LC 18), 2=229(LC 18), 3=75(LC 5)

SPACING-

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

### BRACING-

DEFL

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

I/defI

>999

n/a

240

180

(loc)

3-4 >999

3-4

-0.01 -0.02

3-10-15 3-10-15

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

**PLATES** 

Weight: 16 lb

MT20

GRIP

197/144

FT = 20%

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1.0 Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12 n, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15) Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

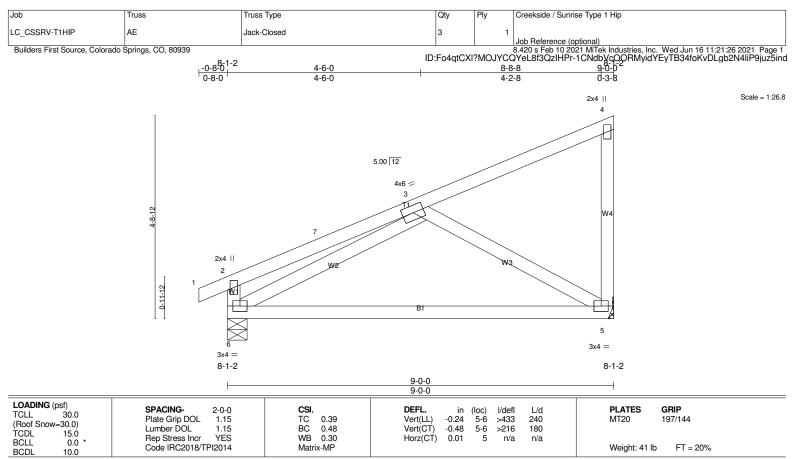
TC BC 0.44

WB

Matrix-MP

0.14

- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 68 lb uplift at joint 2 and 31 lb uplift at joint 3.
  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E BOT CHORD 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=555/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=476/Mechanical

Max Hors 6=217(LC 13) Max Uplift6=-124(LC 14), 5=-98(LC 11) Max Grav 6=652(LC 19), 5=635(LC 19)

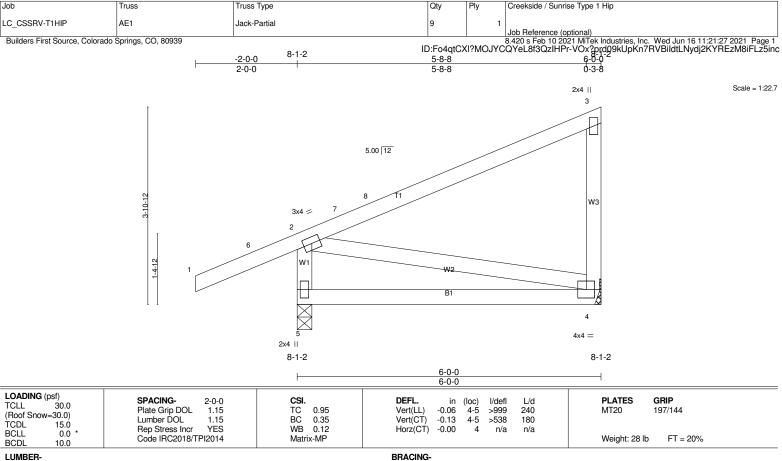
FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. BOT CHORD 5-6=-429/569

3-6=-661/177, 3-5=-654/417

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E)-0-8-0 to 2-4-0, Interior(1) 2-4-0 to 8-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; cf or members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 124 lb uplift at joint 6 and 98 lb uplift at joint 5.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-3-15 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=543/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=278/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=187(LC 11) Max Uplift5=-174(LC 14), 4=-80(LC 11) Max Grav 5=691(LC 19), 4=387(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-633/394, 3-4=-330/262

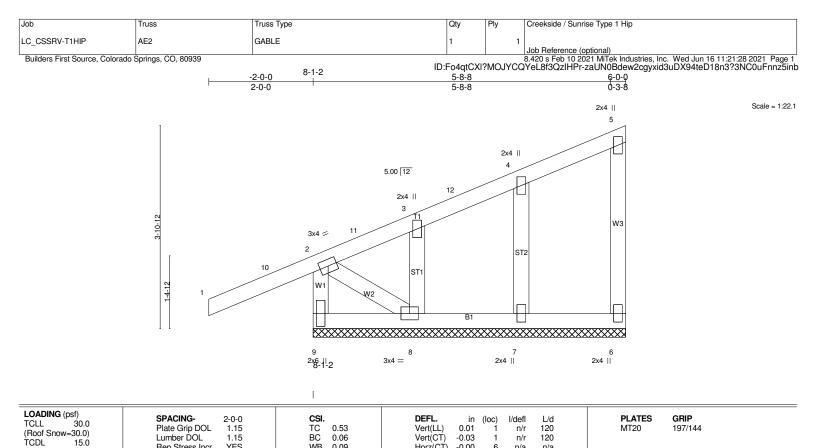
**BOT CHORD** 4-5=-388/266 WFRS 2-4=-204/336

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 174 lb uplift at joint 5 and 80 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Horz(CT)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

-0.00

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-3-8 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

Weight: 28 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

FT = 20%

n/a

BCDL LUMBER-

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2

0.0

REACTIONS. All bearings 6-0-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 9=187(LC 11) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 6, 7, 8 except 9=-139(LC 14)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 6, 8 except 9=483(LC 19), 7=355(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-9=-468/432, 2-11=-264/128, 3-11=-261/148

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

BOT CHORD 8-9=-515/307 WFRS

4-7=-312/330, 2-8=-260/538

### NOTES-

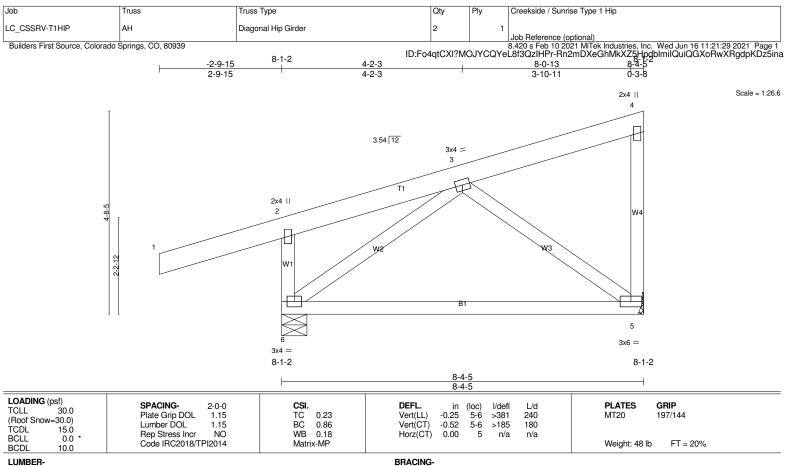
1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Exterior(2N) 1-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

WB 0.09

Matrix-P

- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 7, 8 except (jt=lb) 9=139.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=640/0-7-0 (min. 0-1-8), 5=583/Mechanical

Max Horz 6=222(LC 7)
Max Uplift6=-212(LC 10), 5=-134(LC 7) Max Grav 6=772(LC 15), 5=715(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-468/253, 4-5=-354/103

**BOT CHORD** 5-6=-152/325 WFRS 3-6=-409/4, 3-5=-409/136

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS
- (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 6=212, 5=134.

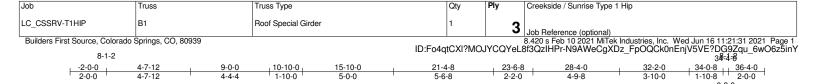
  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf

Vert: 2=-3(F=43, B=43)-to-4=-191(F=-50, B=-50), 6=0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-42(F=-11, B=-11)

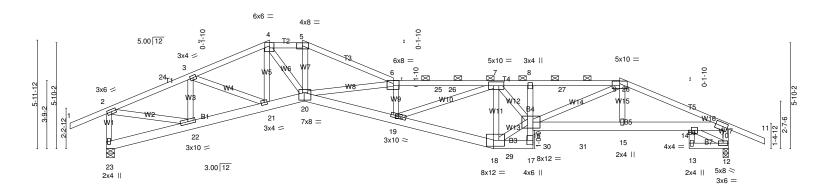


0-3-8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-11-7 max.): 4-5, 6-9.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 22-23,13-14,12-13.

Scale: 3/16"=1"



8-1-2					8-1-2
<b>⊢</b>	4-7-12 9-0-0 4-7-12 4-4-4	10-11-0 1-11-0 1-11-0 15-10-0 4-11-0	21-4-8 23- 5-6-8 2-2		32-2-0 34-4-0 3-10-0 2-2-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [6:0-3	8-14,Edge], [9:0-5-0,0-1-11], [10:0-2-12,0-2				0100 220
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.78 BC 0.65 WB 0.94 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.48 18-19 >8 Vert(CT) -0.79 18-19 >8	defl L/d 351 240 516 180 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 520 lb         FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

LUMBER.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\* B4,B6,B7: 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD

2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 23=3070/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 12=4655/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-8)

Max Horz 23=-209(LC 8)

Max Uplift23=-664(LC 10), 12=-994(LC 10) Max Grav 23=3457(LC 34), 12=4791(LC 34)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-24=-5045/878, 3-24=-4832/892, 3-4=-6951/1267, 4-5=-8636/1607, 5-6=-9539/1723, 6-25=-15248/2851, 25-26=-15249/2851, 7-26=-15253/2851, 7-8=-14986/2813, 8-27=-15246/2861, 27-28=-15243/2861,

9-28=-15240/2861, 9-10=-11141/2074, 2-23=-3367/659, 10-12=-4819/1002

21-22=-680/4696, 20-21=-980/6581, 19-20=-2807/15965, 18-19=-2056/11706, 18-29=-243/1365, 17-29=-243/1365, 16-17=-150/824, 8-16=-327/118, 16-30=-1759/10191, 30-31=-1759/10191, 15-31=-17 **BOT CHORD** 

14-15=-1771/10272, 10-14=-1779/10178

3-22=1978/370, 3-21=-307/2224, 4-21=-1253/209, 4-20=-722/4309, 5-20=-546/3314, 6-20=-6960/1367, 6-19=-2933/556, 7-19=-714/4459, 7-18=-6657/1194, 16-18=-2018/11511, 7-16=-941/5343, 9-16=-1028/5635.

9-15=-220/1409, 2-22=-724/4587

### NOTES-

WFRS

1) 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc, 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

  3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS
- (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
8) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 t and any other members.
- 11) Bearing at joint(s) 23 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 23=664, 12=994.

  13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

13 Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1808 lb down and 358 lb up at 22-2-8, 367 lb down and 98 lb up at 24-3-4, and 367 lb down and 98 lb up at 26-3-4, and 1054 lb down and 242 lb up at 28-3-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	B1	Roof Special Girder	1	3	Job Reference (optional)

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

B.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:32 2021 Page 2
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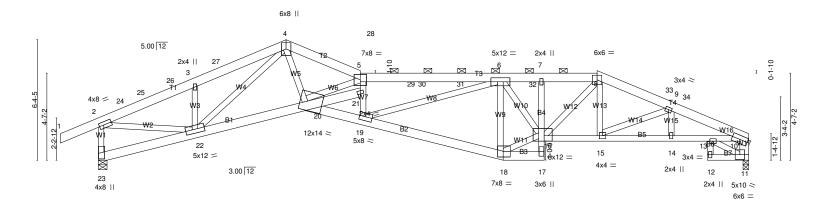
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
 Uniform Loads (plf)
 Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-4=-90, 4-5=-90, 5-6=-90, 6-9=-90, 9-10=-90, 10-11=-90, 20-23=-20, 18-20=-20, 17-18=-20, 14-16=-20, 12-13=-20
 Concentrated Loads (lb)
 Vert: 15=-1054(B) 29=-1808(B) 30=-367(B) 31=-367(B)



8-1-2 348-4-6 -2-0-0 2-0-0 9-11-0 13-10-0 1-10-80-3-8 4-9-12 3-11-0 7-6-8 3-11-0 1-11-0

Scale = 1:60.8



8-1-2 8-1-2 5-1-4 5-9-12 2-11-0 7-6-8 3-11-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-15,0-2-0], [16:0-5-0,Edge], [18:0-4-8,0-3-8], [20:0-9-4,0-6-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL in (loc) I/defl **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 30.0 Plate Grip DOL TC 240 MT20 197/144 1.15 0.51 Vert(LL) -0.3921 >999 (Roof Snow TCDL 30.0) 0.98 -0.71 18-19 Lumber DOL 1.15 Vert(CT) >578 180 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.96 Horz(CT) 0.37 11 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 199 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

> BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-3-4 max.): 5-8.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except B1,B2,B3: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W5,W11: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E, W17: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 23=2067/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-10), 11=1862/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-0)

Max Horz 23=-198(LC 12)

Max Uplift23=-461(LC 14), 11=-351(LC 14) Max Grav 23=2178(LC 37), 11=1904(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-24=-3464/793, 24-25=-3381/799, 25-26=-3367/800, 3-26=-3302/808, 3-27=-3487/895, 4-27=-3367/907, 4-28=-6048/1465, 5-28=-6072/1452, 5-29=-6732/1585, 29-30=-6732/1585, 30-31=-6732/1584, 6-31=-6735/1584, TOP CHORD

6-32=-4535/1079, 7-32=-4535/1079, 7-8=-4584/1091, 8-33=-3987/961, 9-33=-3994/950, 9-34=-3976/983, 10-34=-4095/979, 2-23=-2135/596, 10-11=-2013/515 20-22=-839/3900, 20-21=-98/389, 19-20=-1564/7113, 18-19=-916/4348, 17-18=-76/325, 15-16=-808/3706,

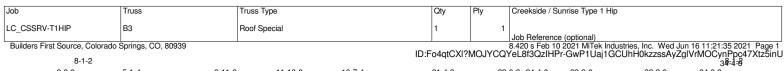
BOT CHORD 20-22=-039/3007, 20-21=-30/303, 13-21=-30/303, 13-21=-30/303, 13-32=-30/303, 13-3

9-15=-433/135, 2-22=-622/3079, 11-13=-104/311

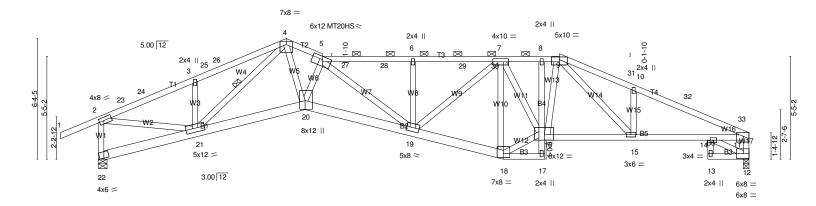
### NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 9-11-0, Exterior(2R) 9-11-0 to 13-4-3, Interior(1) 13-4-3 to 26-4-0, Exterior(2R) 26-4-0 to 29-9-3, Interior(1) 29-9-3 to 34-1-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 23 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 23=461, 11=35
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







8-1-2 8-1-2 5-1-4 5-9-12 5-8-4 4-9-4 3-11-0 2-2-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-2-15,0-2-0], [5:0-6-8,0-2-0], [9:0-5-0,0-1-11], [11:0-3-8,0-2-5], [16:0-5-12, Edge], [18:0-4-0,0-2-8], [20:0-5-8,0-3-8], [22:0-3-0,0-1-15] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. **DEFL** in (loc) I/defl I/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 30.0 Plate Grip DOL 0.91 Vert(LL) -0.37 19-20 240 197/144 1.15 >999 MT20 (Roof Snow TCDL 30.0) BC 0.76 -0.65 19-20 Lumber DOL 1.15 Vert(CT) >626 180 MT20HS 148/108 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.99 Horz(CT) 0.34 12 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 176 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

> BRACING-TOP CHORD

> **BOT CHORD**

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-11-5 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-6-5 max.): 5-9.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

4-21

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T3: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

B1,B2: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E, B5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* **WEBS** 

W5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 22=2072/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 12=1866/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-1)

Max Horz 22=-202(LC 12)
Max Uplift22=-462(LC 14), 12=-352(LC 14)
Max Grav 22=2143(LC 37), 12=1956(LC 36)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-23=-3276/778, 23-24=-3194/785, 3-24=-3122/794, 3-25=-3296/881, 25-26=-3242/884, 4-26=-3189/896.

4-5=-5342/1339, 5-27=-4573/1087, 27-28=-4575/1087, 6-28=-4579/1086, 6-29=-4574/1085, 29-30=-4574/1085, 4-5=-5342/1339, 5-2/=-4973/1087, 2/-26=-4973/1007, 0-20=-4973/1000, 0-20=-4974/1085, 7-8=-3528/898, 8-9=-3552/903, 9-31=-3901/1039, 10-31=-3975/1028, 10-32=-3919/955, 32-33=-4018/945, 11-33=-4038/935, 2-22=-2079/567, 11-12=-2031/504 20-21=-836/3841, 19-20=-1249/5664, 18-19=-712/3382, 15-16=-712/3302, 14-15=-836/3623, 11-14=-738/3417 3-21=-665/223, 4-21=-1357/162, 4-20=-893/4287, 5-20=-1831/427, 5-19=-1390/343, 6-19=-767/175, 7-19=-329/1707, 7-18=-2302/518, 16-18=-710/3434, 7-16=-173/920, 9-16=-203/1138, 10-15=-645/208,

**BOT CHORD WEBS** 

2-21=-617/2948, 12-14=-94/254, 9-15=-195/997

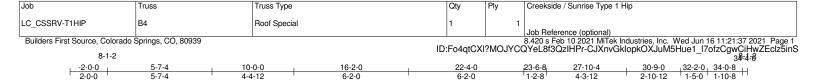
### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 9-11-0, Exterior(2E) 9-11-0 to 11-10-0, Interior(1) 11-10-0 to 24-4-0, Exterior(2R) 24-4-0 to 27-9-3 Interior(1) 27-9-3 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated
- 7) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) Takes cleaved to a piece of influes of degree foliation about its center.

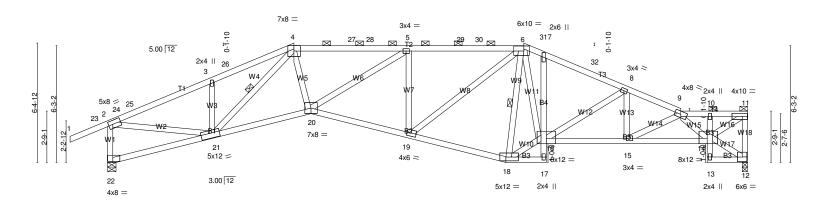
  8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 and any other members.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 22 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 22=462, 12=352.

  12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



0-3-8scale = 1:61.8



8-1-2							8-1-2
1	5-7-4	10-11-0	16-2-0	21-4-8	23-6-8	27-10-4	32-2-0 34-4-0
	5-7-4	5-3-12	5-3-0	5-2-8	2-2-0	4-3-12	4-3-12 2-2-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2	-12,0-2-8], [4:0-4-2,Edge], [6	6:0-3-0,0-3-4], [14:0-5-4,E	dge], [18:0-8-0,0-2-8], [2	[21:0-5-7,0-3-4], [22:0-4-8,Ed	ge]		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL	1.15 T 1.15 E YES V	CSI. FC 0.80 BC 1.00 WB 0.74 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in (loc)           Vert(LL)         -0.31 19-20           Vert(CT)         -0.55 19-20           Horz(CT)         0.38         12	>742 180		PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 172 lb         FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-14 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-0-14 max.): 4-6, 9-11.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing

4-21, 6-18

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except T2: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B2: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E BOT CHORD

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=1866/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-1), 22=2072/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 22=224(LC 13) Max Uplift12=-352(LC 14), 22=-462(LC 14) Max Grav 12=1960(LC 34), 22=2377(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-24=-3441/847, 24-25=-3411/847, 3-25=-3291/864, 3-26=-3402/945, 4-26=-3273/958, 4-27=-4320/1130, 27-28=-4321/1130, 5-28=-4325/1130, 5-29=-3904/968, 29-30=-3900/968, 6-30=-3899/969, 6-31=-3198/872,

7-31=-3225/869, 7-32=-3362/862, 8-32=-3428/854, 8-9=-4030/938, 9-10=-2345/546, 10-11=-2230/522, 11-12=-1878/463, 2-22=-2331/607

**BOT CHORD** 

20-21=-993/3973, 19-20=-914/4028, 18-19=-606/2586, 7-16=-175/258, 15-16=-887/3657, 14-15=-970/3888,

10-14=-334/95

3-21=653/211, 4-21=-1417/193, 4-20=-328/1826, 5-20=-192/788, 5-19=-1314/356, 6-19=-373/1766, 6-18=-1879/488, 16-18=-682/2941, 6-16=-391/1879, 8-16=-812/169, 8-15=0/276, 9-15=-333/94,

9-14=-2222/519, 11-14=-691/2803, 2-21=-668/3015

### NOTES-

WFRS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 13-5-3, Interior(1) 13-5-3 to 22-4-0, Exterior(2R) 22-4-0 to 25-9-3, Interior(1) 25-9-3 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); ls=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 22 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 12=352, 22=462.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job		Truss	Truss Type			Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip		
LC_CSSRV-	Γ1HIP	B5	Roof Special			1	1			
								Job Reference (optional)		
Builders Firs	t Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939						8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Indu	istries, Inc. Wed Jun 1	16 11:21:38 2021 Page 1
	0.1.0				ID	:Fo4qtCXI	?MOJYC	QYeL8f3QzIHPr-gV596clwZ	7sF8TTYf_PtZBIG_	_3KzPJ_zsVaJn8Cz5inR
	, -2-0-0 1-2	5-7-4	12-0-0	16-2-0	20-4	-0 21	-4-8	28-9-0	34-0-8	3 <del>4</del> -4- <del>6</del>
	2-0-0	5-7-4	6-4-12	4-2-0	4-2	.ი <u>ს</u>	-0-8	7-4-8	5-3-8	0-3-8

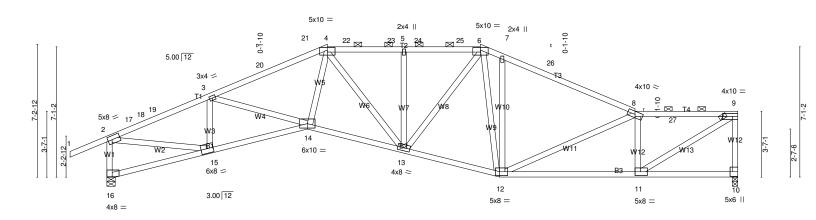
8-1-2

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-5-1 max.): 4-6, 8-9.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.



0.2					0.5
	5-7-4 10-11	-0 16-2-0	21-4-8	28-9-0	34-4-0
	5-7-4 5-3-1	2 5-3-0	5-2-8	7-4-8	5-7-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2	2-12,0-2-8], [4:0-5-0,0-1-11], [6:0-5-0,0-1	11], [10:Edge,0-3-8], [11:0-3-8,0-	-2-8], [12:0-5-4,0-2-8], [16:0-4-8,I	Edge]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.89 BC 0.90 WB 0.83 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in (loc)           Vert(LL)         -0.24 13-14           Vert(CT)         -0.42 13-14           Horz(CT)         0.23 10	>999 240 >962 180	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 169 lb         FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

LUMBER-

8-1-2

TOP CHORD 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* T2: 2x4 SPF No.2, T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 10=1866/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-1), 16=2072/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 16=265(LC 13)

Max Uplift10=-353(LC 14), 16=-461(LC 14) Max Grav 10=1947(LC 35), 16=2542(LC 36)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

2-17=-3817/879, 17-18=-3715/883, 18-19=-3682/885, 3-19=-3559/896, 3-20=-4337/1100, 20-21=-4155/1102, 4-21=-4056/1112, 4-22=-2990/862, 22-23=-2990/862, 5-23=-2992/862, 5-24=-2993/862, 24-25=-2991/862, 6-25=-2991/862, 6-7=-2913/835, 7-26=-2616/718, 8-26=-2965/704, 8-27=-2734/652, 9-27=-2736/652,

9-10=-1898/477, 2-16=-2491/607

BOT CHORD

3-103-1656/47, 2-103-24-17607 14-15-961/3513, 13-14=-948/3541, 12-13=-653/2549, 11-12=-672/2802 3-15=-1165/324, 3-14=-92/882, 4-14=-404/1716, 4-13=-723/202, 5-13=-719/185, 6-13=-275/1154, 6-12=-250/623, 7-12=-980/331, 8-12=-392/91, 8-11=-1554/451, 9-11=-711/3196, 2-15=-711/3400 **WEBS** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 12-0-0, Exterior(2R) 12-0-0 to 15-5-3, Interior(1) 15-5-3 to 20-4-0, Exterior(2R) 20-4-0 to 23-9-3, Interior(1) 23-9-3 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates cleaved to a plus of minus a degree notation about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0-0 will be 3and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 16 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 10=353, 16=461.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job		Truss	Truss Type			Qty	Ply	Creekside / S	Sunrise Type	1 Hip		
LC_CSSRV-T1	HIP	B6	Roof Special			1	1					
								Job Reference				
Builders First S	Source, Colorad	do Springs, CO, 80939			8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:40 2021 Page							
	010	-			ID:F	Fo4qtCXI?I	MOJYCQ\	eL8f3QzIHF/	Pr-cuDwXH	nA5k7zOndw	mPRLfcNbds0	ItFY8zuouC4z5inF
1	-2-0-0 1-2	5-7-4	10-11-0	14-0-0	18-4-0	21-4-	8 ,	25-11-0	26-9-0	30-4-12	34-0-8	3 <del>4</del> -4-6
Г	2-0-0	5-7-4	5-3-12	3-1-0	4-4-0	3-0-8	}	4-6-8	0-10-0	3-7-12	3-7-12	0-3-8

8-1-2

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-7-11 max.): 6-7, 10-12.

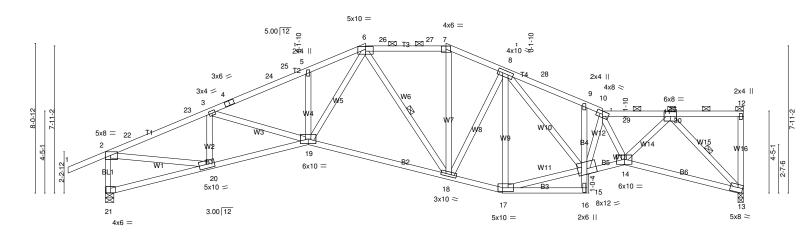
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

6-18, 11-13

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

1 Row at midpt



34-4-0 5-3-12 3-0-8 4-6-8 2-0-4 6-4-12 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-3-8,Edge], [6:0-5-0,0-1-11], [13:0-3-2,Edge], [14:0-4-12,0-3-4], [17:0-7-0,0-2-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL in (loc) I/defl I/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL TC Plate Grip DOL 0.95 -0.33 18-19 240 197/144 1.15 Vert(LL) >999 MT20 (Roof Snow= =30.0) -0.61 18-19 Lumber DOL 1.15 0.91 Vert(CT) >666 180 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.89 Horz(CT) 0.35 13 n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 183 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

8-1-2

B1: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E, B5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

**OTHERS** 

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 13=1866/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14), 21=2072/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 21=307(LC 13) Max Uplift13=-354(LC 14), 21=-460(LC 14) Max Grav 13=1924(LC 35), 21=2696(LC 36)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-22=-4081/876, 22-23=-3935/884, 3-23=-3823/893, 3-4=-4841/1133, 4-24=-4693/1141, 24-25=-4659/1148, 5-25=-4561/1149, 5-6=-4754/1225, 6-26=-2646/712, 26-27=-2646/712, 7-27=-2646/712, 7-8=-2960/742, TOP CHORD

8-28=-3971/948, 9-28=-4106/941, 9-10=-4082/909, 10-29=-3957/870, 11-29=-3959/870, 2-21=-2644/606 20-21=-294/254, 19-20=-1006/3758, 18-19=-834/3170, 17-18=-675/2801, 9-15=-275/89, 14-15=-1023/4254,

BOT CHORD 13-14=-596/2148

3-20=-1258/316, 3-19=-151/801, 5-19=-512/173, 6-19=-605/2450, 6-18=-813/269, 7-18=-124/773, 8-17=-1228/330, 15-17=-640/2561, 8-15=-368/1551, 10-15=-1530/328, 10-14=-418/133, 11-14=-562/2741,

11-13=-3052/783, 2-20=-695/3614

## NOTES-

**WEBS** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 14-0-0, Exterior(2R) 14-0-0 to 17-5-3, Interior(1) 17-5-3 to 18-4-0, Exterior(2R) 18-4-0 to 21-6-4, Interior(1) 21-6-4 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

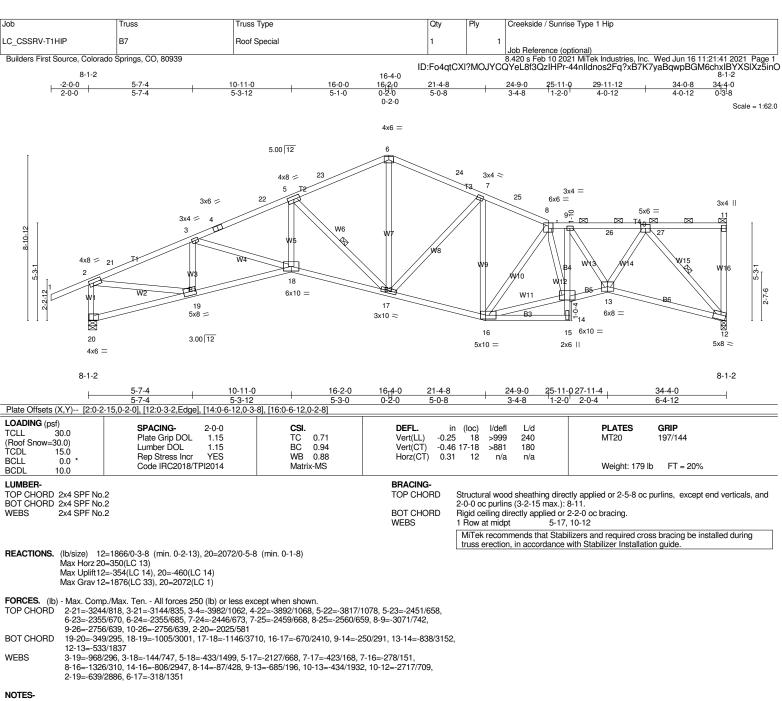
3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 13, 21 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 13=354, 21=460.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 16-2-0, Exterior(2R) 16-2-0 to 19-7-3, Interior(1) 197-3 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

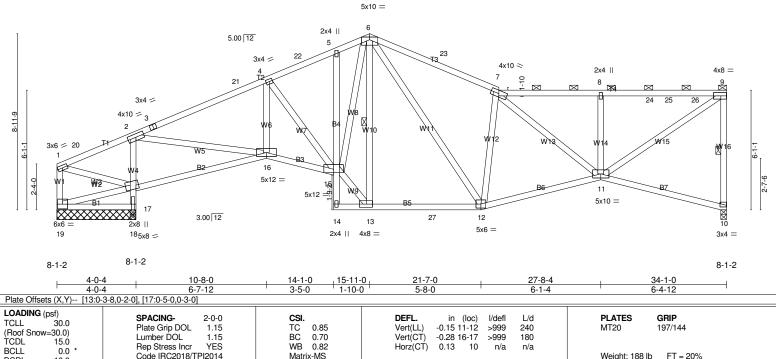
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 12, 20 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 12=354, 20=460.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP R8 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 8-1-2 4-0-4 10-8-0 15-11-0 0-3-8 4-0-4 6-7-12 3-5-0 1-10-0 6-7-0 5-2-4

Scale = 1:58.6



BCDL LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T3: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E, T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

10.0

2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-1-9 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-4-9 max.): 7-9.

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 4-4-3 oc bracing. WEBS 9-10, 6-13

1 Row at midpt

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 4-0-4 except (jt=length) 10=0-3-8.

Max Horz 19=350(LC 13) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except 10=-296(LC 14), 18=-521(LC 14), 19=-773(LC 21)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 10=1756(LC 32), 18=3055(LC 21), 18=2836(LC 1), 19=262(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

1-20=-465/1374, 2-20=-454/1384, 2-3=-1999/427, 3-21=-1897/437, 4-21=-1822/448, 4-22=-1718/490,

5-22=-1640/500, 5-6=-1607/502, 6-23=-1995/614, 7-23=-2094/602, 7-8=-2024/482, 8-24=-2020/481,

BOT CHORD

24-25=-2020/481, 25-26=-2020/481, 9-26=-2020/481, 9-10=-1698/403, 1-19=-290/790 16-17=-1254/307, 15-16=-590/1930, 13-27=-366/1283, 12-27=-366/1283, 11-12=-537/2080 17-18=-2993/883, 2-17=-2210/643, 2-16=-723/2972, 4-15=-516/169, 13-15=-500/1796, 6-15=-414/1263,

6-13=-1066/405, 6-12=-281/1174, 7-12=-1315/371, 7-11=-278/276, 8-11=-933/220, 9-11=-538/2381,

1-17=-1290/501, 17-19=-353/291

### NOTES-

**WEBS** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-6-10, Interior(1) 3-6-10 to 15-11-0, Exterior(2R) 15-11-0 to 19-3-14, Interior(1) 19-3-14 to 33-11-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

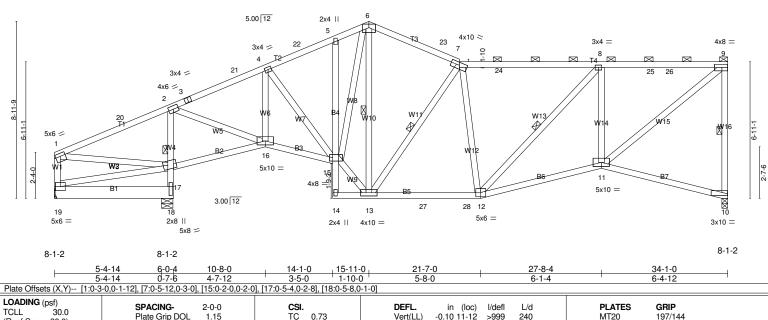
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 296 lb uplift at joint 10, 521 lb uplift at joint 18 and 773 lb uplift at joint 19.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANS//TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip Qty LC CSSRV-T1HIP B9 Roof Special Job Reference (optional)

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:45 2021 Page 1
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-zs0pa?qJwGlGUYVuZz1WMg4VmtoCYVMd6gVfuIz5inK Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 8-1-2 6-0-4 33-9-8 34-1-0 0-3-8 10-8-0 14-1-0 15-11-0 27-8-4 6-0-4 4-7-12 3-5-0 1-10-0 4-7-0

5x8 =

Scale = 1:58.3



Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

-0.10 11-12

-0.20 11-12

0.08 10 240

180

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-6-7 oc bracing.

>999

>999

1 Row at midpt

n/a

MT20

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-11 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-3-15 max.): 7-9.

9-10, 2-18, 6-13, 7-13, 8-12

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Weight: 205 lb

197/144

FT = 20%

BCDL LUMBER-

(Roof Snow

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except T4: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E **BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

30.0)

15.0

10.0

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 10=1446/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-13), 19=-162/Mechanical, 18=2433/0-7-0 (min. 0-3-0)

1.15

1.15

YES

Max Horz 19=370(LC 13)
Max Uplift10=-483(LC 14), 19=-274(LC 40), 18=-756(LC 14)
Max Grav 10=1873(LC 40), 19=180(LC 11), 18=2841(LC 21)

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

1-20=-472/1015, 2-20=-460/1108, 2-3=-1376/488, 3-21=-1351/490, 4-21=-1276/503, 4-22=-1532/643, 5-22=-1475/649, 5-6=-1475/693, 6-23=-1286/625, 7-23=-1358/613, 7-24=-1756/708, 8-24=-1761/708,

8-25=-1899/659, 25-26=-1899/659, 9-26=-1899/659, 9-10=-1771/578, 1-19=-128/339

**BOT CHORD** 16-17=-1060/392, 15-16=-541/1281, 5-15=-319/159, 13-27=-585/1664, 27-28=-585/1664, 12-28=-585/1664, 11-12=-601/1916

17-18 = -2743/1064, 2-17 = -2275/887, 2-16 = -738/2240, 4-16 = -617/299, 4-15 = -74/374, 13-15 = -557/1562, 6-15 = -446/944, 6-13 = -307/323, 7-13 = -1192/421, 7-12 = -267/179, 8-12 = -369/173, 8-11 = -828/397,

9-11=-709/2333, 1-17=-1066/566, 17-19=-409/338

# NOTES-

**WEBS** 

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-6-10, Interior(1) 3-6-10 to 15-11-0, Exterior(2R) 15-11-0 to 19-3-14, Interior(1) 19-3-14 to 33-11-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

0.73

BC 0.61

WB 0.79

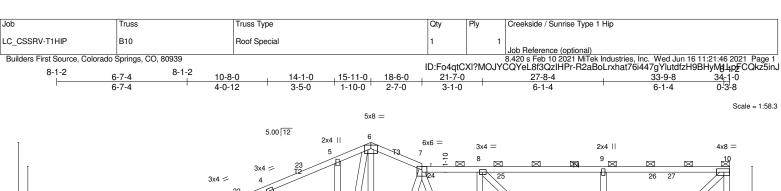
Matrix-MS

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 10 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 483 lb uplift at joint 10, 274 lb uplift at joint 19 and 756 lb uplift at joint 18.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



5x6 = 20 5x6 =	21 II  W3  W2  B1	3x4 = 3 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 2	3x4 = 23 4 4 W6 W7 17 5x8 = 4x8 =	16	W/1 W/2 W/2 28 29	25	W14	9 \ 26 27	3x10 =
8-1-2	8	3-1-2							8-1-2
-	6-1-12 6 6-1-12 0	6 <sub>7</sub> 7 <sub>7</sub> 4 10-8-0 0-5-8 4-0-12	14-1-0 3-5-0	15-11-0 1-10-0	21-7-0 5-8-0		27-8-4 6-1-4	34-1-0 6-4-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [1:0-									

Plate Offsets (X,Y) [1:0-3-0,0-1-8], [13:0-5-4,0-2-8], [16:0-2-0,0-2-0], [18:0-5-4,0-2-8], [19:0-5-8,0-1-0]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.83 BC 0.56 WB 0.87 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.10 12-13         >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.19 12-13         >999         180           Horz(CT)         0.07         11         n/a         n/a	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144  Weight: 215 lb FT = 20%			

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-9-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-4-3 max.): 7-10.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 10-11, 2-19, 6-14, 7-14, 8-12

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E **BOT CHORD** 

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=1425/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-14), 20=-28/Mechanical, 19=2320/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-15)

Max Horz 20=389(LC 13)
Max Uplift11=-478(LC 14), 20=-153(LC 40), 19=-715(LC 14)
Max Grav 11=1921(LC 40), 20=155(LC 11), 19=2726(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-21=-424/844, 2-21=-412/939, 2-3=-1221/438, 3-22=-1141/446, 4-22=-1137/451, 4-23=-1457/592, 5-23=-1404/598, 5-6=-1419/658, 6-7=-1274/608, 7-24=-1720/675, 8-24=-1726/674, 8-25=-1674/585, TOP CHORD

9-25=-1674/585, 9-26=-1674/585, 26-27=-1674/585, 10-27=-1674/585, 10-11=-1816/578

**BOT CHORD**  $17 - 18 = -909/318, \ 16 - 17 = -525/1127, \ 5 - 16 = -355/193, \ 14 - 28 = -512/1428, \ 28 - 29 = -512/1428, \ 13 - 29 = -512/1428, \ 28 - 29 = -512/1428, \$ 

12-13=-543/1678

18-19=-2619/1029, 2-18=-2244/879, 2-17=-651/1989, 4-17=-690/285, 4-16=-101/506, 14-16=-566/1529, 6-16=-457/863, 6-14=-245/444, 7-14=-1176/408, 7-13=-86/545, 8-13=-760/233, 9-12=-965/342, 10-12=-640/2171, 1-18=-926/537, 18-20=-472/391

### NOTES-

**WEBS** 

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-6-10, Interior(1) 3-6-10 to 15-11-0, Exterior(2E) 15-11-0 to 18-6-0, Interior(1) 18-6-0 to 33-11-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 pst bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

9) Bearing at joint(s) in toolsiders parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

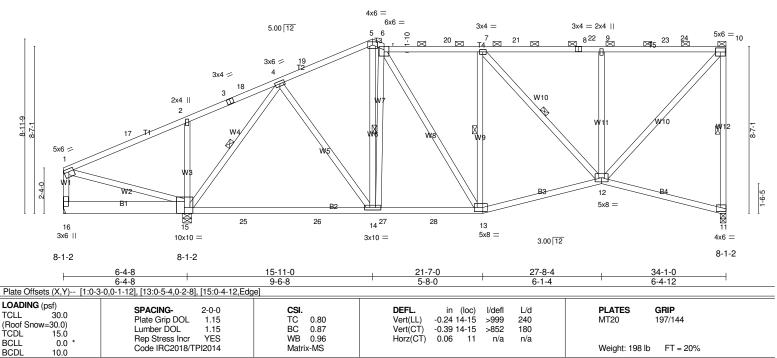
10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 478 lb uplift at joint 11, 153 lb uplift at joint 20 and 715 lb uplift at joint 19.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 H	lip	
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	B11	Roof Special	-	1 1			
					Job Reference (optional)		
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:48 2021 Pag							21:48 2021 Page 1
0.1.0	0.1.0		ID:	Fo4qtCXI?MOJYC0	QYeL8f3QzIHPr-NRixD0tE	BDB7rL?ETE5aDzli?v5mkl	qReKop7kJUdz5inH
8-1-2	6-4-8 8-1-2 1	-1-12   15-11-0	16-6 <sub>t</sub> 0 21	1-7-0	27-8-4	33-9-8	34-1-0
	6-4-8	l-9-4 4-9-4	0-7-0 5	-1-0	6-1-4	6-1-4	0-3-8

Scale = 1:59.2



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* W12: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-3 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-1-0 max.): 6-10.

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-10-3 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 10-11, 4-15, 7-13, 7-12, 6-14

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=1451/0-3-8 (min. 0-3-0), 16=1/Mechanical, 15=2265/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-0)

Max Horz 16=409(LC 13) Max Uplift11=-482(LC 11), 16=-190(LC 44), 15=-766(LC 14) Max Grav 11=2007(LC 40), 16=96(LC 11), 15=2751(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-17=-280/535, 2-17=-268/593, 2-3=-116/442, 3-18=-107/482, 4-18=-101/514, 4-19=-1405/545.

5-19=-1363/557, 5-6=-1373/572, 6-20=-1645/635, 7-20=-1649/634, 7-21=-1532/542, 21-22=-1532/542, 8-22=-1532/542, 8-9=-1532/542, 9-23=-1532/542, 23-24=-1532/542, 10-24=-1532/542, 10-11=-1902/620 15-16=-519/411, 15-25=-478/818, 25-26=-478/818, 14-26=-478/818, 14-27=-527/1328, 27-28=-527/1328,

**BOT CHORD** 13-28=-527/1328, 12-13=-564/1645

2-15=-624/360, 4-15=-2004/602, 4-14=-58/844, 5-14=-267/908, 6-13=-130/589, 7-13=-769/227, 9-12=-945/336, 10-12=-657/2148, 1-15=-635/431, 6-14=-1249/389

### NOTES-

WEBS

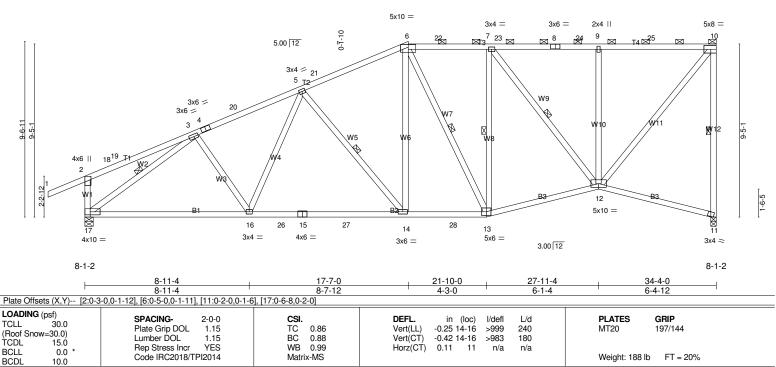
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-6-10, Interior(1) 3-6-10 to 15-11-0, Exterior(2E) 15-11-0 to 16-6-0, Interior(1) 16-6-0 to 33-11-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 11 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 482 lb uplift at joint 11, 190 lb uplift at joint 16 and 766 lb uplift at joint 15.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP B12 Half Hip Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 -2-0-0-1-2 6-0-11 11-9-13 0-3-8 2-0-0 6-0-11 5-9-3 5-9-3 4-3-0 6-1-4 6-1-4

Scale = 1:62.6



BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-14 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-10-3 max.): 6-10.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-7-6 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 10-11, 5-14, 6-13, 7-13, 7-12, 3-17

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B1: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E **BOT CHORD** 

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* **WEBS** W12: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 17=2072/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 11=1866/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 17=459(LC 13) Max Uplift17=-454(LC 14), 11=-360(LC 14) Max Grav 17=2468(LC 34), 11=2283(LC 33)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-18=-280/126, 3-4=-2964/566, 4-20=-2865/572, 5-20=-2741/585, 5-21=-2243/553, 6-21=-2108/570,

6-22=-1863/544, 7-22=-1867/543, 7-23=-1540/427, 8-23=-1540/427, 8-24=-1540/427, 9-24=-1540/427,

9-25=-1540/427, 10-25=-1540/427, 10-11=-2210/540, 2-17=-565/294 16-17=-861/2661, 16-26=-795/2618, 15-26=-795/2618, 15-27=-795/2618, 14-27=-795/2618, 14-28=-633/2016,

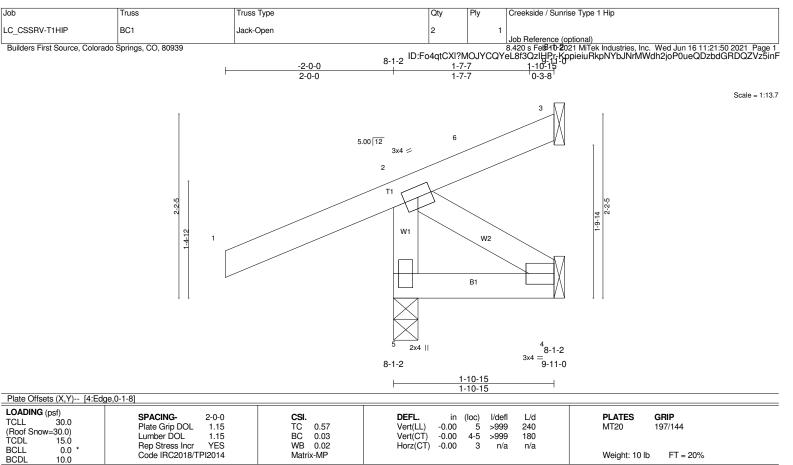
13-28=-633/2016, 12-13=-590/2022

3-16=0/397, 5-16=-54/285, 5-14=-942/253, 6-14=-135/1009, 6-13=-660/158, 7-13=-416/323, 7-12=-701/188, 9-12=-936/245, 10-12=-587/2455, 3-17=-2979/508 WEBS

### NOTES-

BOT CHORD

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-5-3, Interior(1) 1-5-3 to 17-7-0, Exterior(2R) 17-7-0 to 22-5-4, Interior(1) 22-5-4 to 34-2-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 17, 11 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 454 lb uplift at joint 17 and 360 lb uplift at joint 11. 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=408/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=-39/Mechanical, 4=18/Mechanical Max Horz 5=69(LC 13)
Max Uplift5=-158(LC 14), 3=-92(LC 18), 4=-33(LC 14)

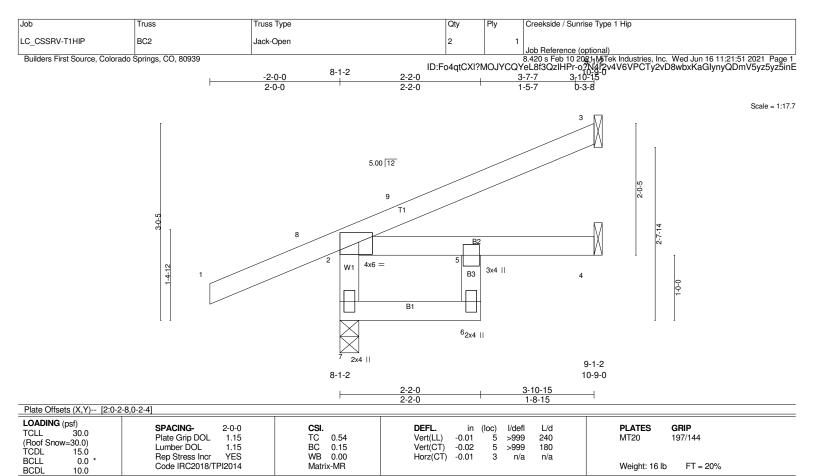
Max Grav 5=558(LC 19), 3=48(LC 14), 4=35(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-541/324  $\,$ 

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 cone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 158 lb uplift at joint 5, 92 lb uplift at joint 3 and 33 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (Ib/size) 7=481/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=125/Mechanical, 4=32/Mechanical Max Horz 7=149(LC 14) Max Uplift7=-118(LC 14), 3=-49(LC 14), 4=-3(LC 11)

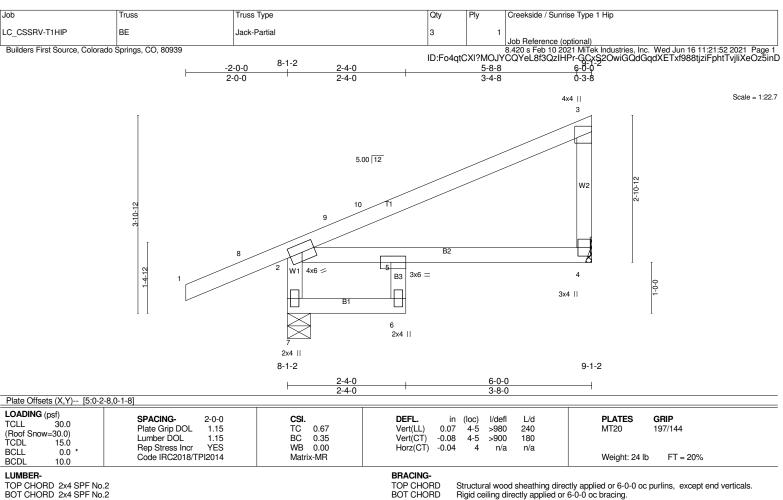
Max Grav 7=661(LC 19), 3=178(LC 19), 4=82(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-7=-633/331

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E)-2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; cf or members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 118 lb uplift at joint 7, 49 lb uplift at joint 3 and 3 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 7=543/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=278/Mechanical Max Horz 7=166(LC 11) Max Uplift7=-171(LC 14), 4=-78(LC 11)

Max Grav 7=691(LC 19), 4=387(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-7=-670/388, 2-9=-250/22, 3-4=-293/232

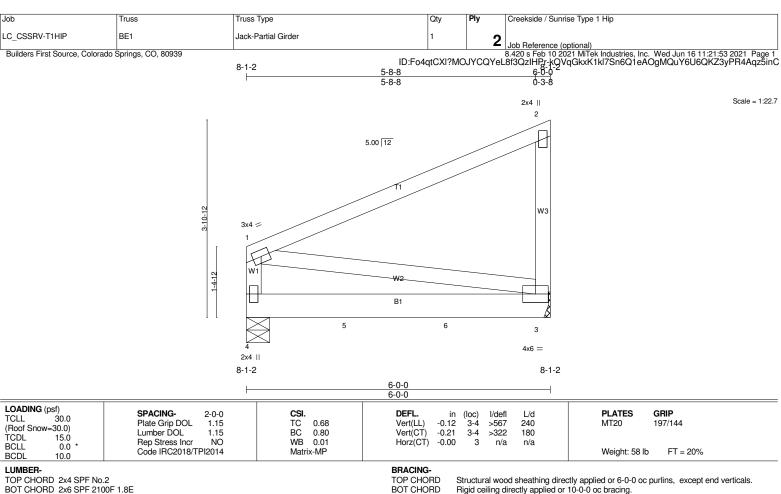
BOT CHORD 6-7=-283/191

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 171 lb uplift at joint 7 and 78 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=1664/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=1716/Mechanical

Max Horz 4=164(LC 9)

Max Uplift4=-299(LC 10), 3=-338(LC 7) Max Grav 4=1776(LC 14), 3=1828(LC 14)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-4=-368/78, 2-3=-368/84

### NOTES-

2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- Webs conflected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-1 oc.

  2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

  3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- and any other members.

  9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 299 lb uplift at joint 4 and 338 lb uplift at joint 3.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

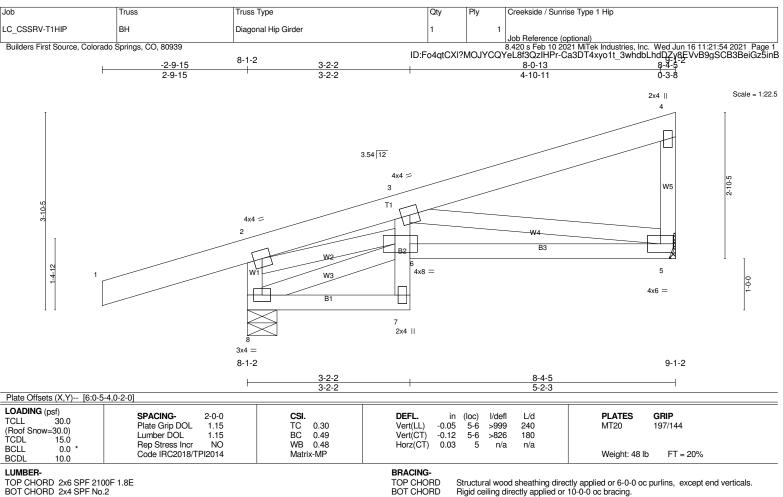
  12) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1387 lb down and 263 lb up at 2-0-12, and 1366 lb down and
- 263 lb up at 4-0-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90, 3-4=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=-1387(F) 6=-1366(F)



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WFRS 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=583/Mechanical, 8=640/0-7-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 8=163(LC 7) Max Uplift5=-116(LC 10), 8=-218(LC 10)

Max Grav 5=715(LC 15), 8=772(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-8=-747/251, 2-3=-1023/102, 4-5=-457/130

BOT CHORD 5-6=-220/987

2-6=-59/930, 3-5=-1002/198 WEBS

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 116 lb uplift at joint 5 and 218 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

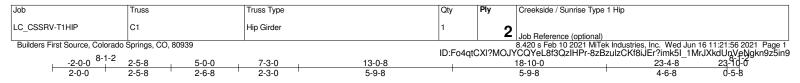
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

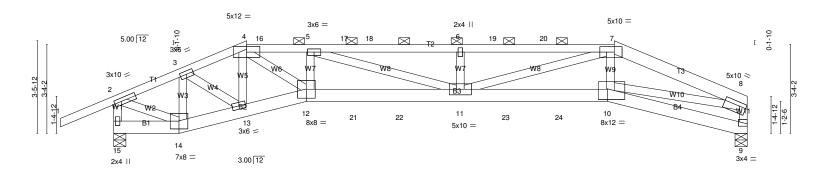
Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90

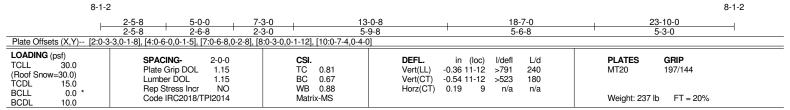
Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 2=-3(F=43, B=43)-to-4=-191(F=-50, B=-50), 8=0(F=10, B=10)-to-7=-15(F=2, B=2), 6=-15(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-42(F=-11, B=-11)



Scale = 1:43.3





BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-6-3 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins (4-1-14 max.): 4-

6-0-0 oc bracing: 14-15.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T2: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E, T3: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 15=2670/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-12), 9=2814/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-13)

Max Horz 15=112(LC 9)
Max Uplift15=-643(LC 10), 9=-626(LC 10) Max Grav 15=2750(LC 15), 9=2938(LC 28)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-3=-3039/615, 3-4=-5123/1024, 4-16=-9488/1879, 5-16=-9494/1878, 5-17=-11779/2398, 17-18=-11779/2398, 6-18=-11779/2398, 6-19=-11779/2398, 19-20=-11779/2398, 7-20=-11779/2398, 7-8=-8264/1700, 2-15=-2672/647, 8-9=-2948/659 13-14=-550/2994, 12-13=-917/5066, 12-21=-1794/9611, 21-22=-1794/9611, 11-22=-1794/9611, 11-23=-1528/7800, 23-24=-1528/7800, TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

10-24=-1528/7800, 9-10=-99/509

WFBS 3-14=-1979/395, 3-13=-401/2236, 4-13=-1830/366, 4-12=-1142/5938, 5-12=-1525/334, 5-11=-533/2272, 6-11=-818/196, 7-11=-795/4162, 7-10=-262/1446, 2-14=-566/2953, 8-10=-1405/7132

### NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 8) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Bearing at joint(s) 9 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 643 lb uplift at joint 15 and 626 lb uplift at joint 9.

13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 916 lb down and 203 lb up at 9-0-8, 268 lb down and 91 lb up at 10-9-4, 268 lb down and 91 lb up at 12-9-4, 268 lb down and 91 lb up at 14-9-4, and 268 lb down and 91 lb up at 16-9-4, and 713 lb down and 189 lb up at 18-7-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-4=-90, 4-7=-90, 7-8=-90, 14-15=-20, 12-14=-20, 10-12=-20, 9-10=-20

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	C1	Hip Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)

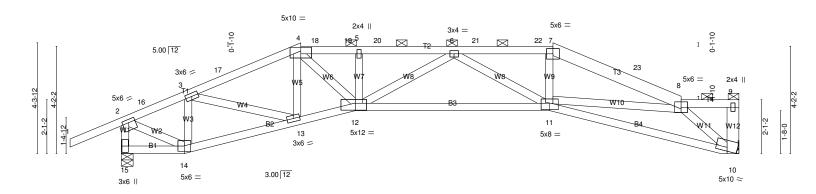
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:21:56 2021 Page 2
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-8zBzulzCKf8iJEr?imk5I\_1MrJXkdUnVeNgkn9z5in9

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 11=-268(B) 10=-713(B) 21=-916(B) 22=-268(B) 23=-268(B) 24=-268(B)

	Job		Truss		Truss Type			Q	ty	Ply	Creeksio	de / Sunrise Type 1 Hip			
	LC CSSRV-T1	HIP	C2		Roof Special			1		1					
												erence (optional)			
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939			30939								eb 10 2021 MiTek Industri				
		0.1	2					ID:Fo4	-qtCXI?N	//OJYCQY	'eL8f3Q	zIHPr-5MIjJR?TsGOQ	YY?OqBm	ıZNP7l67BB5U\	496h9rr2z5in7
	1	-2-0-0 8-1-2	2-5-8	7-0-0	1	9-1-8	12-11-12	1		16-10-0	1	21-10-0	1	23-4-8 24-9-0	2
	F	2-0-0	2-5-8	4-6-8		2-1-8	3-10-4	1		3-10-4	ı	5-0-0		1-6-8 0-8-8	

Scale = 1:44.9



8-1	1-2				8-1-2
ı	2-5-8 7-0-0	9-1-8	16-8-8	1	24-1-0
	2-5-8 4-6-8	2-1-8	7-7-0	ı	7-4-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-3	3-0,0-1-8], [4:0-5-0,0-1-11], [10:0-5-2,0	-1-12], [11:0-4-0,0-0-8], [12:0-5-4	,0-3-4]		
COADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.63 BC 0.80 WB 0.45 Matrix-MS	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl Vert(LL) -0.22 11-12 >999 Vert(CT) -0.46 11-12 >623 Horz(CT) 0.22 10 n/a	240 M <sup>-</sup> 180 n/a	ATES GRIP T20 197/144 eight: 105 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-5 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-7-15 max.): 4-7, 8-9.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T3: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

B3: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* **WEBS** 

W12: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 15=1506/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-11), 10=1295/Mechanical

Max Horz 15=155(LC 13) Max Uplift15=-357(LC 14), 10=-243(LC 14) Max Grav 15=1718(LC 35), 10=1407(LC 34)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-16=-1490/407, 3-16=-1414/414, 3-17=-2690/733, 4-17=-2650/743, 4-18=-3742/996, 18-19=-3744/996,

5-19=-3748/995, 5-20=-3775/1001, 6-20=-3775/1001, 6-21=-3292/896, 21-22=-3292/896, 7-22=-3292/896,

BOT CHORD

7-23=-3506/917, 8-23=-3537/907, 2-15=-1696/527 13-14=-490/1455, 12-13=-708/2567, 11-12=-1040/4014, 10-11=-551/1858 3-14=-987/321, 3-13=-215/1173, 4-13=-511/129, 4-12=-383/1842, 5-12=-492/139, 6-12=-296/100, 6-11=-841/222, 7-11=-169/976, 8-11=-312/1494, 8-10=-2392/704, 2-14=-380/1572 WEBS

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 7-0-0, Exterior(2R) 7-0-0 to 10-0-0, Interior(1) 10-0-0 to 16-10-0, Exterior(2R) 16-10-0 to 19-10-0, Interior(1) 19-10-0 to 23-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 357 lb uplift at joint 15 and 243 lb uplift at joint 10.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

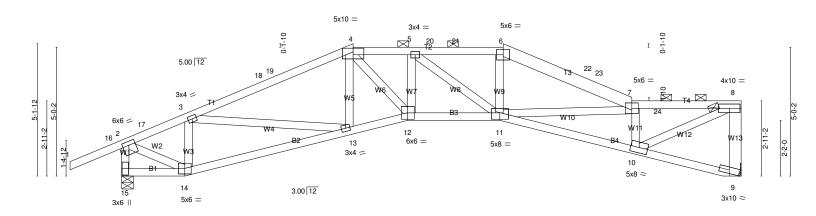
Job		Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip	)	
LC_CSSRV-T	1HIP	C3	Roof Special		1	1			
							Job Reference (optional)		
Builders Firs	Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939					8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Indu	ustries, Inc. Wed Jun	16 11:21:59 2021 Page 1
. •					ID:Fo4qtCXI?M0	<b>OJYCQY</b>	eL8f3QzIHPr-ZYs5Wn?5daV	VHAiŹaNvHowdfqN	JWXuqtixKLuONUz5in6
	-2-0-0 8-1-2	2-5-8	9-0-0	11-1-8	14-10-0	1	19-10-0	23-4-8	24-9-δ <sup>-2</sup>
	2-0-0	2-5-8	6-6-8	2-1-8	3-8-8		5-0-0	3-6-8	0-8-8

Scale = 1:44.8

8-1-2

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during



0 .						0.2
	2-5-8	9-0-0	11-1-8	14-8-8	19-10-0	24-1-0
	2-5-8	6-6-8	2-1-8	3-7-0	5-1-8	4-3-0
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-3	3-0,0-1-12], [4:0-5-0,0-1-11], [	9:0-5-0,0-0-4], [11:0-4-0,0-	0-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL	2-0-0 CS 1.15 TC 1.15 BC YES WE 2014 Ma	0.98 0.77	DEFL.         in (loc)           Vert(LL)         -0.17 11-12           Vert(CT)         -0.30 11-12           Horz(CT)         0.19 9		PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144  Weight: 109 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

(2-10-10 max.): 4-6, 7-8.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T1: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E, T3: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W13: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

8-1-2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 15=1506/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-15), 9=1295/Mechanical

Max Horz 15=196(LC 13)

Max Uplift15=-356(LC 14), 9=-243(LC 14) Max Grav 15=1875(LC 36), 9=1386(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-17=-1719/421, 3-17=-1602/427, 3-18=-2851/781, 18-19=-2688/783, 4-19=-2681/793, 4-5=-3133/991, 5-20=-3092/935, 20-21=-3092/935, 6-21=-3092/935, 6-22=-3309/960, 22-23=-3331/950, 7-23=-3387/948, TOP CHORD

7-24=-2538/663, 8-24=-2538/663, 8-9=-1353/388, 2-15=-1861/525

14-15=257/118, 13-14=-583/1720, 12-13=-795/2567, 11-12=-967/3138, 10-11=-790/2774 3-14=-1198/375, 3-13=-203/1089, 4-12=-311/1256, 5-12=-385/98, 5-11=-368/99, 6-11=-184/821, BOT CHORD WEBS

7-11=-140/592, 7-10=-1729/543, 8-10=-735/2741, 2-14=-431/1956

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 9-0-0, Exterior(2R) 9-0-0 to 12-0-0, Interior(1) 12-0-0 to 14-10-0, Exterior(2R) 14-10-0 to 17-10-0, Interior(1) 17-10-0 to 23-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates cleaved to a plus of minus 2 degree haten about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 356 lb uplift at joint 15 and 243 lb uplift at joint 9.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP CC1 Jack-Open 2 Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -2-0-0 2-0-0 0-3-8 Scale = 1:13.7

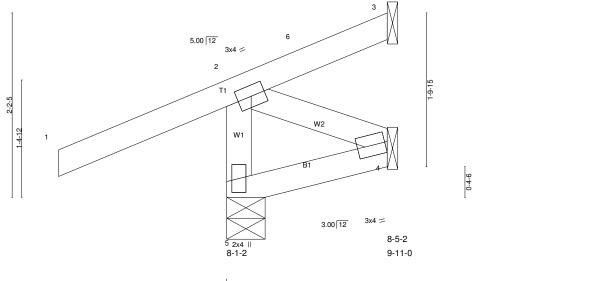


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [4:Ed	ge,0-1-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.57 BC 0.03 WB 0.02 Matrix-MP	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.00         5 >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.00         4-5 >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.00         3 n/a n/a	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144  Weight: 10 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (Ib/size) 5=408/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=-39/Mechanical, 4=18/Mechanical Max Horz 5=72(LC 13)

Max Uplift5=-157(LC 14), 3=-92(LC 18), 4=-34(LC 14)

Max Grav 5=559(LC 19), 3=48(LC 14), 4=36(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-541/351  $\,$ 

## NOTES-

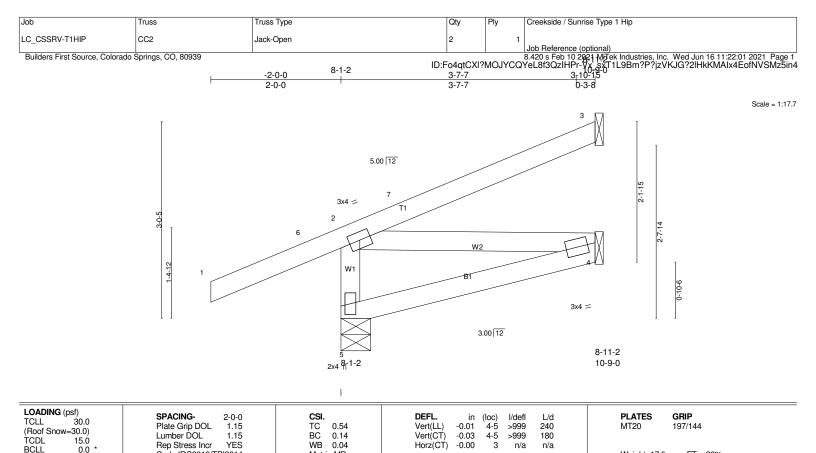
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 cone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 157 lb uplift at joint 5, 92 lb uplift at joint 3 and 34 lb uplift at joint 4.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Horz(CT)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

-0.00

n/a

Weight: 17 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

FT = 20%

BCDL LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

0.0

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=454/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=111/Mechanical, 4=38/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=152(LC 14)
Max Uplift5=-128(LC 14), 3=-35(LC 11), 4=-26(LC 14) Max Grav 5=634(LC 19), 3=159(LC 19), 4=76(LC 5)

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-596/357  $\,$ 

## NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for

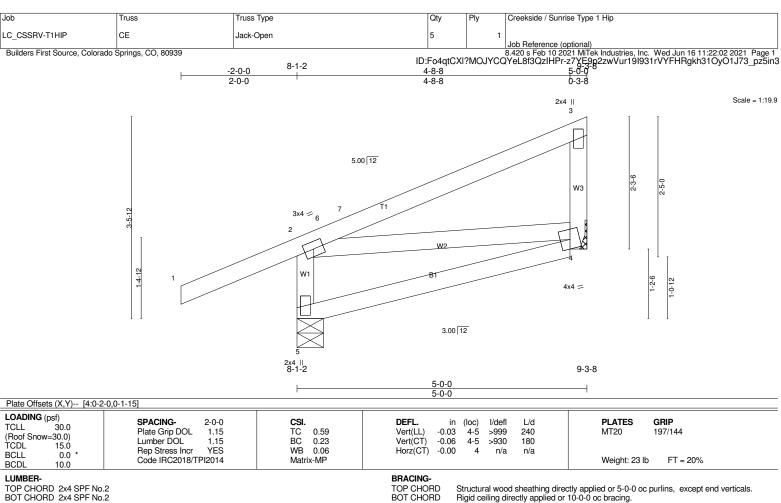
WB 0.04

Matrix-MP

- members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 128 lb uplift at joint 5, 35 lb uplift at joint 3 and 26 lb uplift at joint 4. 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=496/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=215/Mechanical Max Horz 5=146(LC 11)
Max Uplift5=-161(LC 14), 4=-71(LC 11)

Max Grav 5=691(LC 19), 4=288(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-644/399 BOT CHORD 4-5=-336/217 WEBS 2-4=-164/288

## NOTES-

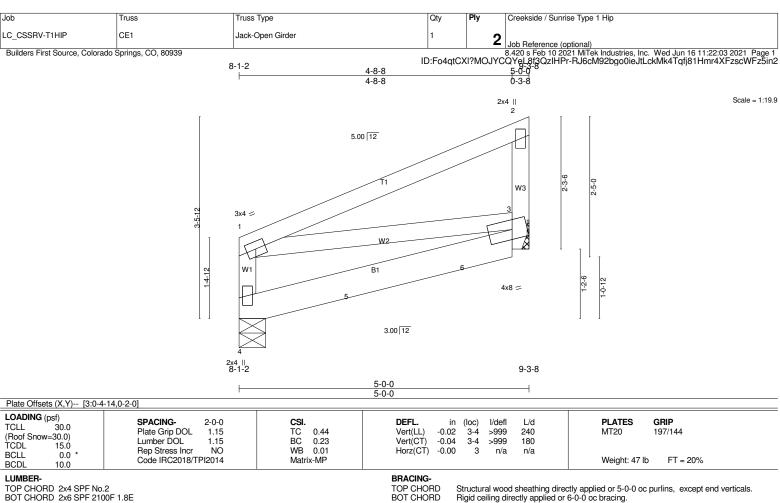
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 4-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 161 lb uplift at joint 5 and 71 lb uplift at joint 4.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=692/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=847/Mechanical

Max Horz 4=123(LC 24)

Max Uplift4=-117(LC 10), 3=-183(LC 7) Max Grav 4=782(LC 14), 3=936(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  1-4=-302/67, 2-3=-302/73  $\,$ 

## NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

  Webs connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

  2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been
- provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

  3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 117 lb uplift at joint 4 and 183 lb uplift at joint 3.

  12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

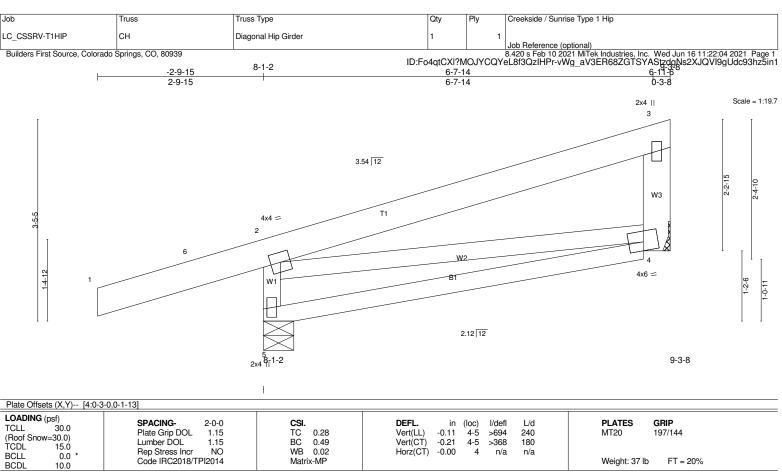
- 13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 510 lb down and 101 lb up at 1-10-4, and 510 lb down and 112 lb up at 3-10-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-90, 3-4=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=-510(F) 6=-510(F)



BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W3: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=549/0-6-4 (min. 0-1-8), 4=369/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=126(LC 7)
Max Uplift5=-208(LC 10), 4=-70(LC 7)

Max Grav 5=701(LC 15), 4=473(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-662/239, 3-4=-396/86

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS
- (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 208 lb uplift at joint 5 and 70 lb uplift at joint 4.

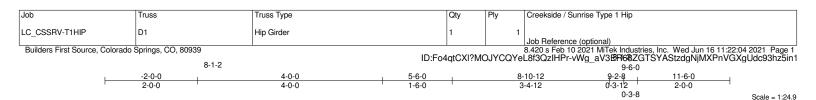
  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

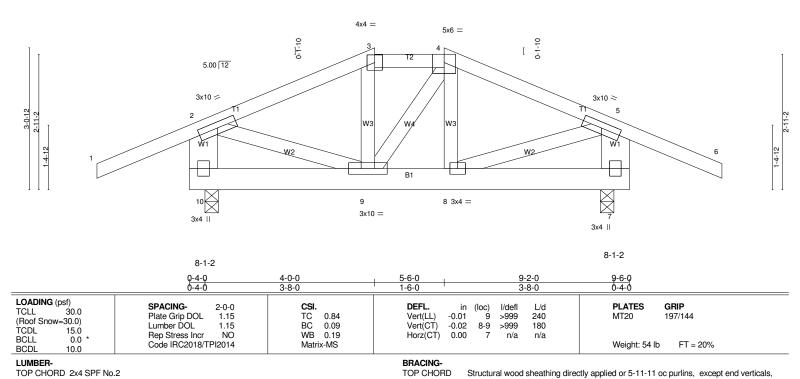
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
Vert: 2=-3(F=43, B=43)-to-3=-159(F=-35, B=-35), 5=0(F=10, B=10)-to-4=-35(F=-8, B=-8)





**BOT CHORD** 

and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-4. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except

W1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 10=928/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 7=928/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 10=-107(LC 8)

Max Uplift10=-370(LC 10), 7=-370(LC 10)

Max Grav 10=1178(LC 29), 7=1178(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-896/284, 3-4=-754/290, 4-5=-895/285, 2-10=-1115/377, 5-7=-1115/378

BOT CHORD 8-9=-162/748

2-9=-205/782, 5-8=-206/783 WEBS

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 370 lb uplift at joint 10 and 370 lb uplift at joint 7. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Girder carries hip end with 4-0-0 end setback.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 243 lb down and 75 lb up at 5-6-0, and 243 lb down and 75 lb up at at 4-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

14) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

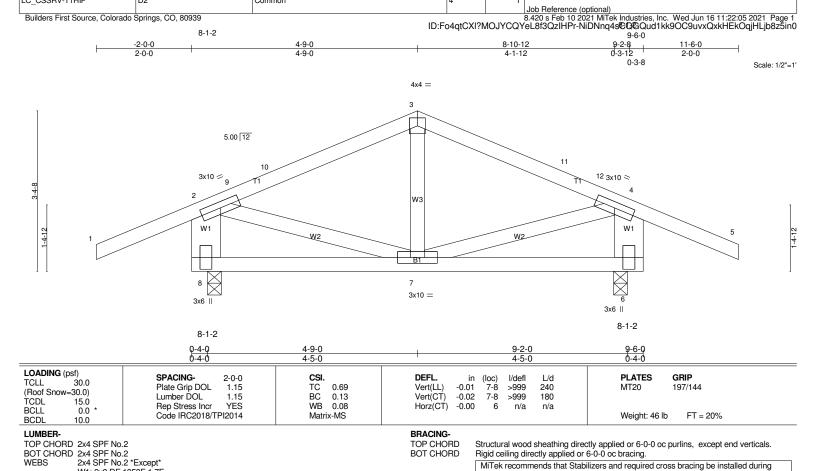
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-3=-90, 3-4=-45(F=45), 4-5=-90, 5-6=-90, 9-10=-20, 8-9=-112(F=-92), 7-8=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-183(F) 8=-183(F)



Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 8=696/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=696/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

W1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

Truss

פח

Max Horz 8=-120(LC 12) Max Uplift8=-275(LC 14), 6=-275(LC 14) Max Grav 8=894(LC 19), 6=894(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-9=-461/282, 9-10=-427/283, 3-10=-362/296, 3-11=-361/296, 11-12=-427/283, 4-12=-461/282, 2-8=-852/540, 4-6=-852/541 TOP CHORD

Truss Type

Common

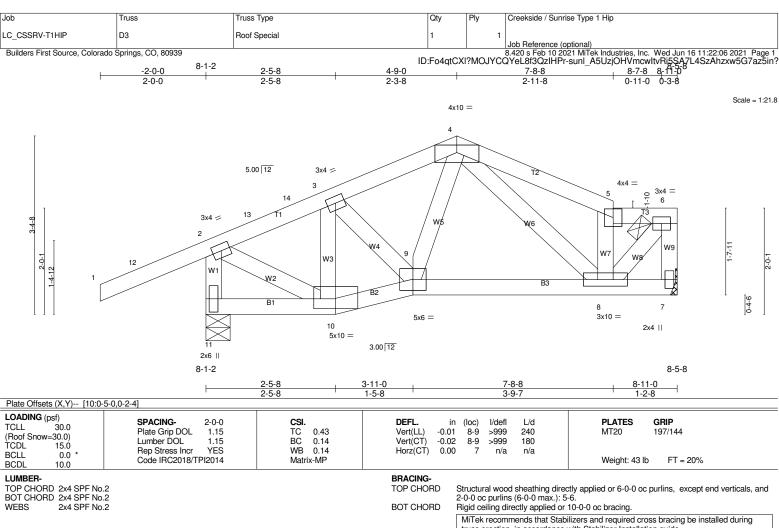
**WEBS** 2-7=-182/340, 4-7=-184/340

Job

LC CSSRV-T1HIP

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2F) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 4-9-0, Exterior(2R) 4-9-0 to 7-9-0, Interior(1) 7-9-0 to 11-6-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 275 lb uplift at joint 8 and 275 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 7=450/Mechanical, 11=692/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 11=116(LC 13) Max Uplift7=-81(LC 14), 11=-205(LC 14) Max Grav 7=530(LC 20), 11=821(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 $2 \cdot 13 = -472/242, 13 \cdot 14 = -431/244, 3 \cdot 14 = -395/248, 3 \cdot 4 = -450/290, 4 \cdot 5 = -446/227, 5 \cdot 6 = -396/175, 6 \cdot 7 = -528/249, 2 \cdot 11 = -798/444, 9 \cdot 10 = -285/350, 8 \cdot 9 = -237/338$ TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

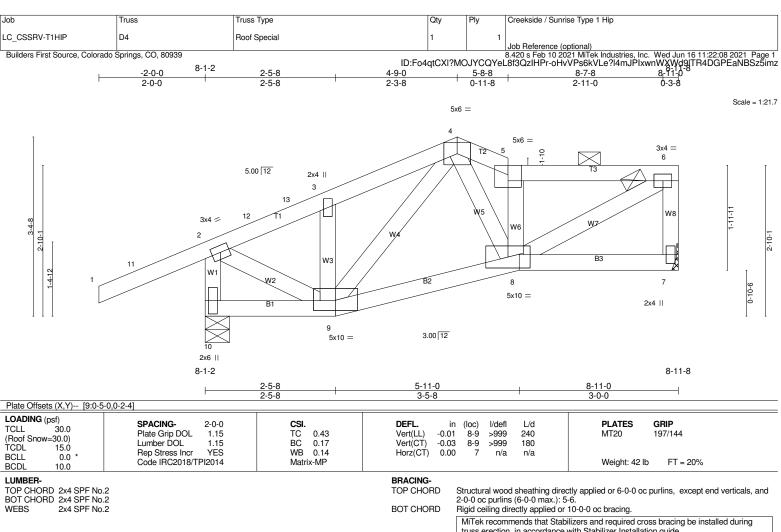
5-8=-396/211, 6-8=-275/589, 2-10=-107/394

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 4-9-0, Exterior(2E) 4-9-0 to 7-8-8, Interior(1) 7-8-8 to 8-9-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 81 lb uplift at joint 7 and 205 lb uplift at joint 11.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 7=450/Mechanical, 10=692/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 10=124(LC 11) Max Uplift7=-92(LC 11), 10=-203(LC 14) Max Grav 7=530(LC 20), 10=821(LC 36)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-12=-472/225, 12-13=-431/227, 3-13=-395/232, 3-4=-429/290, 4-5=-649/406, 5-6=-503/310, 6-7=-502/305, 2-10=-798/432 9-10=-255/145, 8-9=-326/378 TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

4-8=-175/434, 5-8=-529/304, 6-8=-387/580, 2-9=-90/394

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 4-9-0, Exterior(2E) 4-9-0 to 5-8-8, Interior(1) 5-8-8 to 8-9-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
   10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 92 lb uplift at joint 7 and 203 lb uplift at joint 10.
   11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP DC1 Jack-Open Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 <u>2-0-0</u> 2-0-0

Scale = 1:13.7

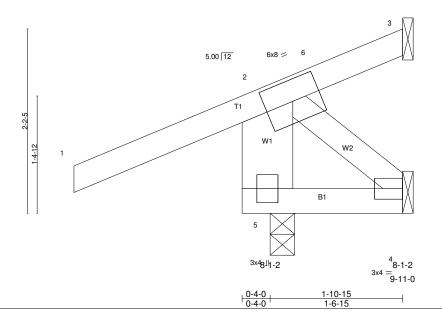


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [4:Edge,0-1-8]										
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.66 BC 0.02 WB 0.03 Matrix-MP								
	0000 II 1020 IO/ I F I20 I 4	I IVIQUIX-IVIF								

DEFL (loc) I/defl Vert(LL) -0.00 240 5 >999 Vert(CT) -0.00 180 >999 Horz(CT) -0.00 3 n/a n/a **PLATES** GRIP MT20 197/144

Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SFF No.2

WEBS 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E \*Except\*

W2: 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=-77/Mechanical, 4=16/Mechanical, 5=444/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 5=80(LC 13) Max Uplift3=-125(LC 18), 4=-41(LC 14), 5=-189(LC 14)

Max Grav 3=57(LC 14), 4=32(LC 5), 5=610(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-594/369

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

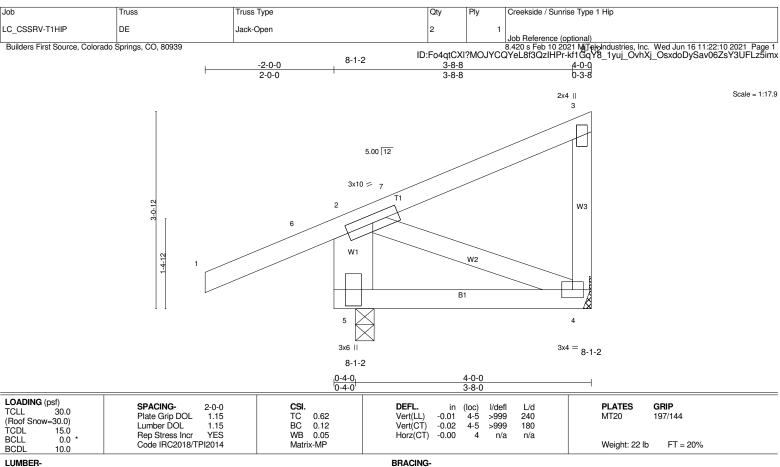
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 125 lb uplift at joint 3, 41 lb uplift at joint 4 and 189 lb uplift at joint 5. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=470/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=128/Mechanical

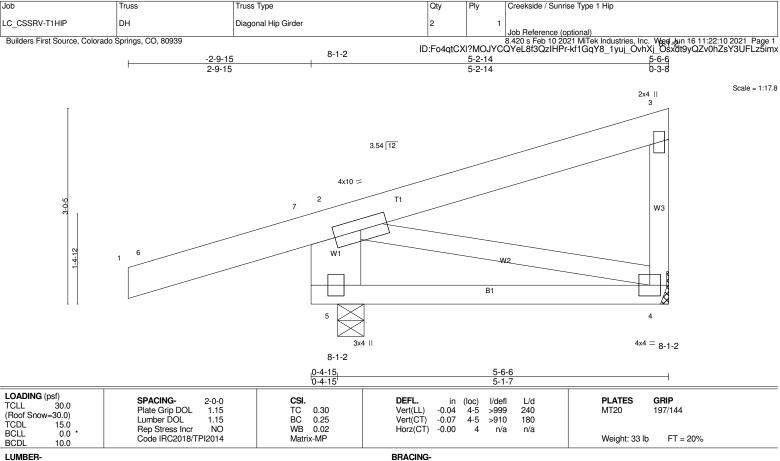
Max Horz 5=147(LC 11)
Max Uplift5=-199(LC 14), 4=-90(LC 11)
Max Grav 5=658(LC 19), 4=168(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-623/411 BOT CHORD 4-5=-308/203 WEBS 2-4=-182/299

### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 199 lb uplift at joint 5 and 90 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-6-6 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=496/0-4-15 (min. 0-1-8), 4=177/Mechanical

W1: 2x10 DF 1950F 1.7E

Max Horz 5=143(LC 9) Max Uplift5=-233(LC 10), 4=-74(LC 7) Max Grav 5=696(LC 15), 4=233(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-669/245  $\,$ 

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS
- (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 233 lb uplift at joint 5 and 74 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

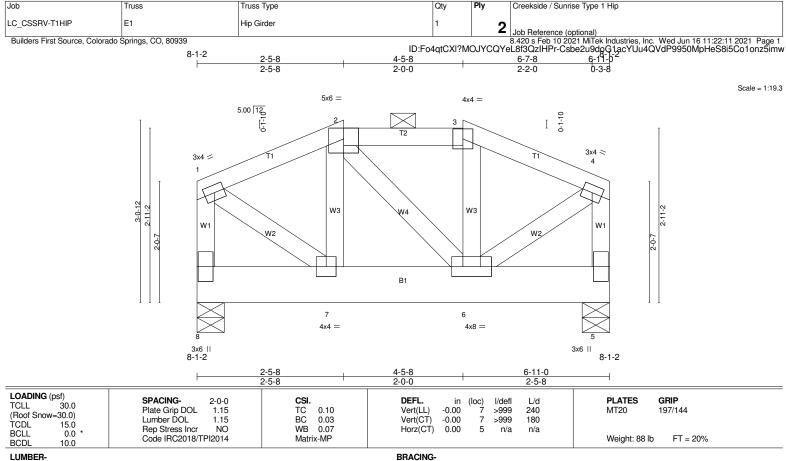
## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 7=0(F=45, B=45)-to-2=-9(F=40, B=40), 2=-9(F=40, B=40)-to-3=-127(F=-19, B=-19), 5=-2(F=9, B=9)-to-4=-28(F=-4, B=-4)



TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 2-3. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 8=717/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=717/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 8=-95(LC 8)

Max Uplift8=-231(LC 10), 5=-231(LC 10) Max Grav 8=783(LC 28), 5=783(LC 28)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-505/190, 2-3=-435/195, 3-4=-501/187, 1-8=-648/203, 4-5=-644/200

BOT CHORD 6-7=-142/430

WEBS 1-7=-160/540, 4-6=-157/535

Job

- 1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc. Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 7) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- and any other members. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 231 lb uplift at joint 8 and 231 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Girder carries tie-in span(s): 6-2-0 from 0-0-0 to 6-11-0
  13) Girder carries hip end with 2-5-8 right side setback, 2-5-8 left side setback, and 2-0-0 end setback.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 30 lb down and 9 lb up at 4-5-8, and 30 lb down and 9 lb up at 2-5-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

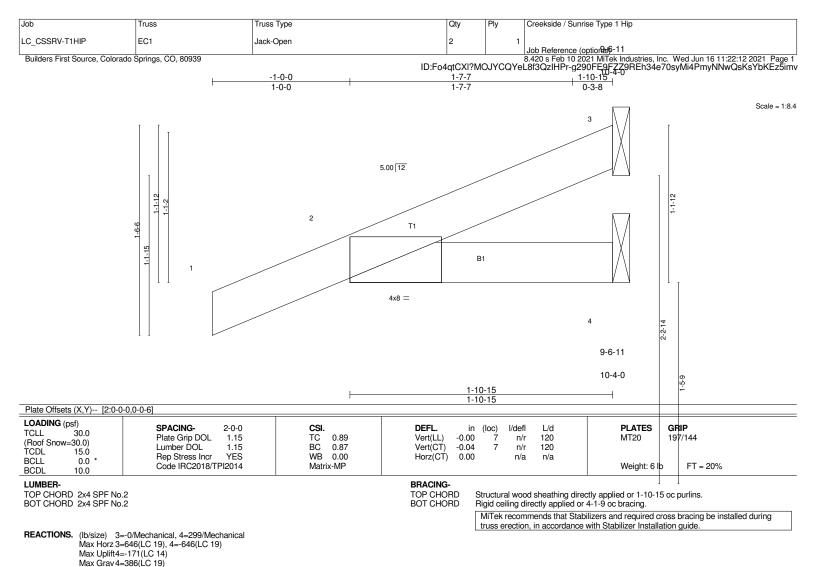
## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-3=-45(F=45), 3-4=-90, 7-8=-122(F=-102), 6-7=-154(F=-134), 5-6=-122(F=-102)

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 7=-23(F) 6=-23(F)



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-596/590 BOT CHORD 2-4=-646/766

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.

- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 171 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	EC2	Jack-Open Supported Gable	2	1	Job Reference (optional)

8-1-2

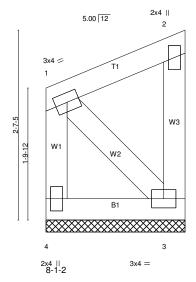
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:13 2021 Page 1 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-9EiOSaAtKtHIrreGCrX5UaFRwAVf6Nx?YWH8sgz5imu

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

Scale = 1:15.8



LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.08 BC 0.04	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999 Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.05 Matrix-P	Horz(CT) -0.00 3 n/a n/a	Weight: 11 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=89/1-10-15 (min. 0-1-8), 3=89/1-10-15 (min. 0-1-8)

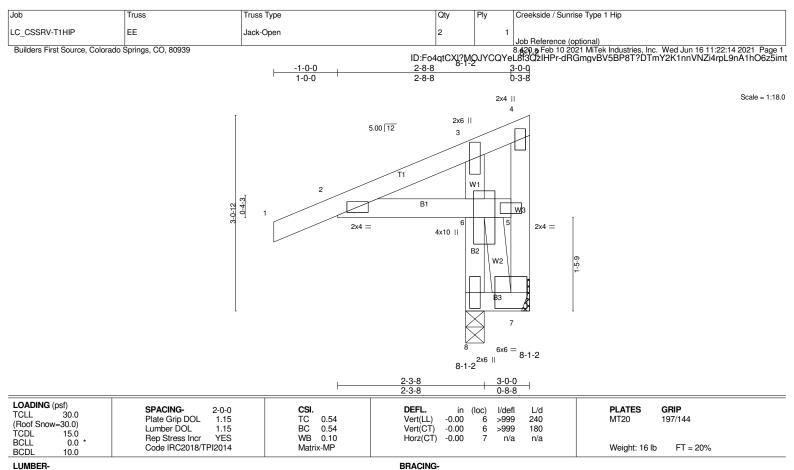
Max Horz 4=104(LC 11) Max Uplift4=-40(LC 10), 3=-82(LC 11) Max Grav 4=124(LC 22), 3=120(LC 21)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 1-3=-165/269

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3E) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

  3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 40 lb uplift at joint 4 and 82 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-0-1 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

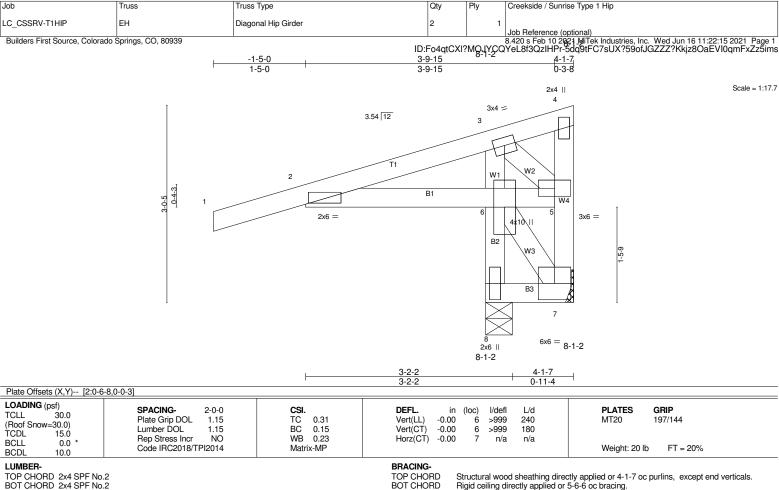
**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 7=-655/Mechanical, 8=1059/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4)

Max Horz 8=143(LC 13)
Max Uplift7=-884(LC 19), 8=-600(LC 14)
Max Grav 7=388(LC 14), 8=1421(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-241/253, 5-7=-639/612, 4-5=-255/235

**BOT CHORD** 2-6=-160/279, 5-6=-295/389, 6-8=-1414/1414 WFRS 6-7=-251/372, 3-6=-597/577

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-1-12, Interior(1) 2-1-12 to 2-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 884 lb uplift at joint 7 and 600 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WFRS 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 7=-396/Mechanical, 8=717/0-4-15 (min. 0-1-13) Max Horz 8=148(LC 9) Max Uplift7=-669(LC 15), 8=-590(LC 10)

Max Grav 7=390(LC 10), 8=1167(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-333/804, 5-7=-292/659

BOT CHORD 6-8=-1158/594, 2-6=-744/328, 5-6=-758/395

3-6=-1054/437, 3-5=-403/958 WEBS

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 669 lb uplift at joint 7 and 590 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 42 lb down and 17 lb up at -1-4-15, and 42 lb down and 17 lb up at -1-4-15 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Concentrated Loads (lb)

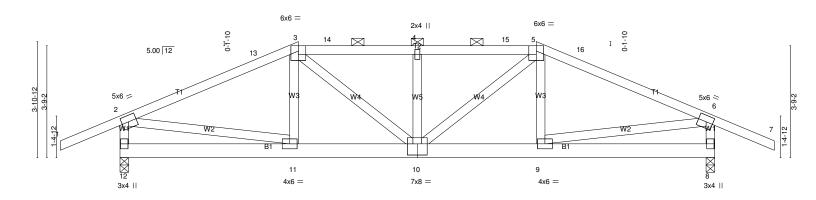
Vert: 1=-63(F=-31, B=-31)

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 1=0(F=45, B=45)-to-2=-32(F=29, B=29), 2=-3(F=44, B=44)-to-4=-95(F=-3, B=-3), 8=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-7=-21(F=-1, B=-1), 9=0(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-1(F=-1, B=-1), 9=0(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-1(F=-1, B=-1), 9=0(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-10(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-10(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-10(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-7=-21(F=-1, B=-1), 9=0(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-7=-21(F=-1, B=-1), 9=0(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=2, B=2)-to-5=-10(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-16(F=10, B=10)-to-6=-10(F=10, B=10)-to

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP F1 Hip Girder Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -2-0-0 6-0-0 10-0-0 2-0-0 6-0-0 4-0-0 4-0-0 5-8-8 0-3-8 2-0-0

Scale = 1:38.7



8-1	-2			8	8-1-2
L	6-0-0	10-0-0	14-0-0	20-0-0	<b>_</b>
'	6-0-0	4-0-0	4-0-0	6-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2	?-12,0-2-8], [6:0-2-12,0-2-8], [10:0-4-0,0-4-8]				
TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.55 BC 0.17 WB 0.34 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl           Vert(LL)         -0.06         10         >999           Vert(CT)         -0.10         9-10         >999           Horz(CT)         0.01         8         n/a	L/d PLATES GRIP 240 MT20 197/144 180 n/a Weight: 202 lb FT =	

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-5

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E **WEBS** 

2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=2182/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 8=2182/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 12=-123(LC 8)
Max Uplift12=-493(LC 10), 8=-493(LC 10)
Max Grav 12=2389(LC 29), 8=2389(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-13=-3300/586, 3-13=-3145/604, 3-14=-3634/704, 4-14=-3638/704, 4-15=-3638/704, 5-15=-3634/704, 5-16=-3146/604, 6-16=-3300/586,

2-12=-2307/513, 6-8=-2307/513

BOT CHORD

11-12=84/374, 10-11=-427/2941, 9-10=-410/2937, 8-9=-40/307 3-11=-67/449, 3-10=-164/978, 4-10=-502/79, 5-10=-164/978, 5-9=-67/449, 2-11=-424/2755, 6-9=-424/2757 WEBS

### NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

  Webs connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

  2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been
- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all piles, except in hoted as into (F) or observe the provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

  3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 493 lb uplift at joint 12 and 493 lb uplift at joint 8.

  12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) Girder carries hip end with 6-0-0 end setback.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 581 lb down and 103 lb up at 14-0-0, and 581 lb down and 103 Ib up at 6-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

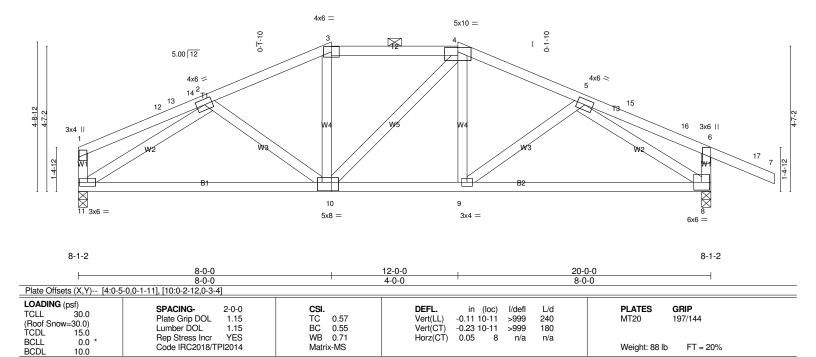
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-3=-90, 3-5=-45(F=45), 5-6=-90, 6-7=-90, 11-12=-20, 9-11=-162(F=-142), 8-9=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-495(F) 9=-495(F)

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sun	rise Type 1 Hip			
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	F2	Hip		1	1	Job Reference (	optional)			
Builders First Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939						021 MiTek Industries, Inc. W			
8-1-2			ID:F	o4qtCXI?	MOJYCQ'	YeL8f3QzIHPr-	-10yvlxDNN6njKTy2Rhc1	IfQP0Bnkg2	:?VbT8FL?Rz	:5imq
0-1-2	4-1-12	8-0-0	12-0-0	1	15-10	)-4	19-8-8	20-0-0	22-0-0	
	4-1-12	3-10-4	4-0-0		3-10-	-4	3-10-4	0-3-8	2-0-0	

Scale = 1:36.4



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-15 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-7-1 max.): 3-4.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=1073/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2), 8=1288/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-10) Max Horz 11=-144(LC 12)

Max Uplift11=-200(LC 14), 8=-316(LC 14) Max Grav 11=1352(LC 33), 8=1677(LC 33)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. 2-3=-1574/419, 3-4=-1357/417, 4-5=-1560/426, 1-11=-298/94, 6-8=-588/251 10-11=-327/1511, 9-10=-211/1342, 8-9=-271/1428 2-11=-1682/417, 5-8=-1747/402 TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2E) 8-0-0 to 12-0-0, Exterior(2R) 12-0-0 to 15-11-5, Interior(1) 15-11-5 to 22-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

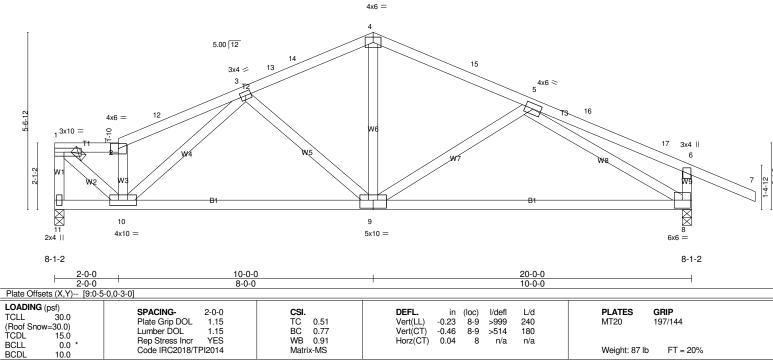
3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 200 lb uplift at joint 11 and 316 lb uplift at joint 8. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Ply	ly	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip			
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	F3	Roof Special	1		1				
						Job Reference (optional)			
Builders First Source, Colorado	Springs, CO, 80939					8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. \			
8-1-2			ID:Fo4qtCX	(I?MOJY(	CQYeL8	3f3QzIHPr-VCWHWHE08PvaycWE?O	7GBdyCyB,1	PnPkkio?v	Xtz5imp
0-1-2 2-0-0	6-0-0	10-0-0	1-	4-10-4		19-8-8	20-0-0	22-0-0	1
2-0-0	4-0-0	4-0-0	1 4	-10-4		4-10-4	0-3-8	2-0-0	

Scale = 1:36.2



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-10 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-3-0 max.): 1-2.

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=1073/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 8=1288/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2) Max Horz 11=-181(LC 12)

Max Uplift11=-201(LC 14), 8=-316(LC 14) Max Grav 11=1164(LC 33), 8=1355(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD  $1-11=-1156/319,\ 1-2=-1230/337,\ 2-12=-1365/384,\ 3-12=-1274/393,\ 3-13=-1266/410,\ 13-14=-1177/414,\ 4-14=-1146/422,\ 4-15=-1146/413,\ 1-14=-1156/319,\ 1-2=-1230/337,\ 2-12=-1365/384,\ 3-12=-1274/393,\ 3-13=-1266/410,\ 13-14=-1177/414,\ 4-14=-1146/422,\ 4-15=-1146/413,\ 1-2=-1230/337,\ 1-2=-1230/33$ 

5-15=-1231/403, 6-8=-456/278 9-10=-317/1423, 8-9=-311/1331

WFRS  $1-10=-415/1633,\ 2-10=-764/251,\ 3-10=-359/133,\ 3-9=-491/195,\ 4-9=-131/530,\ 5-9=-380/207,\ 5-8=-1494/469$ 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Interior(1) 13-0-0 to 22-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

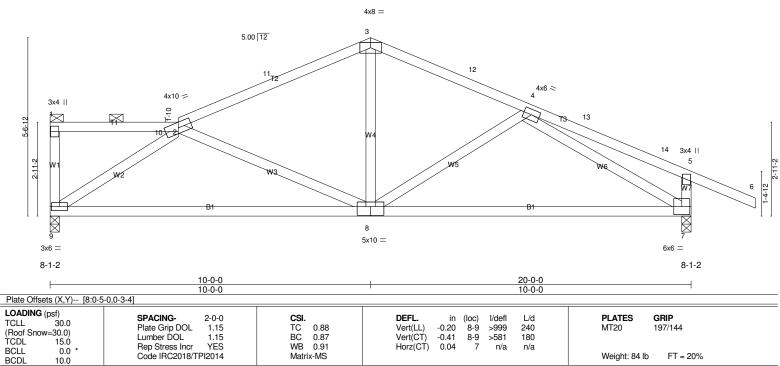
3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 201 lb uplift at joint 11 and 316 lb uplift at joint 8. 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP F4 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 4-0-0 10-0-0 4-0-0 6-0-0 4-10-4 4-10-4 0-3-8

Scale = 1:35.9



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 1-2.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-8-3 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T2: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2

WEBS

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=1073/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 7=1288/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2) Max Horz 9=-203(LC 12)

Max Uplift9=-201(LC 14), 7=-315(LC 14) Max Grav 9=1146(LC 19), 7=1355(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-9=-259/69, 2-11=-1291/382, 3-11=-1154/392, 3-12=-1151/413, 4-12=-1241/403, 5-7=-460/285 8-9=-356/1364, 7-8=-304/1333 2-9=-1616/547, 2-8=-352/197, 3-8=-62/448, 4-8=-368/199, 4-7=-1504/452 TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

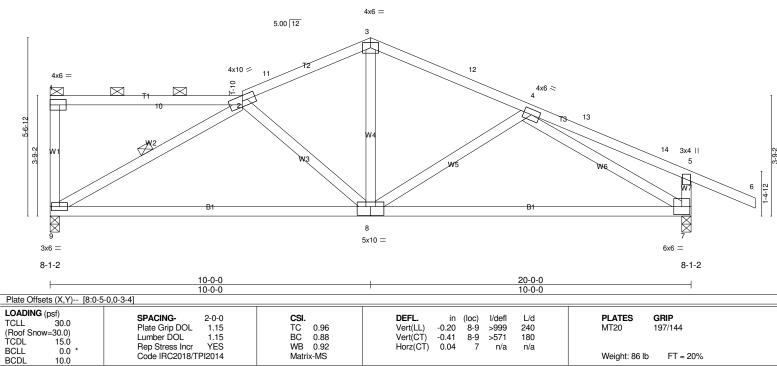
## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Interior(1) 13-0-0 to 22-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 201 lb uplift at joint 9 and 315 lb uplift at joint 7.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP F5 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 6-0-0 10-0-0 6-0-0 4-0-0 4-10-4 4-10-4 0-3-8 2-0-0

Scale = 1:35.9



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 max.): 1-2

**BOT CHORD** WEBS

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 2-9

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=1073/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-13), 7=1288/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2)

Max Horz 9=-224(LC 12) Max Uplift9=-202(LC 14), 7=-314(LC 14) Max Grav 9=1146(LC 19), 7=1355(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-9=-405/125, 2-11=-1227/396, 3-11=-1144/406, 3-12=-1137/408, 4-12=-1238/397, 5-7=-453/281

BOT CHORD 8-9=-322/1355, 7-8=-307/1335

WFRS

2-9=-1510/515, 2-8=-442/207, 3-8=-125/519, 4-8=-377/215, 4-7=-1509/458

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Interior(1) 13-0-0 to 22-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 202 lb uplift at joint 9 and 314 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip | 1 | Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:21 2021 Page 1 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-wnBQ8JGuRKH9p4FpgWgzpGajBO0L\_mMBOmDZ8Cz5imm 19-8-8 20-0-0 22-0-0 22-0-0 LC CSSRV-T1HIP F6 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 10-0-0 2-0-0 4-10-4 4-10-4 0-3-8 2-0-0 Scale = 1:35.9 5.00 12 4x6 = 6x10 = 4x4 || M  $\sim$ 12 2 4x6 < 15 3x4 || W ğ 5x10 = 3x6 = 6x6 = 8-1-2 8-1-2 10-0-0 10-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-5-0,0-2-0], [8:0-5-0,0-3-4] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL (loc) I/defl I/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL Plate Grip DOL 0.51 Vert(LL) -0.20 240 MT20 197/144 1.15 8-9 >999 (Roof Snow TCDL =30.0) BC 0.88 -0.42 180 Lumber DOL 1.15 Vert(CT) 8-9 >563 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.92 Horz(CT) 0.04 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 94 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T1: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-12 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 1-2

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 2-9

> MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=1073/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-15), 7=1288/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-2)

Max Horz 9=-243(LC 12) Max Uplift9=-203(LC 14), 7=-313(LC 14) Max Grav 9=1223(LC 33), 7=1355(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. - Max. Comp./max. Ten. - All forces 250 (tb) or less except when shown. 1-9=-534/163, 2-3=-1196/421, 3-13=-1134/396, 4-13=-1239/386, 5-7=-452/279 8-9=-246/1238, 7-8=-300/1334 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD WFRS

2-9=-1358/490, 2-8=-537/217, 3-8=-189/732, 4-8=-373/221, 4-7=-1507/452

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Interior(1) 13-0-0 to 22-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 203 lb uplift at joint 9 and 313 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP F7 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 10-0-0 5-1-12 5-1-12 4-10-4 4-10-4 4-10-4 0-3-8 2-0-0 Scale = 1:35.9

4x6 = 3x4 || 0-1-10 12 13 10 14 5.00 12 4x6 < 15 16 3x4 II 5 17 18 8 5x12 = 6x6 = 6x8 = 8-1-2 8-1-2 10-0-0 10-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [8:0-6-0,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL (loc) I/defl I/d PLATES MT20 GRIP TCLL Plate Grip DOL 0.69 Vert(LL) -0.30 240 197/144 1.15 8-9 >776 (Roof Snow TCDL =30.0) Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.78 -0.51 8-9 180 Vert(CT) >465 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.99 Horz(CT) 0.03 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 90 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-13 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-10-12 max.): 1-3.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt 2-9

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=1073/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-1), 7=1288/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-9)

Max Horz 9=-266(LC 12) Max Uplift9=-229(LC 10), 7=-312(LC 14) Max Grav 9=1321(LC 29), 7=1636(LC 30)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-9 = -285/91, 2-12 = -1183/408, 12-13 = -1180/408, 3-13 = -1180/409, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1264/401, 4-14 = -1364/391, 3-14 = -1364TOP CHORD

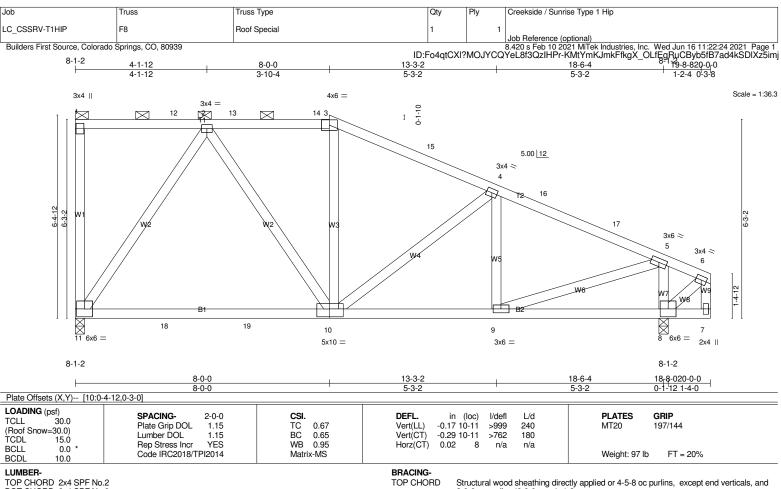
5-16=-260/85, 5-7=-660/280

BOT CHORD 9-17=-131/993, 17-18=-131/993, 8-18=-131/993, 7-8=-300/1431 2-9=-1327/457, 2-8=-119/657, 4-8=-419/222, 4-7=-1630/452 **WEBS** 

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2R) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Interior(1) 13-0-0 to 22-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
  6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 229 lb uplift at joint 9 and 312 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 1-3.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 7-8.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=1005/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-14), 8=1163/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-6)

Max Horz 11=-288(LC 12) Max Uplift11=-226(LC 10), 8=-213(LC 14) Max Grav 11=1201(LC 34), 8=1508(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-13=-885/360, 13-14=-883/360, 3-14=-883/360, 3-15=-946/349, 4-15=-1070/339, 4-16=-1257/357, TOP CHORD

16-17=-1364/347, 5-17=-1493/345

11-18-93/672, 18-19-93/672, 10-19=-93/672, 9-10=-267/1259 2-11=-1054/414, 2-10=-175/692, 4-10=-522/208, 4-9=-298/135, 5-9=-280/1219, 5-8=-1483/436 BOT CHORD **WEBS** 

## NOTES-

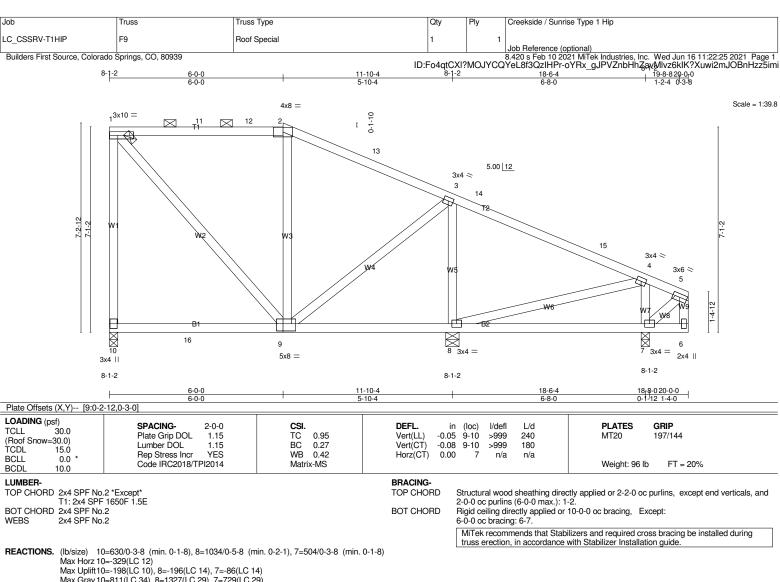
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2R) 8-0-0 to 11-0-0, Interior(1) 11-0-0 to 19-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- and any other members, with BODE = 10.0ps.

  8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 226 lb uplift at joint 11 and 213 lb uplift at joint 8.

  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Max Grav 10=811(LC 34), 8=1327(LC 29), 7=729(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 $1-10=-717/333,\ 1-11=-337/236,\ 11-12=-333/236,\ 2-12=-332/236,\ 2-13=-368/211,\ 3-13=-509/193,\ 4-15=-277/28$ TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 10-16=-248/420, 9-16=-248/420

WFRS

1-9=-290/499, 2-9=-426/239, 3-9=-38/427, 3-8=-1173/360, 4-7=-813/281, 5-7=-49/335

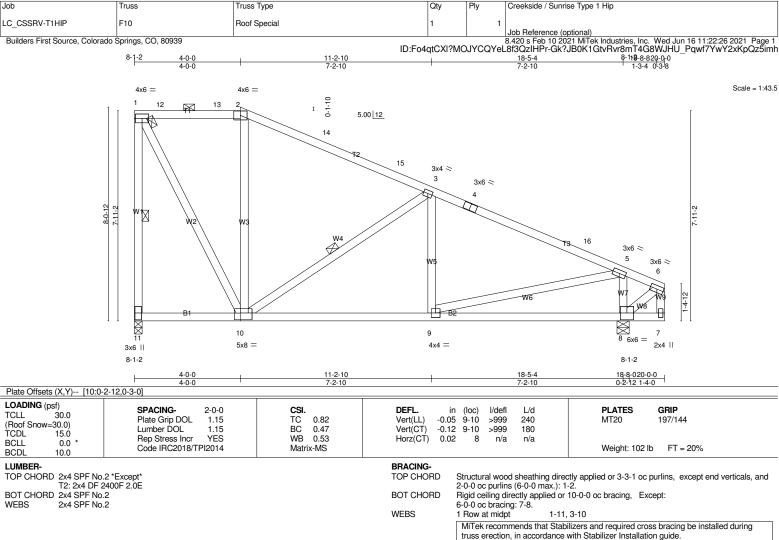
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 6-0-0, Exterior(2R) 6-0-0 to 9-0-0, Interior(1) 9-0-0 to 19-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 198 lb uplift at joint 10, 196 lb uplift at joint 8 and 86 lb uplift at joint 7.

  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



LUMBER-

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=1000/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-12), 8=1168/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-9)

Max Horz 11=-369(LC 12) Max Uplift11=-219(LC 10), 8=-209(LC 14) Max Grav 11=1119(LC 29), 8=1629(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-11=-1095/423, 1-12=-529/295, 12-13=-527/295, 2-13=-527/295, 2-14=-568/265, 14-15=-570/255,

3-15=-786/243, 3-4=-1368/355, 4-16=-1536/342, 5-16=-1710/333 10-11=-284/475, 9-10=-243/1418

**BOT CHORD** 

1-10=-418/1169, 2-10=-338/255, 3-10=-1065/356, 5-9=-223/1231, 5-8=-1694/478, 6-8=-51/360

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 4-0-0, Exterior(2R) 4-0-0 to 7-0-0, Interior(1) 7-0-0 to 19-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 219 lb uplift at joint 11 and 209 lb uplift at joint 8.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections F502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

  10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP FC1 Jack-Open Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -2-0-0 2-0-0 0-3-8 Scale = 1:13.7 6 5.00 12 3x4 = 2 2-2-5 W1 1-4-12 W2 B1 2x4 || <sup>†</sup>8-1-2 = 9-11-0 8-1-2 1-10-15 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [4:Edge,0-1-8]

TCLL (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0

LOADING (psf)

BCLL

WEBS

BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-

DEFL

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

(loc) I/defl

> 3 n/a

>999

>999

-0.00

-0.00 4-5

-0.00

I/d

240

180

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**PLATES** 

Weight: 10 lb

MT20

GRIP

197/144

FT = 20%

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=408/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=-39/Mechanical, 4=18/Mechanical Max Horz 5=69(LC 13)
Max Uplift5=-158(LC 14), 3=-92(LC 18), 4=-33(LC 14)

SPACING-

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

2-0-0

1.15

1.15

Max Grav 5=558(LC 19), 3=48(LC 14), 4=35(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-541/324  $\,$ 

## NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 cone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

CSI.

BC 0.03

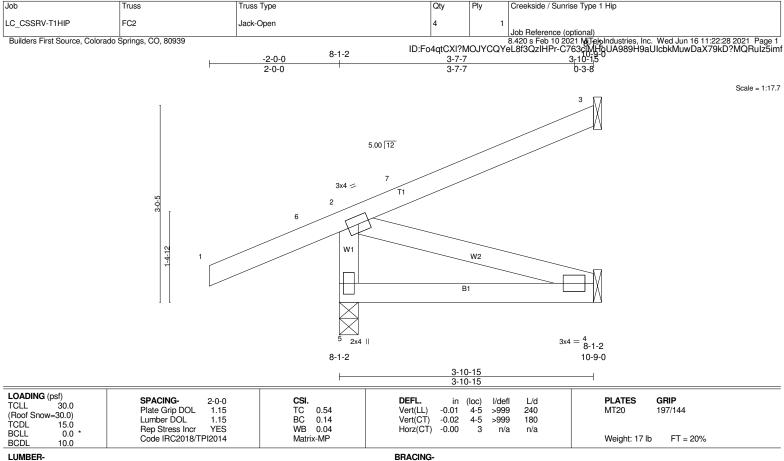
WB 0.02

Matrix-MP

0.57

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 158 lb uplift at joint 5, 92 lb uplift at joint 3 and 33 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

Job

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=453/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=111/Mechanical, 4=38/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=149(LC 14)
Max Uplift5=-131(LC 14), 3=-35(LC 11), 4=-23(LC 14) Max Grav 5=634(LC 19), 3=159(LC 19), 4=75(LC 5)

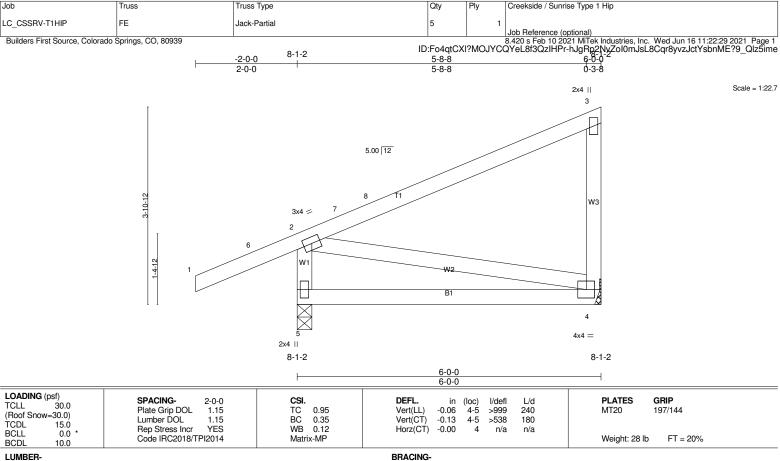
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-596/315

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for
- members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 131 lb uplift at joint 5, 35 lb uplift at joint 3 and 23 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-3-15 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=543/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=278/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=187(LC 11) Max Uplift5=-174(LC 14), 4=-80(LC 11) Max Grav 5=691(LC 19), 4=387(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-633/394, 3-4=-330/262

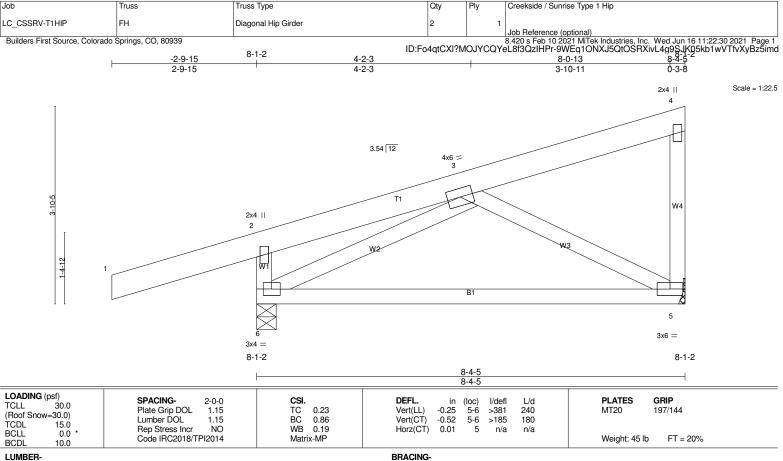
**BOT CHORD** 4-5=-388/266 WFBS 2-4=-204/336

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 174 lb uplift at joint 5 and 80 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=640/0-4-9 (min. 0-1-8), 5=583/Mechanical

Max Horz 6=184(LC 7) Max Uplift6=-220(LC 10), 5=-114(LC 10) Max Grav 6=772(LC 15), 5=715(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-468/249, 4-5=-365/108

**BOT CHORD** 5-6=-150/440

WFRS 3-6=-504/0, 3-5=-499/130

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS
- (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 220 lb uplift at joint 6 and 114 lb uplift at joint 5.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

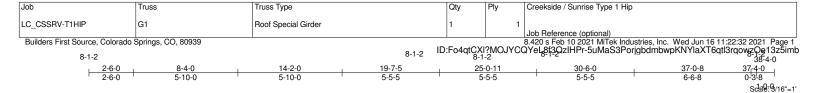
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

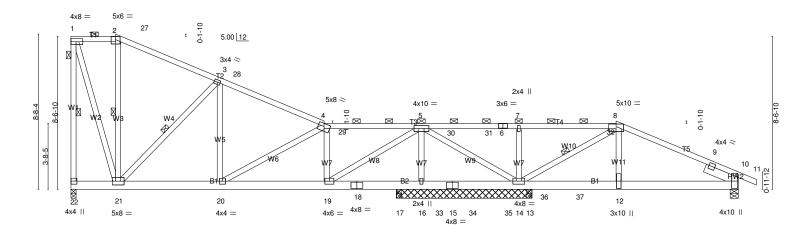
1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf

Vert: 2=-3(F=43, B=43)-to-4=-191(F=-50, B=-50), 6=0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-42(F=-11, B=-11)





2-6-0   8-4-0	5-10-0		30-6-0 4-8-8 37-4-0 6-10-0
LOADING (pef)	2-0-0 <b>CSI.</b> 1.15 TC 0.97 1.15 BC 0.51 NO WB 0.55	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.06 12-13         >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.08 19-20         >999         180           Horz(CT)         0.02         10         n/a         n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144 Weight: 200 lb FT = 20%

8-1-2

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T2,T5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**BOT CHORD** 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

8-1-2

Right 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E -x 2-0-0 SLIDER

BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-2-12 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 1-2, 4-8.

8-1-2

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

8-1-2

1 Row at midpt 1-22, 2-21, 3-21, 8-14

8-1-2

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

All bearings 0-3-8 except (jt=length) 16=7-7-0, 14=7-7-0, 10=0-5-8. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz 22=-400(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 b or less at joint(s) except 22=-217(LC 51), 16=-548(LC 10), 14=-607(LC 10), 10=-276(LC 10), 17=-287(LC 55),

13=-311(LC 44)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) except 22=1124(LC 32), 16=2189(LC 31), 14=2192(LC 31), 10=1501(LC 32), 17=419(LC 44), 13=1349(LC 31)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

1-22=-1075/260, 1-2=-353/188, 2-27=-337/171, 3-27=-528/162, 3-28=-929/243, 4-28=-1244/241, 4-29=-869/255, 5-29=-871/254, 5-30=-74/697, 30-31=-74/697, 6-31=-74/697, 6-7=-74/697, 7-32=-73/699,

8-32=-73/700, 8-9=-1998/379, 9-10=-545/696

**BOT CHORD** 21-22=-141/304, 20-21=-39/1023, 19-20=-131/923, 18-19=-685/170, 17-18=-685/170, 16-17=-685/170,

16-33=-685/170, 15-33=-685/170, 15-34=-685/170, 34-35=-685/170, 14-35=-685/170, 13-14=-240/1656, 13-36=-240/1656, 36-37=-240/1656, 12-37=-240/1656, 10-12=-250/1722

1-21=-202/1113, 2-21=-305/145, 3-21=-1007/246, 3-20=-19/258, 4-19=-957/200, 5-19=-258/1808, 5-16=-1381/388, 5-14=-220/498, 7-14=-798/169, 8-14=-2519/472, 8-12=-240/1568

### NOTES-

**WEBS** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=37ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 9) Providé mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 217 lb uplift at joint 22, 548 lb uplift at joint 16, 607 lb uplift at joint 14, 276 Ib uplift at joint 10, 287 lb uplift at joint 17 and 311 lb uplift at joint 13.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

  12) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 352 lb down and 140 lb up at 20-6-13, 352 lb down and 140 lb
- up at 22-5-4, 352 lb down and 140 lb up at 24-5-4, 352 lb down and 140 lb up at 26-5-4, and 481 lb down and 98 lb up at 28-5-4, and 1246 lb down and 264 lb up at 30-5-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

  13) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

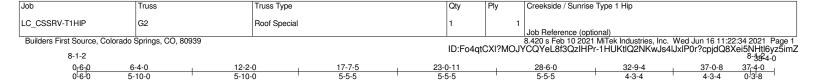
1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-4=-90, 4-8=-90, 8-11=-90, 22-23=-20

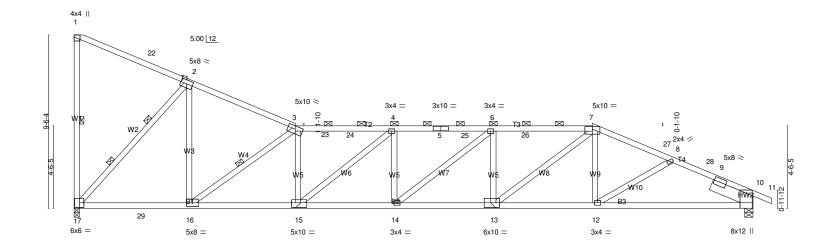
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	G1	Roof Special Girder	1	1	Job Reference (optional)

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-5uMaS3PorjgbdmbwpKNYlaXT6qtt3rqowzOe13z5imb

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 12=-1246(F) 33=-352(F) 34=-352(F) 35=-352(F) 36=-352(F) 37=-481(F)





	0 7 0	1220	17 7 3	20011	2000	07 4 0	
	6-4-0	5-10-0	5-5-5	5-5-5	5-5-5	8-10-0	
Plate Offsets (	(X,Y) [3:0-5-0,0-2-0], [7:0-5-0,0						
(Roof Snow=3 TCDL BCLL	30.0 Plate Grip 0.0) Lumber D 0.0 * Rep Street	DOL 1.15 DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.97 BC 0.96 WB 0.97 Matrix-MS	DEFL.         in (loc)           Vert(LL)         -0.44 13-14           Vert(CT)         -0.73 13-14           Horz(CT)         0.21         10	>999 240 >610 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144 Weight: 180 lb FT = 20%	

17-7-5

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E \*Except\*

6-4-0

T4: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E 2x4 SPF No.2

8-1-2

WEBS

Right 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E -x 2-6-0 SLIDER

BRACING-TOP CHORD

23-0-11

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

37-4-0

Scale 0 1:63.3

8-1-2

(2-2-0 max.): 3-7. **BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. WEBS 1 Row at midpt 1-17, 3-16

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 2-17

28-6-0

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 10=2137/0-5-8 (min. 0-3-10), 17=2044/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 17=-456(LC 12) Max Uplift10=-428(LC 14), 17=-393(LC 14)

Max Grav 10=2311(LC 40), 17=2495(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-17=-341/147, 2-22=-306/140, 2-3=-2231/478, 3-23=-4510/925, 23-24=-4511/925, 4-24=-4513/925,

12-2-0

4-5=-5281/1074, 5-25=-5281/1074, 6-25=-5281/1074, 6-26=-5063/1059, 7-26=-5059/1060, 7-27=-3926/852, 8-27=-3933/839, 8-28=-3697/848, 9-28=-3710/840, 9-10=-265/246

17-29=-197/1938, 16-29=-197/1938, 15-16=-736/4494, 14-15=-888/5281, 13-14=-872/5059, 12-13=-641/3645,

10-12=-653/3245 WFRS 2-17=-2856/590, 2-16=-370/2218, 3-16=-3329/670, 3-15=-143/897, 4-15=-1237/296, 6-14=-40/453,

6-13=-994/224, 7-13=-294/1800, 8-12=-108/548

# NOTES-

**BOT CHORD** 

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=37ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-10-9, Interior(1) 3-10-9 to 28-6-0, Exterior(2R) 28-6-0 to 32-2-13, Interior(1) 32-2-13 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left exposed; end vertical lef

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

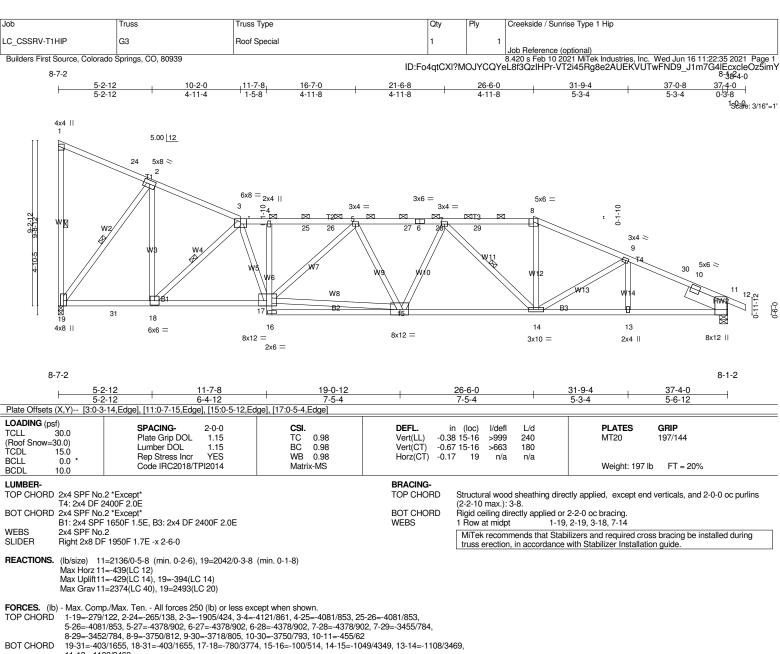
6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 17 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 428 lb uplift at joint 10 and 393 lb uplift at joint 17.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



4-17=-648/128, 2-19=-2734/551, 2-18=-394/2270, 3-18=-2994/624, 3-17=-288/1541, 15-17=-906/4008, 5-17=-645/197, 5-15=-345/91, 7-15=-17/283, 7-14=-1260/204, 8-14=-131/973, 9-14=-357/329

### NOTES-

WEBS

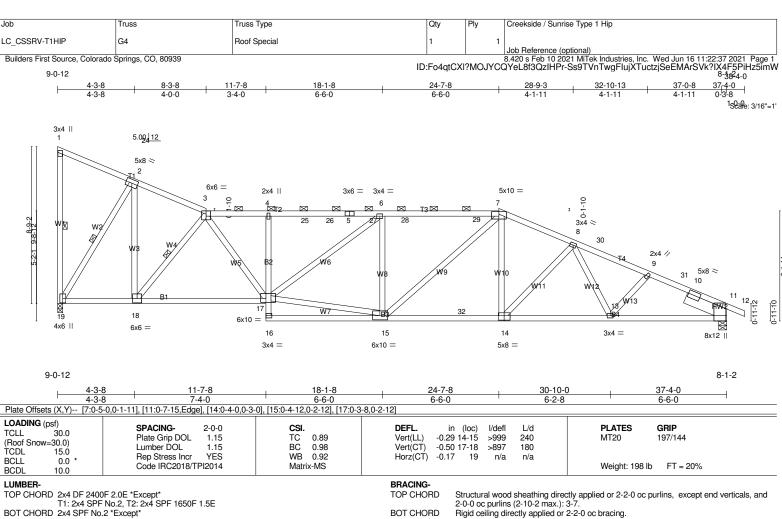
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=37ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-10-9, Interior(1) 3-10-9 to 26-6-0, Exterior(2R) 26-6-0 to 31-9-4, Interior(1) 31-9-4 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- and any other inembers, with DODE 10.0psi.

  9) Bearing at joint(s) 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 429 lb uplift at joint 11 and 394 lb uplift at joint 19.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WEBS

1 Row at midpt

1-19, 2-19, 3-18

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

B1,B4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

SLIDER Right 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E -x 2-6-0

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=2137/0-5-8 (min. 0-3-14), 19=2044/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 11=-427(LC 10)
Max Uplift11=-428(LC 14), 19=-394(LC 14)
Max Grav 11=2457(LC 40), 19=2495(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-1617/379, 3-4=-3962/824, 4-25=-3939/823, 25-26=-3939/823, 5-26=-3939/823, 5-27=-3939/823,

2-5-1047/31/3, 4-2-53626/802, 6-28-3980/845, 28-29-3875/845, 7-29-3874/845, 7-8-3589/799, 8-30-3626/800, 9-30-3769/791, 9-31-3825/797, 10-31-3856/789 18-19-354/1407, 17-18-665/3096, 4-17-768/168, 15-32-938/3384, 14-32-938/3384, 13-14-1067/3552,

BOT CHORD 11-13=-1087/3516

2-19=-2652/525, 2-18=-424/2338, 3-18=-2739/580, 3-17=-354/1736, 15-17=-888/3811, 6-17=-111/284, 6-15=-1059/234, 7-15=-111/924, 7-14=-87/770, 8-14=-703/186, 9-13=0/385

### NOTES-

WEBS

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=37ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-10-9, Interior(1) 3-10-9 to 24-7-8, Exterior(2R) 24-7-8 to 29-10-14, Interior(1) 29-10-14 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

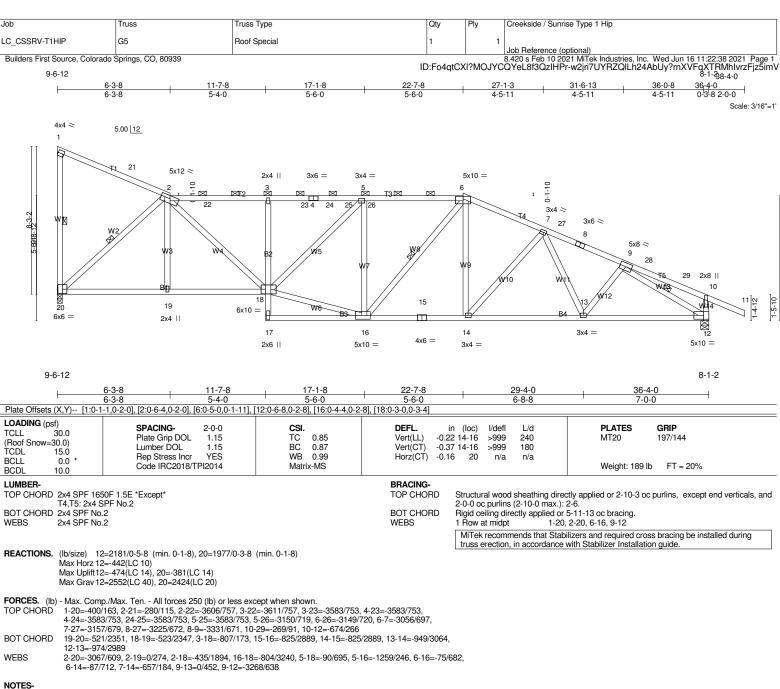
and any other inembers, with DODE - 10.0psi.

9) Bearing at joint(s) 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 428 lb uplift at joint 11 and 394 lb uplift at joint 19.

11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



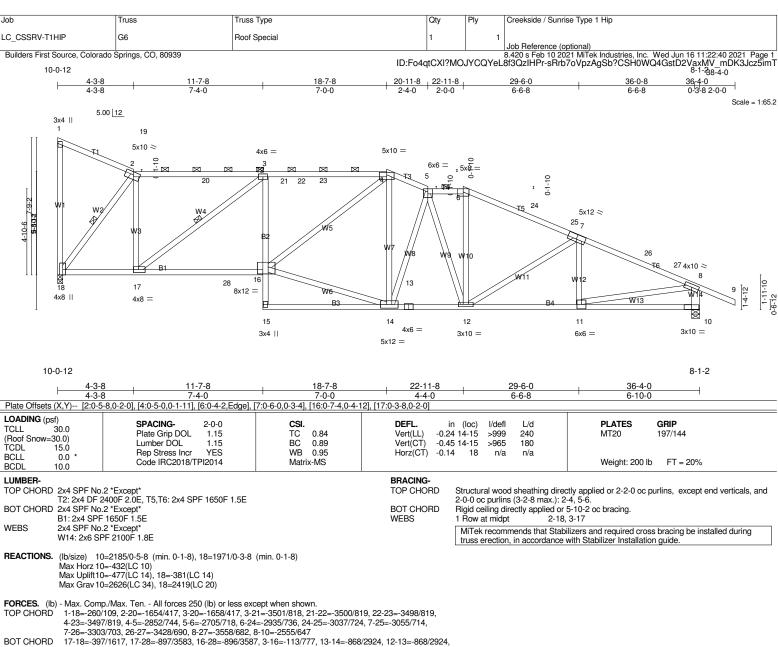
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 22-7-8, Exterior(2R) 22-7-8 to 27-9-3, Interior(1) 27-9-3 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- of hates circleved to a plus of minus 2 degree haten about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 12, 20 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 474 lb uplift at joint 12 and 381 lb uplift at joint 20.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



7-9-11

BOT CHORD 11-12=-1024/3280, 10-11=-614/514

2-18=-2705/558, 2-17=-271/1632, 3-17=-2438/617, 14-16=-807/2792, 4-16=-157/1164, 4-14=-150/394, 5-14=-979/280, 5-12=-641/95, 6-12=-103/766, 7-12=-610/168, 7-11=-384/171, 8-11=-578/2914

### NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 18-7-8, Exterior(2E) 18-7-8 to 20-11-8, Interior(1) 20-11-8 to 22-11-8, Exterior(2R) 22-11-8 to 26-7-2, Interior(1) 26-7-2 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions
- shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 10, 18 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

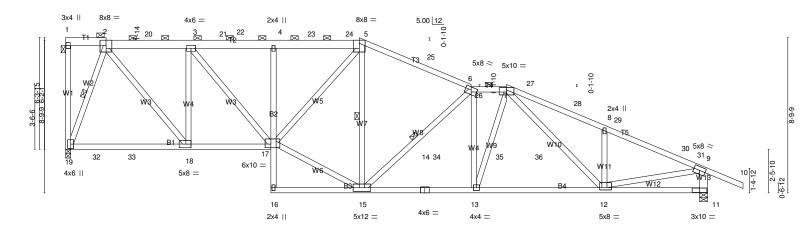
  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 477 lb uplift at joint 10 and 381 lb uplift at joint 18.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP G7 Roof Special Job Reference (optional)

8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:42 2021 Page 1
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-opzMYUX3VnxAqIMrPRYu9hxEWsBKPG6GDXpAOUz5imR Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 30-6-0 5-6-8 10-6-12-11-0 2-3-8 24-11-8 36-0-8 5-6-8 36-4-038-4-0 0-3-8 2-0-0

Scale = 1:65.2



10-6-12 8-1-2 1-11-02<sub>1</sub>3<sub>1</sub>8 1-11-00-4-8 22-11-8 11-7-8 16-7-8 30-6-0 -00<sup>1</sup>4<sup>1</sup>8 4-8-0 4-8-0 5-0-0 6-4-0 [2:0-3-14,Edge], [5:0-4-2,Edge], [6:0-4-0,0-2-0], [7:0-5-0,0-1-11], [12:0-1-8,0-1-8], [17:0-4-0,0-2-8], [18:0-3-8,0-2-8] Plate Offsets (X,Y)--LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL (loc) I/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL TC Plate Grip DOL Vert(LL) -0.22 12-13 240 MT20 197/144 1.15 0.72 >999 (Roof Snow TCDL 30.0) BC 0.88 -0.39 12-13 180 Lumber DOL 1.15 Vert(CT) >999 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.94 Horz(CT) -0.10 19 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 210 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-9-3 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-10-2 max.): 1-5, 6-7.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing

5-15, 6-15, 2-19

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\* T3: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E, T4: 2x4 SPF No.2, T5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W13: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=2185/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 19=1971/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 11=-376(LC 10)
Max Uplift11=-478(LC 14), 19=-380(LC 14)
Max Grav 11=2689(LC 48), 19=2421(LC 47)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-20=-2272/557, 3-20=-2278/557, 3-21=-3108/755, 21-22=-3108/755, 4-22=-3108/755, 4-23=-3110/759,

23-24=-3103/759, 5-24=-3100/760, 5-25=-2535/673, 6-25=-2599/661, 6-26=-3267/767, 7-26=-3267/767 7-27=-3444/766, 27-28=-3508/758, 8-28=-3634/754, 8-29=-3404/673, 29-30=-3428/672, 30-31=-3619/656,

9-31=-3642/654, 9-11=-2619/639

19-32=-264/854, 32-33=-264/854, 18-33=-264/854, 17-18=-584/2318, 4-17=-762/187, 14-15=-956/3348, **BOT CHORD** 

14-34=956/3348, 13-34=956/3348, 13-35=933/3098, 35-36=933/3098, 12-36=933/3098, 11-12=-527/406 
2-18=-514/2354, 3-18=-1636/470, 3-17=-397/1323, 15-17=-784/2641, 5-17=-201/1264, 5-15=-447/168, 6-15=-1380/342, 6-13=-677/206, 7-13=-151/926, 7-12=-168/425, 8-12=-747/245, 9-12=-590/3146,

# NOTES-

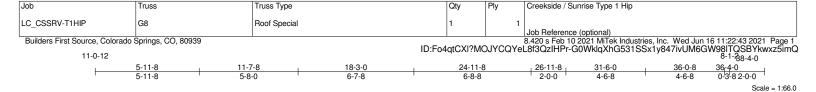
WEBS

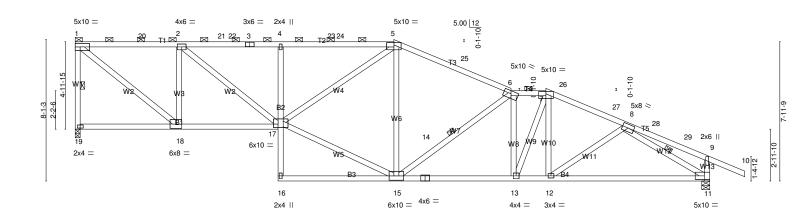
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 16-7-8, Exterior(2R) 16-7-8 to 20-3-2, Interior(1) 20-3-2 to 24-11-8, Exterior(2R) 24-11-8 to 28-7-2, Interior(1) 28-7-2 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); ls=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates circleved to a plus of minus 2 degree haten about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 11, 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 478 lb uplift at joint 11 and 380 lb uplift at joint 19.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.





11-0-12								0-1-2
1	5-11-8	11-7-8	18-3-0	1	24-11-8	26-11-8	36-4-0	1
	5-11-8	5-8-0	6-7-8		6-8-8	2-0-0	9-4-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [5:0-5	5-0,0-1-11], [6:0-5-0,0-2-0], [7:	:0-5-0,0-1-11], [11:0-6	6-8,0-2-8], [17:0-3-4,0-2	-8], [18:0-3-8,0-3-0	]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 2014	CSI. TC 0.93 BC 0.90 WB 0.81 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) I/d -0.24 4-17 >9 -0.42 11-12 >9 -0.15 19 r	99 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 189 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

(2-7-0 max.): 1-5, 6-7.

1 Row at midpt

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-10-2 oc bracing.

1-19, 6-15, 8-11

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T1: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E, T3,T2: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=2181/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-9), 19=1977/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 11=-328(LC 10)
Max Uplift11=-474(LC 14), 19=-381(LC 14)
Max Grav 11=2597(LC 36), 19=2477(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

1-19=-2421/538, 1-20=-2599/575, 2-20=-2599/575, 2-21=-3963/890, 21-22=-3963/890, 3-22=-3963/890, 3-4=-3963/890, 4-23=-3969/896, 23-24=-3965/896, 5-24=-3965/896, 5-25=-2733/702, 6-25=-2790/690,

6-7=-3240/805, 7-26=-3086/737, 26-27=-3164/729, 8-27=-3293/723, 9-11=-670/257 17-18=-606/2599, 4-17=-925/225, 14-15=-1005/3263, 13-14=-1005/3263, 12-13=-930/2933, 11-12=-992/2848

BOT CHORD 1-18=-705/3296, 2-18=-1942/509, 2-17=-473/1754, 15-17=-801/2748, 5-17=-297/1773, 5-15=-544/191, **WEBS** 

6-15=-1230/342, 6-13=-905/258, 7-13=-261/993, 8-12=-12/443, 8-11=-3314/717

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 18-3-0, Exterior(2R) 18-3-0 to 21-10-10, Interior(1) 21-10-10 to 26-11-8, Exterior(2R) 26-11-8 to 30-7-2, Interior(1) 30-7-2 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); ls=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- of hates cleaved to a plus of minus 2 degree haten about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 11, 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 474 lb uplift at joint 11 and 381 lb uplift at joint 19.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



20-3-0

4-3-12

26-11-8

6-8-8

11-6-12

4-3-12

11-7-8

5-8-0

32-6-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

5-17, 7-16, 9-12

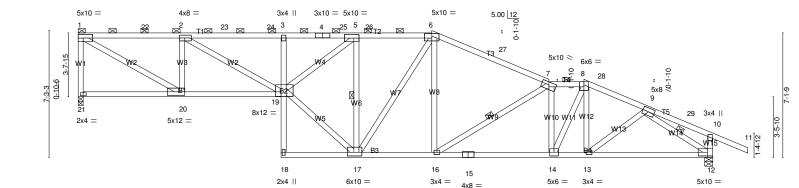
truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

28-11-8

2-0-0

Scale = 1:66.0

36<sub>-</sub>4-0 0-3-8 2-0-0



11-6-12 8-1-2 5-11-8 5-11-8 5-8-0 4-3-12 6-8-8 2-0-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-3-8,0-2-0], [5:0-3-8,0-2-8], [6:0-5-0,0-1-11], [7:0-5-0,0-2-0], [12:0-6-8,0-2-8], [17:0-4-8,0-2-8], [19:0-3-12,0-3-4], [20:0-3-8,0-2-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. **DEFL** I/defl I/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 30.0 Plate Grip DOL 0.96 Vert(LL) 240 197/144 1.15 -0.41 18 >999 MT20 (Roof Snow TCDL 30.0) BC 0.92 Lumber DOL 1.15 Vert(CT) -0.66 18 >653 180 15.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.96 Horz(CT) -0.21 21 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 185 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

(2-1-2 max.): 1-6, 7-8.

1 Row at midpt

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T1: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E, T3: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E

5-11-8

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* B1: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E **WEBS** 

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except

W2: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=2181/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 21=1977/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 12=-277(LC 10)
Max Uplift12=-474(LC 14), 21=-381(LC 14)
Max Grav 12=2493(LC 36), 21=2551(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-21=-2491/520, 1-22=-3760/734, 2-22=-3760/734, 2-23=-5726/1176, 23-24=-5726/1176, 3-24=-5726/1176,

3-4=-5676/1170, 4-25=-5676/1170, 5-25=-5676/1170, 5-26=-3068/719, 6-26=-3064/720, 6-27=-3120/740,

7-27=-3178/727, 7-8=-3400/828, 8-28=-3030/726, 9-28=-3136/720, 10-12=-594/249 19-20=-779/3760, 3-19=-645/149, 16-17=-763/2870, 15-16=-1034/3441, 14-15=-1034/3441, 13-14=-917/2850,

BOT CHORD

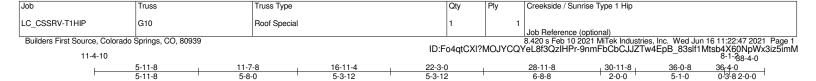
12-13-309/2-57 1-20-844/4278, 2-20--2019/487, 2-19--544/2272, 17-19--918/3927, 5-19--679/3359, 5-17--2752/550, 6-17--348/366, 6-16--114/718, 7-16--1119/316, 7-14--1150/317, 8-14--308/1334, 8-13--307/92,

9-13=-76/681, 9-12=-3082/677

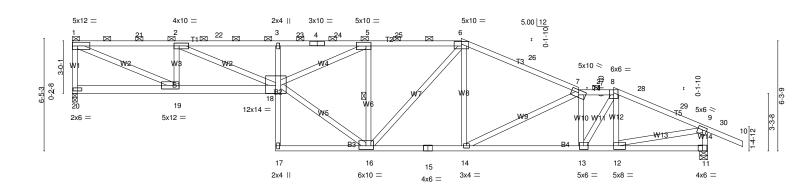
## NOTES-

WFBS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 20-3-0, Exterior(2R) 20-3-0 to 23-10-10, Interior(1) 23-10-10 to 28-11-8, Exterior(2R) 28-11-8 to 32-7-1, Interior(1) 32-7-1 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 12, 21 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 474 lb uplift at joint 12 and 381 lb uplift at joint 21.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Scale = 1:65.9



11-4-10							8-1-2
1	5-11-8	11-7-8	16-11-4	22-3-0	28-11-8	, 30-11-8	36-4-0
	5-11-8	5-8-0	5-3-12	5-3-12	6-8-8	2-0-0	5-4-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0	-3-8,0-2-0], [5:0-3-8,0-2	?-8], [6:0-5-0,0-1-11], <u> </u>	[7:0-5-0,0-2-0], [9:0-2-12,0-2-0]	, [12:0-3-8,0-2-8], [16:0-4-1	2,0-2-8], [18:0-6-12,Edge],	[19:0-3-8,0-2-8]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip E Lumber DO Rep Stress Code IRC20	L 1.15	CSI. TC 0.97 BC 1.00 WB 0.96 Matrix-MS	<b>DEFL.</b> in Vert(LL) -0.53 Vert(CT) -0.82 Horz(CT) -0.21	(loc) I/defl L/d 17 >822 240 17 >526 180 20 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 186	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144 6 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

WEBS

(2-2-0 max.): 1-6, 7-8.

1 Row at midpt

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

5-16

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E \*Except\* T4,T5: 2x4 SPF No.2

**BOT CHORD** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except B1: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except **WEBS** 

W2,W5,W4: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 11=2181/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 20=1977/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

(ID/SIZE) 11=239(LC 10) Max Horz 11=-239(LC 10) Max Uplift11=-475(LC 14), 20=-380(LC 14) Max Grav 11=2379(LC 36), 20=2614(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-20=-2527/497, 1-21=-4908/886, 2-21=-4908/886, 2-22=-7555/1442, 3-22=-7555/1442, 3-23=-7523/1441,

4-23=-7523/1441, 4-24=-7523/1441, 5-24=-7523/1441, 5-25=-3699/787, 6-25=-3695/788, 6-26=-3531/780,

7-26=-3588/767, 7-27=-3706/852, 8-27=-3706/852, 8-28=-3040/697, 28-29=-3056/689, 9-29=-3113/681, 9-11=-2318/648

18-19=-933/4908, 3-18=-685/159, 15-16=-802/3250, 14-15=-802/3250, 13-14=-1059/3769, 12-13=-888/2859, **BOT CHORD** 

11-12=-406/287

1-19=-967/5278, 2-19=-2072/469, 2-18=-621/2905, 16-18=-919/4320, 5-18=-803/4295, 5-16=-2774/532,

6-16=-151/675, 6-14=-72/576, 7-14=-994/284, 7-13=-1402/364, 8-13=-363/1715, 8-12=-570/153,

# NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 22-3-0, Exterior(2R) 22-3-0 to 25-10-10, Interior(1) 25-10-10 to 30-11-8, Exterior(2R) 30-11-8 to 34-7-2, Interior(1) 34-7-2 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

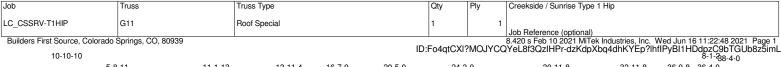
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates cleaved to a plus of minus 2 degree haten about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 11, 20 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 475 lb uplift at joint 11 and 380 lb uplift at joint 20.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-8-1 max.): 1-7, 8-9.

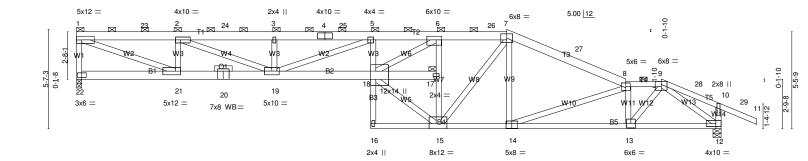
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. 1 Brace at Jt(s): 1, 17

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

Scale = 1:64.9

10-10-10 32-11-8 36-4-0 11-1-13 20-5-0 30-11-8 5-8-11 5-8-11 5-5-3 3-10-0 3-10-0 6-8-8 2-0-0 3-1-0 0-3-8 2-0-0



10-10-10						8-1-2
	5-8-11 11-1-13	16-7-0	20-5-0	24-3-0	30-11-8	36-4-0
	5-8-11 5-5-3	5-5-3	3-10-0	3-10-0	6-8-8	5-4-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-3	3-8,0-2-0], [6:0-3-12,0-2-8], [9:0-4-2,Edge]	, [12:0-6-8,0-2-0], [14:0-4-0,0-3	-4], [15:0-4-12,Edg	e], [18:0-7-0,0-3-8],	[21:0-3-8,0-2-8]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0)	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.59 BC 0.95	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT)	in (loc) I/d -0.74 18-19 >5 -1.15 18-19 >3	85 240	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144
TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDI 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	WB 0.97 Matrix-MS	Horz(CT		n/a n/a	Weight: 202 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

JOINTS

LUMBER.

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\* T4,T5: 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except

B1,B2: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E, B5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* **WEBS** 

W2,W5: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E, W6: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E

OTHERS 2x4 SPF No 2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 12=2181/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 22=1977/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 12=-205(LC 10) Max Uplift12=-478(LC 14), 22=-378(LC 14)

Max Grav 12=2256(LC 36), 22=2668(LC 35)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-22=-2568/480, 1-23=-5674/973, 2-23=-5674/973, 2-24=-9024/1586, 3-24=-9024/1586, 3-4=-9024/1586,

4-25=-9024/1586, 5-25=-9024/1586, 5-6=-10062/1879, 6-26=-4306/881, 7-26=-4301/882, 7-27=-4008/834, 8-27=-4052/821, 8-9=-4006/855, 10-12=-600/260

20-21=-1009/5674, 19-20=-1009/5674, 18-19=-1927/10062, 14-15=-851/3695, 13-14=-1059/4110, **BOT CHORD** 

12-13=-777/2588

1-21=-1035/5966, 2-21=-2141/449, 2-19=-674/3617, 3-19=-781/178, 15-17=-4046/739, 6-17=-3970/719,

7-15=-108/1017, 7-14=-30/424, 8-14=-855/220, 8-13=-1757/438, 9-13=-470/2332, 9-12=-3155/650,

5-19=-1158/315, 6-18=-1215/6657, 15-18=-1089/5341

### NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-9-6, Interior(1) 3-9-6 to 24-3-0, Exterior(2R) 24-3-0 to 27-10-10, Interior(1) 27-10-10 to 32-11-8, Exterior(2R) 32-11-8 to 36-7-2, Interior(1) 36-7-2 to 38-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates criecated to a piece in finite of beginning to degree in content about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

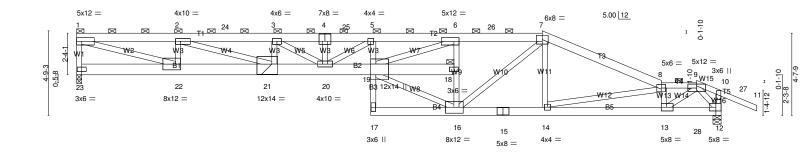
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 12, 22 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 478 lb uplift at joint 12 and 378 lb uplift at joint 22.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.





34-11-8 36-0-8 | 38-4-0 2-0-0 1-1-0 2-0-0 14-0-2 11-1-13 32-11-8 5-8-11 5-8-11 5-5-3 4-10-0 6-8-8 0-3-8 Scale = 1:64.9



10-4-10 8-1-2 36-4-0 5-8-11 5-5-3 2-10-5 2-6-13 4-10-0 4-10-0 6-8-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[2:0-3-8,0-2-0], [4:0-4-0,0-5-0], [6:0-3-8,0-2-8], [9:0-6-0,0-1-5]. [12:0-4-8,0-2-8], [13:0-3-8,0-2-8], [16:0-5-12,0-4-0], [19:0-7-0,0-3-8], [21:0-4-0,0-7-0], [22:0-3-8,0-4-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL (loc) I/defl **PLATES** GRIP TCLL 30.0 Plate Grip DOL TC 0.95 Vert(LL) -0.93 19-20 >465 240 118/123 1.15 MT20 (Roof Snow 30.0) BC -1.41 19-20 Lumber DOL 1.15 0.92 Vert(CT) >306 180 15.0 Rep Stress Incr NO WB 0.94 Horz(CT) -0.29 23 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2018/TPI2014 Matrix-MS Weight: 237 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

**JOINTS** 

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-4-15 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-1-8 max.): 1-7, 8-9.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

9-7-12 oc bracing: 20-21 8-11-11 oc bracing: 19-20.

1 Brace at Jt(s): 1, 18

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\* T4,T5: 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\*

B1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E, B3: 2x4 SPF No.2, B2: 1 1/2" x 7 1/4" 2.0E Microllam® LVL

**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W2,W7: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E, W8: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=2121/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 23=1974/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 12=-171(LC 6)

Max Uplift12=-537(LC 10), 23=-378(LC 10) Max Grav 12=2278(LC 31), 23=2710(LC 31)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

1-23=-2566/385, 1-2=-6965/1008, 2-24=-10551/1526, 3-24=-10551/1526, 3-4=-12060/1762, 4-25=-12058/1762, 5-25=-12058/1762, 5-6=-12023/1789, 6-26=-5372/850, 7-26=-5368/851, 7-8=-4557/731, 8-9=-4091/700,

10-12=-577/223

21-22=-951/6965, 20-21=-1528/10880, 19-20=-1731/12023, 15-16=-663/4170, 14-15=-663/4170,

13-14=-787/4293, 13-28=-314/1656, 12-28=-314/1656

1-22=-999/7112, 2-22=-2108/366, 2-21=-550/3815, 3-21=-1364/247, 16-19=-856/5785, 6-19=-993/7038, 16-18=-3630/554, 6-18=-3379/517, 7-16=-179/1598, 7-14=0/338, 8-14=-606/127, 8-13=-2077/416, 9-13=-558/3139, 9-12=-2504/343, 5-19=-389/88, 3-20=-210/1396, 4-20=-347/67

### NOTES-

**WEBS** 

**BOT CHORD** 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=36ft; eave=5ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 12, 23 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 537 lb uplift at joint 12 and 378 lb uplift at joint 23.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

  13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 123 lb down and 257 lb up at 34-11-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others
- 14) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-90, 7-8=-90, 8-9=-90, 9-10=-90, 10-11=-90, 19-23=-20, 12-17=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 28=62(B)



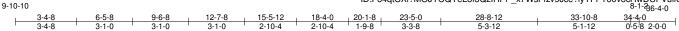
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

1 3 Job Reference (optional)
8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:53 2021 Page 1
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-\_x7WsFfzv9Jce?iyYFFT60v8cHwDUFVulkzFHMz5imG
8-1-36-4-0

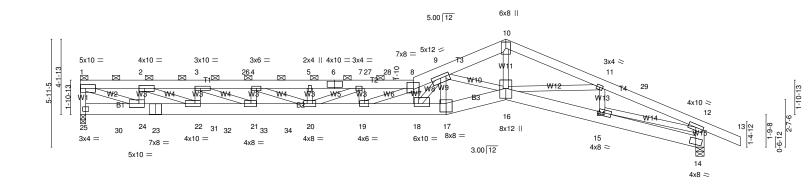
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and

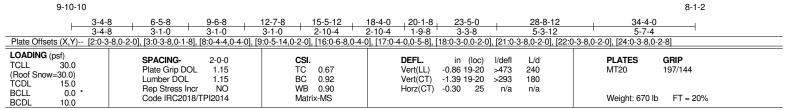
2-0-0 oc purlins (5-3-2 max.): 1-8

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



Scale: 3/16"=1"





BRACING-TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\*

T3: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* **BOT CHORD** WEBS

W2,W8: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E, W9: 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E, W15: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 14=3631/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 25=5919/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horzi 14=3631(LC 49)
Max Uplift14=-754(LC 10), 25=-1108(LC 10)
Max Grav 14=3631(LC 1), 25=6392(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

1-25=-5809/1023, 1-2=-13238/2335, 2-3=-23311/4119, 3-26=-30675/5454, 4-26=-30675/5454, 4-5=-34150/6119, 5-6=-34150/6119, 6-27=-34150/6119, 7-27=-34150/6119, 7-28=-32255/5836, 8-28=-32255/5836,

8-9=-28018/5173, 9-10=-11946/2260, 10-11=-11806/2229, 11-29=-8983/1711, 12-29=-9151/1696,

12-14=-3668/802

BOT CHORD 25-30=-110/585, 24-30=-110/585, 23-24=-2291/13238, 23-31=-2291/13238, 22-31=-2291/13238

22-32=4075/23311, 21-32=4075/23311, 21-33=-5410/30675, 33-34=-5410/30675, 20-34=-5410/306

14-15=-363/1560

1-24=-2401/13741, 2-24=-4728/857, 2-22=-1952/11020, 3-22=-3691/684, 3-21=-1461/8056, 4-21=-2043/402,

4-20=-728/3993, 5-20=-314/202, 7-20=-1126/2213, 7-19=-1664/327, 8-19=-950/5502, 9-17=-2596/501

9-16=-7594/1396, 10-16=-1610/8826, 11-16=-433/2974, 11-15=-1500/352, 12-15=-1225/6720, 8-18=-13178/2398,

9-18=-2426/13612

### NOTES-

**WEBS** 

1) 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-7-0 oc, 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-7-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 3 rows staggered at 0-4-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc, Except member 2-24 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc, member 8-18 2x4 - 1 row at 0-4-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been
- provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

  3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 8) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- and any other members.

  11) Bearing at joint(s) 14, 25 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 754 lb uplift at joint 14 and 1108 lb uplift at joint 25.

  13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 15) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 507 lb down and 106 lb up at 2-0-12, 507 lb down and 106 lb up at 4-0-12, 507 lb down and 106 lb up at 6-0-12, 507 lb down and 106 lb up at 8-0-12, 507 lb down and 106 lb up at 10-0-12, and 507 lb down and 106 lb up at 11-4-12, and 2575 lb down and 488 lb up at 12-7-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	G13	Roof Special Girder	1	3	Job Reference (optional)

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

| JOO Helerence (opuoriar) 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:53 2021 Page 2 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-\_x7WsFfzv9Jce?iyYFFT60v8cHwDUFVulkzFHMz5imG

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-8=-90, 8-10=-90, 10-12=-90, 12-13=-90, 17-25=-20, 16-17=-20, 14-16=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 23=-507(B) 20=-2575(B) 30=-507(B) 31=-507(B) 32=-507(B) 33=-507(B) 34=-507(B)

Job Truss	Tru	russ Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP GC1	Ja	ack-Open	1	1	Job Reference (optional)
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs		-0-8-0 8-1-2 ID:Fo 2-9-7 0-8-0 2-9-7	4qtCXI?M	OJYCQY	8.420 s Feb 16 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:54 2021 Page 1 9L8f3QzIHPr-57hu3bgbgTRTG9H96ymifDRR7hTwDvp1_Ojppoz5imF 3-0-15 0-3-8
	Ī				Scale = 1:13.3

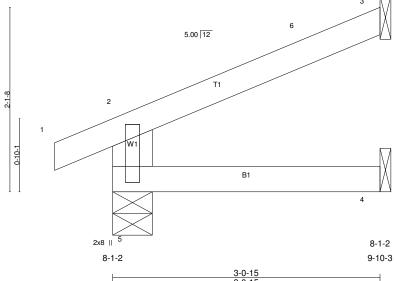


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [5:0-	4-12,0-1-0]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.17 BC 0.12 WB 0.00 Matrix-MR	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         0.01         4-5         >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.01         4-5         >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.01         3         n/a         n/a	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144  Weight: 9 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-0-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E WEBS

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=247/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=107/Mechanical, 4=34/Mechanical Max Horz 5=87(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-56(LC 14), 3=-47(LC 14)

Max Grav 5=329(LC 19), 3=145(LC 19), 4=52(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-310/186  $\,$ 

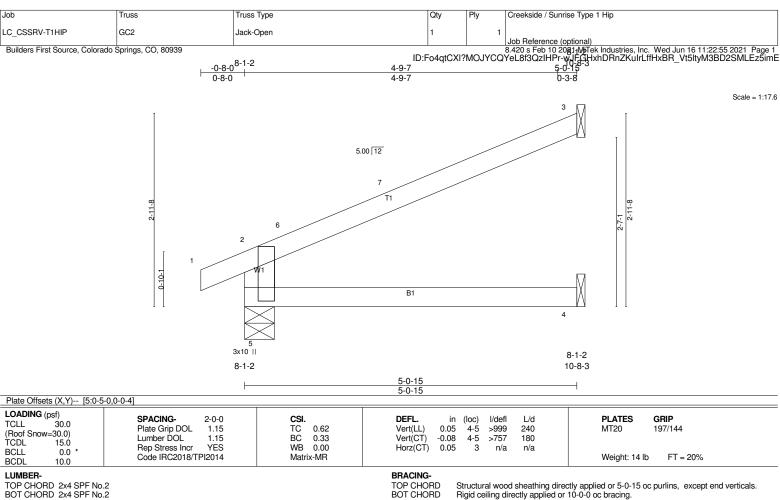
## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-8-0 to 2-4-0, Interior(1) 2-4-0 to 3-0-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 56 lb uplift at joint 5 and 47 lb uplift at joint 3.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=351/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=190/Mechanical, 4=66/Mechanical Max Horz 5=119(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-69(LC 14), 3=-78(LC 14)

Max Grav 5=483(LC 19), 3=270(LC 19), 4=92(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-463/248  $\,$ 

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-8-0 to 2-4-0, Interior(1) 2-4-0 to 5-0-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads. 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 69 lb uplift at joint 5 and 78 lb uplift at joint 3.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

LC CSSRV-T1HIP GC3 Jack-Open | 1 | Job Reference (optional) 8.420 s Feb 16 2621 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:22:56 2021 Page 1 ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-QWoftJJHhrC4hBVSQXDNpAkeXnYV9mhpJKRiCwtgz5imD 2-5-7 2-8-15 Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -1-0-0 1-0-0 5.00 12 2x4 || T1 2 W1 0-11-12 B1 2x4 || 8-1-2 9-10-3 8-1-2 2-8-15 2-8-15 LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 SPACING-DEFL I/defI **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC BC 0.18 Vert(LL) 0.00 4-5 >999 240 MT20 197/144 (Roof Snow 30.0) 1.15 Vert(CT) -0.00 4-5 >999 180 Lumber DOL 0.10 TCDL 15.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.00 Horz(CT) -0.01 n/a n/a

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip

Weight: 9 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

FT = 20%

BCDL LUMBER-

Job

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

0.0

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=273/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=86/Mechanical, 4=22/Mechanical

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

Max Horz 5=94(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-72(LC 14), 3=-41(LC 14)

Truss

Truss Type

Max Grav 5=367(LC 19), 3=117(LC 19), 4=44(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-339/208  $\,$ 

# NOTES-

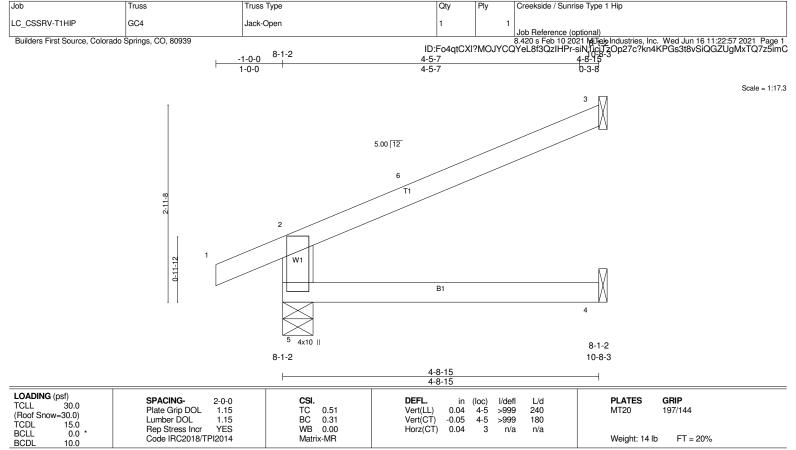
1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 2-8-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for

Matrix-MR

- members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 72 lb uplift at joint 5 and 41 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=371/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=173/Mechanical, 4=57/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=127(LC 14) Max Uplift5=-83(LC 14), 3=-73(LC 14)

Max Grav 5=512(LC 19), 3=246(LC 19), 4=85(LC 5)

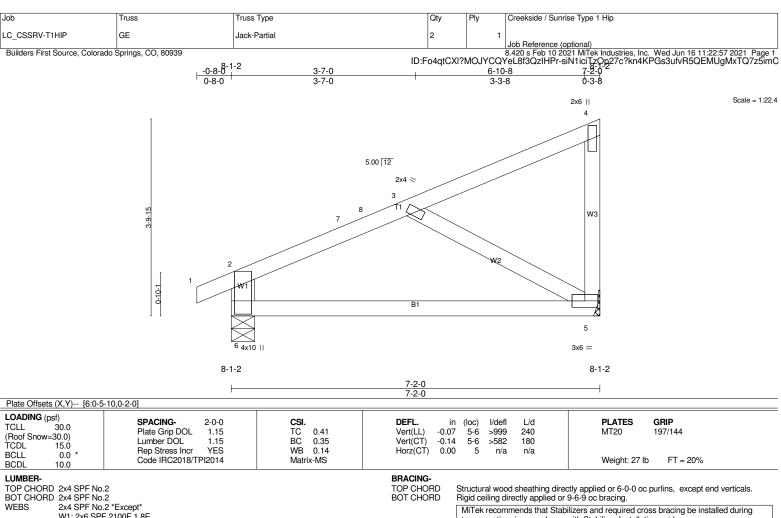
FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-488/266

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 4-8-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for
- members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 83 lb uplift at joint 5 and 73 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* W1: 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=459/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=368/Mechanical Max Horz 6=174(LC 11) Max Uplift6=-111(LC 14), 5=-78(LC 11)

Max Grav 6=592(LC 19), 5=501(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

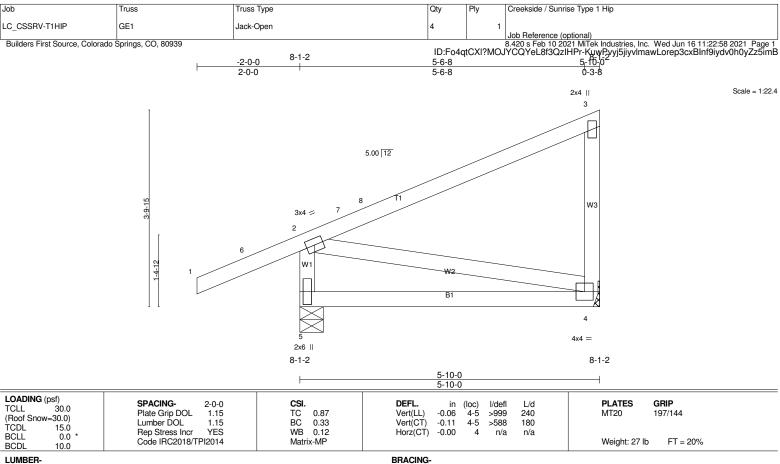
TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2-6=-516/284, 2-7=-578/190, 7-8=-451/196, 3-8=-435/200

5-6=-369/444 3-5=-479/353 WEBS

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-8-0 to 2-4-0, Interior(1) 2-4-0 to 7-0-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 111 lb uplift at joint 6 and 78 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-6-2 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

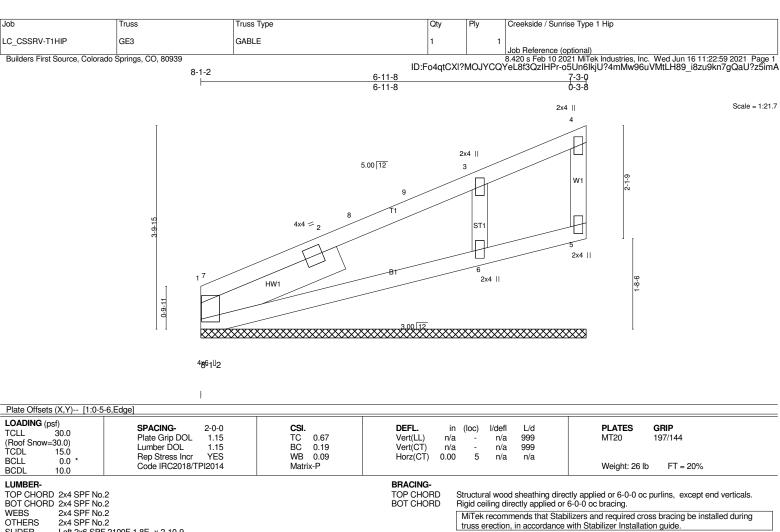
**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=535/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=267/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=184(LC 11) Max Uplift5=-215(LC 14), 4=-120(LC 11) Max Grav 5=687(LC 19), 4=372(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-632/434, 3-4=-317/293

BOT CHORD 4-5=-374/253 WFRS 2-4=-220/350

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 5-8-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 215 lb uplift at joint 5 and 120 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Left 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E -x 2-10-9 SLIDER

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=238/7-3-0 (min. 0-1-9), 5=-29/7-3-0 (min. 0-1-9), 6=564/7-3-0 (min. 0-1-9)

Max Horz 1=137(LC 11)

Max Uplift1=-18(LC 14), 5=-36(LC 18), 6=-158(LC 14) Max Grav 1=306(LC 18), 5=30(LC 14), 6=760(LC 18)

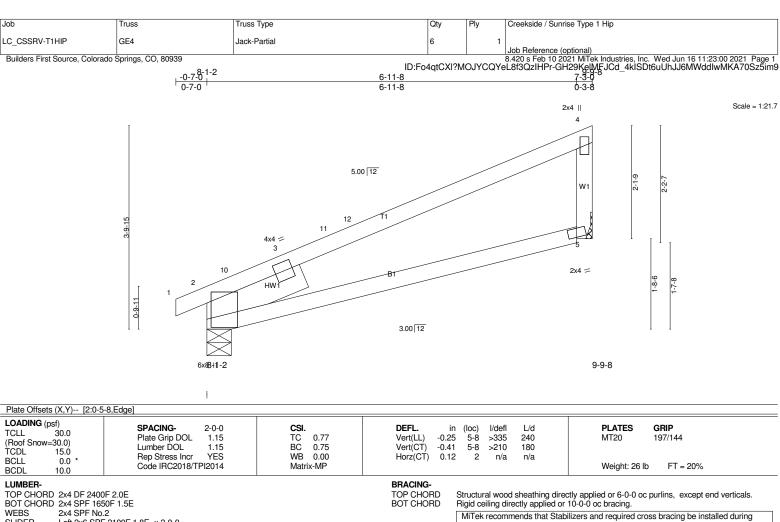
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 3-6=-652/458

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-14 to 3-0-14, Interior(1) 3-0-14 to 7-1-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing. 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0and any other members.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 18 lb uplift at joint 1, 36 lb uplift at joint 5 and 158 lb uplift at joint 6.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 5, 6.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

TOP CHORD 2x4 DF 2400F 2.0E

Left 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E -x 2-0-0 SLIDER

**REACTIONS.** (Ib/size) 2=445/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=389/Mechanical Max Horz 2=126(LC 11) Max Uplift2=-91(LC 14), 5=-86(LC 14)

Max Grav 2=564(LC 19), 5=527(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

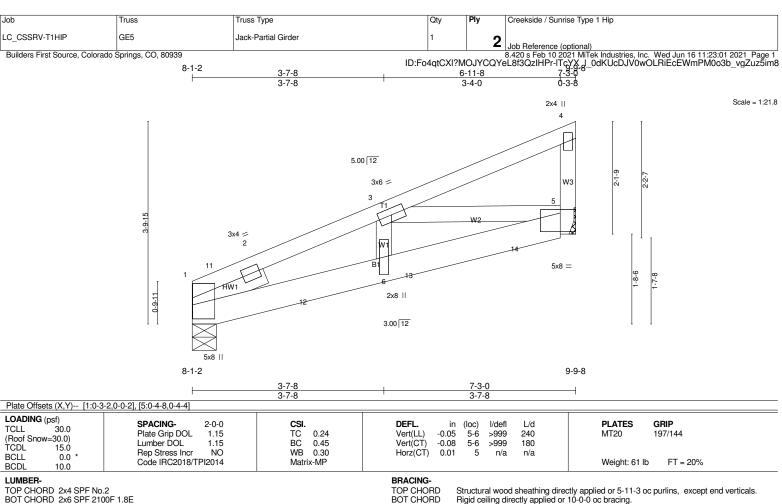
TOP CHORD 2-10=-386/0, 2-3=-505/101, 4-5=-400/268

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -0-7-0 to 2-5-0, Interior(1) 2-5-0 to 7-1-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 91 lb uplift at joint 2 and 86 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E WFRS 2x4 SPF No.2

Left 2x4 SPF No.2 -x 1-6-0 SLIDER

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=1945/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 5=2457/Mechanical

Max Horz 1=119(LC 24)

Max Uplift1=-351(LC 10), 5=-468(LC 10) Max Grav 1=2063(LC 14), 5=2595(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

1-11=-4158/718, 1-2=-3739/660, 2-3=-4405/786

1-12=-724/3868, 6-12=-777/4168, 6-13=-708/3777, 13-14=-757/4082, 5-14=-811/4375 3-6=-302/1697, 3-5=-4006/772 BOT CHORD

**WEBS** 

# NOTES-

2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 2 rows staggered at 0-7-0 oc.

  Webs connected as follows: 2x4 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

  2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been
- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all piles, except in hoted as into (F) or observe the provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

  3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

  4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 1 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 351 lb uplift at joint 1 and 468 lb uplift at joint 5.

  12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

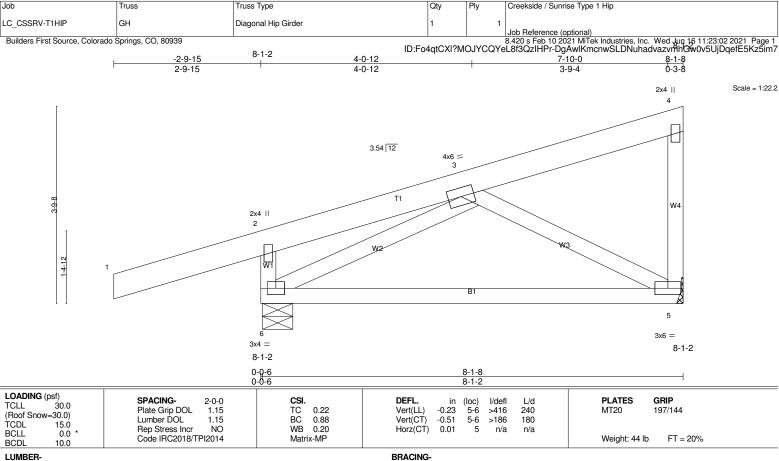
- 13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1208 lb down and 238 lb up at 2-0-12, and 1218 lb down and 234 lb up at 4-0-12, and 1193 lb down and 232 lb up at 6-0-12 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-90, 5-7=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 12=-1208(B) 13=-1218(B) 14=-1193(B)



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=684/0-7-0 (min. 0-1-8), 5=665/Mechanical

Max Horz 6=198(LC 7)
Max Uplift6=-225(LC 10), 5=-138(LC 7) Max Grav 6=813(LC 15), 5=793(LC 15)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-6=-475/253, 4-5=-402/124

**BOT CHORD** 5-6=-176/480

WFRS 3-6=-553/10, 3-5=-547/162

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil
- and any other members.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 225 lb uplift at joint 6 and 138 lb uplift at joint 5.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

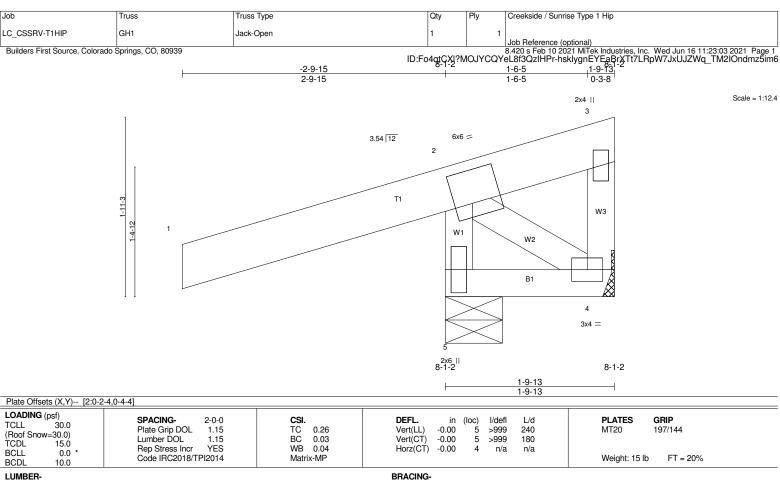
11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf

Vert: 2=-4(F=43, B=43)-to-4=-223(F=-66, B=-66), 6=0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-49(F=-15, B=-15)



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-9-13 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=612/0-7-6 (min. 0-1-8), 4=-177/Mechanical Max Horz 5=112(LC 13) Max Uplift5=-310(LC 14), 4=-243(LC 19)

Max Grav 5=820(LC 19), 4=129(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-5=-805/685, 3-4=-299/259

## NOTES-

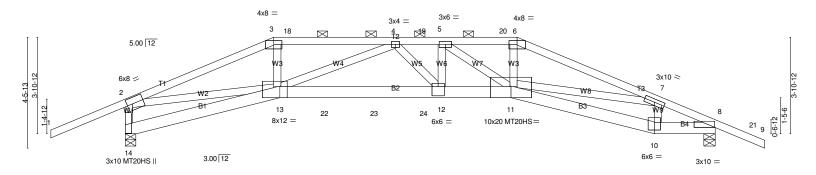
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 310 lb uplift at joint 5 and 243 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP Н1 Hip Girder Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -3-0-0 3-0-0 4-11-0 1-10-7

Scale = 1:46.5



8-	1-2				8-1-2
	6-3-0	12-9-7	15-7-0	21-4-8	3 23-10-0
	6-3-0	6-6-7	2-9-9	5-9-8	2-5-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2	-9,0-3-0], [3:0-4-0,0-1-13], [6:0-4-0,0-1-13],	[8:0-0-4,0-0-0], [10:0-3-0,0-3-	3-12], [12:0-3-0,0-4-8], [13:0-3-8,Edge	]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.92 BC 0.68 WB 0.68 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.38 12-13 >	/defl L/d /742 240 475 180 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144 MT20HS 148/108 Weight: 223 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E **BOT CHORD** 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E **WEBS** 

2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* W2: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

(3-11-6 max.): 3-6.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 13-14

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 14=3637/0-5-3 (min. 0-2-6), 8=2908/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-0)

Max Horz 14=-128(LC 46) Max Uplift14=-838(LC 10), 8=-639(LC 10) Max Grav 14=3868(LC 29), 8=3153(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 

7-8=-5936/1082, 2-14=-3815/843 13-14=-124/326, 13-22=-1975/11513, 22-23=-1975/11513, 23-24=-1975/11513, 12-24=-1975/11513, 11-12=-2036/11926, 10-11=-919/5418,

BOT CHORD WFRS 3-13=-540/3248, 4-13=-2741/510, 6-11=-537/3323, 7-11=-610/3792, 7-10=-1690/377, 2-13=-1503/8331, 5-12=-364/1893, 4-12=-216/882,

5-11=-3434/639

### NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-4-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated
- 9) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  11) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will and any other members.
- 12) Bearing at joint(s) 14 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 838 lb uplift at joint 14 and 639 lb uplift at joint 8.

  14) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 15) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

16) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1054 lb down and 245 lb up at 6-3-0, 367 lb down and 99 lb up at 8-0-12, 367 lb down and 99 lb up at 10-0-12, and 405 lb down and 101 lb up at 12-0-12, and 1283 lb down and 254 lb up at 12-9-7 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-3=-90, 3-6=-90, 6-9=-90, 13-14=-20, 11-13=-20, 10-11=-20, 10-15=-20

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	H1	Hip Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)

Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939

ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-dFs2NLoU4rqv4rcGFmTHbYO7a74mlk\_fWctuifz5im4

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 13=-1054(B) 12=-1283(B) 22=-367(B) 23=-367(B) 24=-405(B)

	Job	Truss	Truss Type	'	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip		
	LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	H2	Hip		1	1			
							Job Reference (optional)		
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939				8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:23:07 2021 Page 1					
				ID:Fe	o4qtCXI?I	MOJYCQY	eL8f3QzIHPr-Zdzpo1qlcT4dK8m	nfMBVlgzUT8xjQmhtyzwM?mYz5im2	
	-3-0-0	8-1-2 4-1-12	8-0-0	13-10-0		17-7-	4 21-4-8	23-6-8 23 <sup>8</sup> 10- <del>0</del> 25-10-0	
	3-0-0	4-1-12	3-10-4	5-10-0	- 1	3-9-4	3-9-4	2-2-0 0-3-8 2-0-0	

Scale: 1/4"=1'

8-1-2

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-4 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (2-2-0 max.): 4-5.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-3-12 oc bracing.

3-13

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

1 Row at midpt

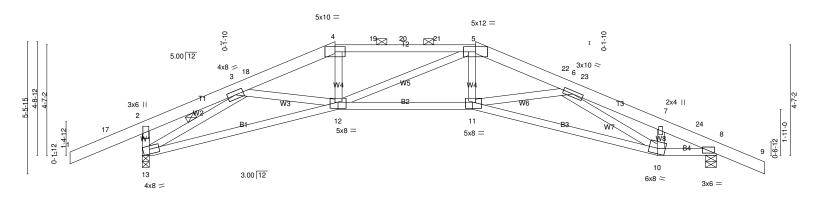


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [8:0-1-	8-1-8 8-1-8 -0,0-0-6], [10:0-4-0,0-2-10], [11:0-3-8,0-0-8	i], [12:0-4-0,0-0-8], [13:0-4-13	13-8-8 5-7-0 1,0-2-6]	21-4-8 7-8-0	+ 23-10-0 + 2-5-8
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.92 BC 0.86 WB 0.46 Matrix-MS	Vert(LL) -0.21	10-11 >690 180	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         197/144           Weight: 113 lb         FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

**BOT CHORD** 

**WEBS** 

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\*

T2: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

B3: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 8=1472/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-15), 13=1597/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 13=-146(LC 12) Max Uplift8=-342(LC 14), 13=-408(LC 14) Max Grav 8=1878(LC 33), 13=2022(LC 33)

8-1-2

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-271/97, 3-18=-3252/639, 4-18=-3206/651, 4-19=-2996/645, 19-20=-2996/645, 20-21=-2996/645, 5-21=-2996/645, 5-22=-3700/714, 6-23=-2773/571, 7-23=-2934/571, 7-24=-2991/539,

8-24=-3015/534, 2-13=-949/400

12-13=-393/2365, 11-12=-507/3438, 10-11=-661/3723, 8-10=-434/2652 BOT CHORD

3-12=-147/1000, 4-12=-42/730, 5-12=-571/126, 5-11=-127/1088, 6-11=-287/349, 6-10=-1191/283, **WEBS** 

3-13=-2694/525

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -3-0-0 to 0-1-12, Interior(1) 0-1-12 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2R) 8-0-0 to 12-2-15, Interior(1) 12-2-15 to 13-10-0, Exterior(2R) 13-10-0 to 18-0-15, Interior(1) 18-0-15 to 25-10-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates cleaved for a piece of minute of degree haten about its center.

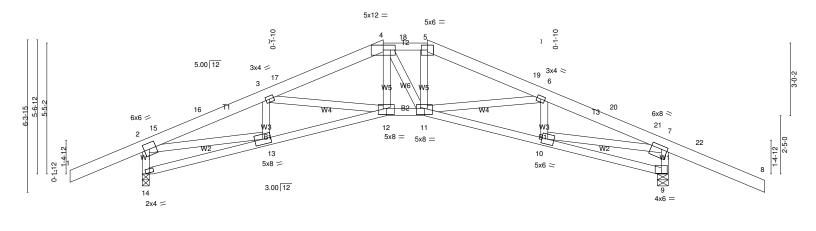
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3 and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 13 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 342 lb uplift at joint 8 and 408 lb uplift at joint 13.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip	)		
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	H3	Hip		1	1				
						Job Reference (optional)			
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:23:08 202									
	2.1.0		ID:Fo	o4qtCXI?N	10JYCQY	eL8f3QzIHPr-1qXB?NrNNn		A0kzK5aV5z5Ca6YI_	_z5im1
<sub>1</sub> -3-0-0	3-1-2 5-1-12	10-0-0	11-10-0	16-	8-4	21-4-8	21-970-6 <sup></sup>	25-10-0	
3-0-0	5-1-12	4-10-4	1-10-0	4-1	0-4	4-8-4	0-5-8	4-0-0	

Scale: 1/4"=1'



	5-1-12	10-1-8	11-8-8	16-8-4	21-10-0	1	
	5-1-12	4-11-12	1-7-0	4-11-12	5-1-12	7	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-9,0-3-0], [7:0-3-0,0-1-12], [11:0-4-0,0-0-8], [12:0-4-0,0-0-8]							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.53 BC 0.74 WB 0.66 Matrix-MS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT		0 MT20 0	<b>GRIP</b> 197/144	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E \*Except\*

8-1-2

T2: 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-2 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-5-2 max.): 4-5.

8-1-2

**BOT CHORD** 

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=1573/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 14=1453/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 14=-183(LC 12)

Max Uplift9=-441(LC 14), 14=-373(LC 14) Max Grav 9=2198(LC 33), 14=2015(LC 33)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

2-15=-3133/455, 15-16=-3103/455, 3-16=-2954/471, 3-17=-3000/405, 4-17=-2900/420, 4-18=-2711/442, 5-18=-2711/442, 5-19=-2896/431, 6-19=-2988/417, 6-20=-2765/456, 20-21=-2946/441, 7-21=-2977/440, TOP CHORD

2-14=-1965/499, 7-9=-2114/569

12-13=-299/2805, 11-12=-152/2718, 10-11=-263/2626

**BOT CHORD** 3-13=-507/126, 3-12=-201/258, 4-12=-67/743, 5-11=-21/690, 6-11=-96/330, 6-10=-499/125, 2-13=-323/2692, WEBS

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -3-0-0 to 0-1-12, Interior(1) 0-1-12 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2E) 10-0-0 to 11-10-0, Exterior(2R) 11-10-0 to 16-0-15, Interior(1) 16-0-15 to 25-10-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

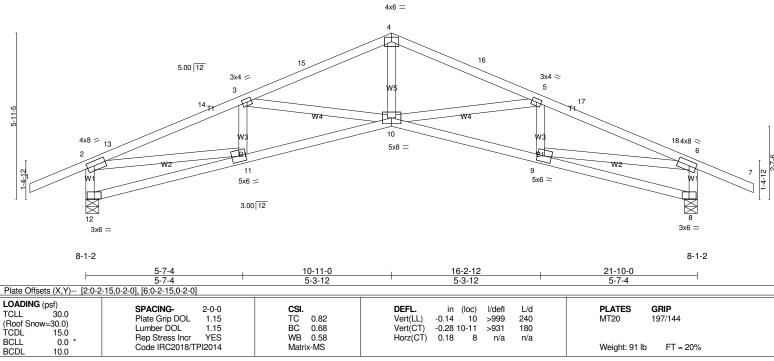
3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 9, 14 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 441 lb uplift at joint 9 and 373 lb uplift at joint 14.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip Qty LC CSSRV-T1HIP H4 Scissor Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-1-2 -2-0-0 10-11-0 2-0-0 5-3-12

Scale = 1:41.1



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WFRS 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 12=1378/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 8=1378/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 12=-179(LC 12)

Max Uplift12=-331(LC 14), 8=-331(LC 14)

Max Grav 12=1436(LC 19), 8=1436(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-13=-2745/673, 13-14=-2651/680, 3-14=-2565/690, 3-15=-2361/608, 4-15=-2264/618, 4-16=-2264/626, 5-16=-2361/616, 5-17=-2565/652,

17-18=-2651/642, 6-18=-2745/635, 2-12=-1391/493, 6-8=-1391/506

**BOT CHORD** 10-11=-561/2523, 9-10=-508/2523

4-10=-265/1292, 5-10=-419/191, 5-9=-426/176, 3-10=-419/176, 3-11=-427/170, 2-11=-497/2379, 6-9=-526/2379

# NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 10-11-0, Exterior(2R) 10-11-0 to 13-11-0, Interior(1) 13-11-0 to 23-10-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

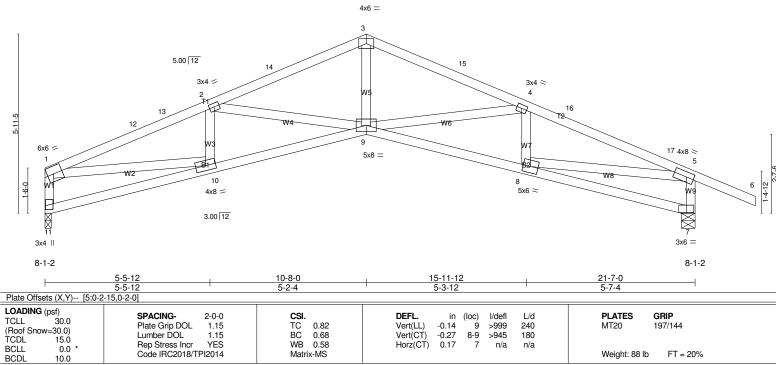
5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 12, 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 331 lb uplift at joint 12 and 331 lb uplift at joint 8.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip			
LC_CSSRV-T1HIP	H5	Scissor	1	1				
					Job Reference (optional)			
Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:23:10 2021 Page					Page 1			
8-1-2			ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPrCfxQ3sdvOSCBcVD2J3Slb6Qy8g0z0jOfubfNsz5im?					
0-1-2	5-5-12	10-8-0	15-11-12		21-1-8	21-7-02	23-7-0	1
	5-5-12	5-2-4	5-3-12		5-1-12	0-5-8	2-0-0	

Scale = 1:38.2



BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 11=1161/0-2-8 (min. 0-1-13), 7=1374/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 11=-177(LC 12)

Max Uplift11=-217(LC 14), 7=-332(LC 14)

Max Grav 11=1221(LC 19), 7=1431(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-12=-2716/674, 12-13=-2612/676, 2-13=-2537/684, 2-14=-2343/606, 3-14=-2245/616, 3-15=-2245/622, 4-15=-2344/612, 4-16=-2550/664,

16-17=-2636/655, 5-17=-2730/647, 1-11=-1190/341, 5-7=-1386/507

**BOT CHORD** 10-11=-122/254, 9-10=-555/2507, 8-9=-507/2509

2-10=-444/179, 2-9=-424/177, 3-9=-267/1292, 4-9=-427/191, 4-8=-423/176, 1-10=-510/2307, 5-8=-526/2366

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-8-0, Exterior(2R) 10-8-0 to 13-8-0, Interior(1) 13-8-0 to 23-7-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 11, 7 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 11.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 217 lb uplift at joint 11 and 332 lb uplift at joint 7.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip Qty LC CSSRV-T1HIP Н6 Scissor Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 8-6-2 1-10-8 10-8-0 0-5-8 1-10-8 4-4-12 4-4-12 5-3-12 5-1-12 2-0-0

Scale = 1:39.2

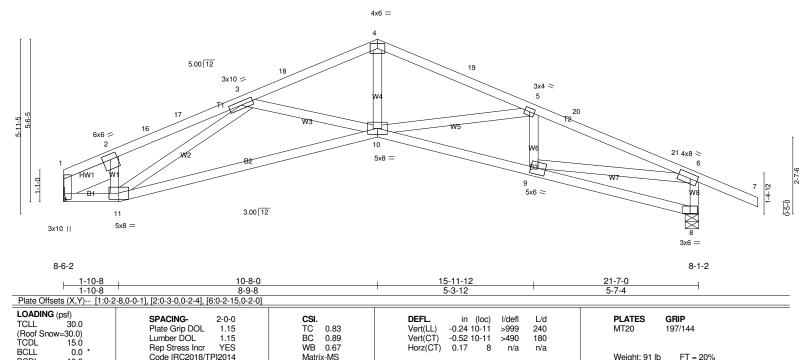
Weight: 91 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

FT = 20%



BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

BCDL LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

10.0

2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** SLIDER

Left 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E -x 1-10-12

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 1=1169/Mechanical, 8=1382/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=147(LC 13) Max Uplift1=-218(LC 14), 8=-335(LC 14)

Max Grav 1=1228(LC 19), 8=1437(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-16=-1639/475, 16-17=-1564/478, 3-17=-1557/486, 3-18=-2366/606, 4-18=-2285/616, 4-19=-2285/618, 5-19=-2384/608, 5-20=-2563/682,

20-21=-2649/672, 6-21=-2743/665, 6-8=-1390/509 1-11=-309/1418, 10-11=-589/2508, 9-10=-513/2523 BOT CHORD

WEBS 2-11=0/302, 3-11=-1227/325, 3-10=-390/215, 4-10=-277/1345, 5-10=-404/197, 5-9=-436/171, 6-9=-534/2376

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS willid. AGCE 7-10, Vull=1001pt (3-90-cm gust) vasua-foothpin, 100E-1-30st, DOEL-1-30st, E-2-fit, 640-cm, E-2-fit, 640-cm, Gaz, II, E-2-fit, 640-cm,

Matrix-MS

- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

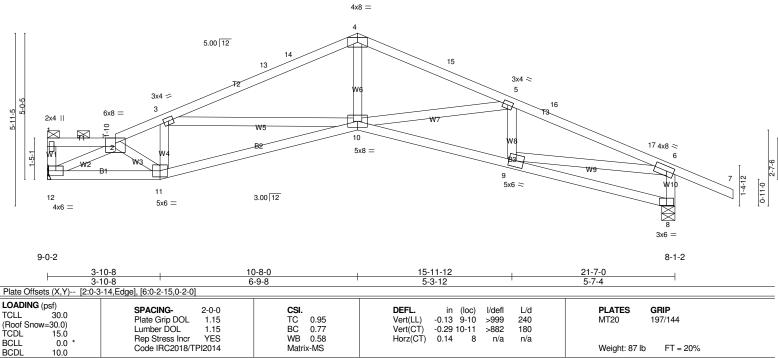
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 218 lb uplift at joint 1 and 335 lb uplift at joint 8.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip | 1 | Job Reference (optional) | 8.420 s Feb 10 2021 MTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:23:12 2021 Page 1 | ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-wbnirlutQ?iwQwfc9k5wN0BKSyR?RvEh7C4mQiz5ilz | 15-11-12 | 21-1-8 | 21-7-10 | 23-7-0 | 5-1-12 | 0-5-8 | 2-0-0 LC CSSRV-T1HIP H7 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 9-0-2 2-4-0 10-8-0 2-4-0 1-6-8 6-9-8

Scale = 1:39.6



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* T2: 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E

BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 12=1161/Mechanical, 8=1374/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 12=-165(LC 12)

Max Uplift12=-214(LC 14), 8=-335(LC 14) Max Grav 12=1238(LC 33), 8=1431(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 $2 - 3 - 2522{}^{\prime}631, \ 3 - 13 - 2487{}^{\prime}598, \ 13 - 14 = 2294{}^{\prime}599, \ 4 - 14 - 2251{}^{\prime}609, \ 4 - 15 - 2267{}^{\prime}626, \ 5 - 15 - 2361{}^{\prime}615, \ 5 - 16 - 2546{}^{\prime}670, \ 16 - 17 - 2632{}^{\prime}660, \ 17 - 26322{}^{\prime}660, \ 17 - 26322{}^{\prime}660, \ 17 - 26322{}^{\prime}660, \ 17 - 26322{}^{\prime}660, \ 17 - 26322{$ 

6-17=-2727/653, 6-8=-1385/508

11-12=-454/2064, 10-11=-563/2533, 9-10=-505/2506 WEBS

2-12 = -2281/585, 2-11 = -83/405, 3-11 = -756/241, 3-10 = -323/336, 4-10 = -231/1235, 5-10 = -411/224, 5-9 = -427/172, 6-9 = -522/2360

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 2-4-0, Interior(1) 2-4-0 to 10-8-0, Exterior(2R) 10-8-0 to 13-8-0, Interior(1) 13-8-0 to 23-7-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- of hates checked in a plus in filling 3 degree indication about its center.

  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

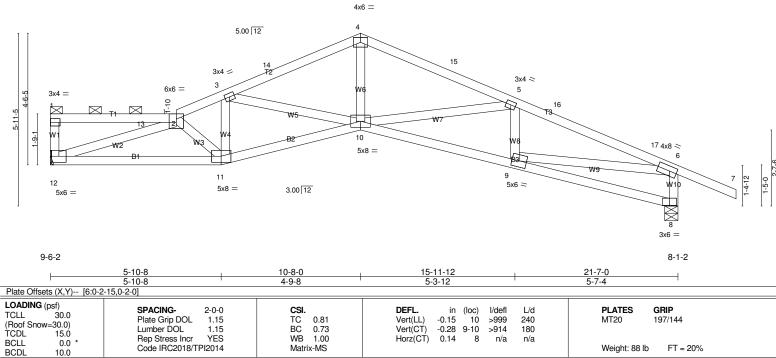
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will b and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 214 lb uplift at joint 12 and 335 lb uplift at joint 8.

  12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP Н8 Roof Special Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 9-6-2 4-4-0 10-8-0 5-10-8 4-4-0 1-6-8 4-9-8

Scale = 1:39.6



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 1-2.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 12=1161/Mechanical, 8=1374/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 12=-169(LC 12)

Max Uplift12=-212(LC 14), 8=-337(LC 14) Max Grav 12=1213(LC 19), 8=1431(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 $1-12=-305/95,\ 2-3=-2599/707,\ 3-14=-2325/609,\ 4-14=-2244/620,\ 4-15=-2244/624,\ 5-15=-2342/614,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 5-16=-2550/675,\ 16-17=-2636/666,\ 16-17=-263$ 

6-17=-2730/658, 6-8=-1386/508

11-12=-632/2686, 10-11=-546/2474, 9-10=-510/2509 WFRS

 $2-12 = -2747/772, \ 2-11 = -532/158, \ 3-11 = -278/77, \ 3-10 = -409/169, \ 4-10 = -273/1297, \ 5-10 = -426/187, \ 5-9 = -423/176, \ 6-9 = -528/2366$ 

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 10-8-0, Exterior(2R) 10-8-0 to 13-8-0, Interior(1) 13-8-0 to 23-7-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 8 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 212 lb uplift at joint 12 and 337 lb uplift at joint 8.

  12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP HC1 Jack-Open 2 Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 -2-0-0 2-0-0 Scale = 1:13.7

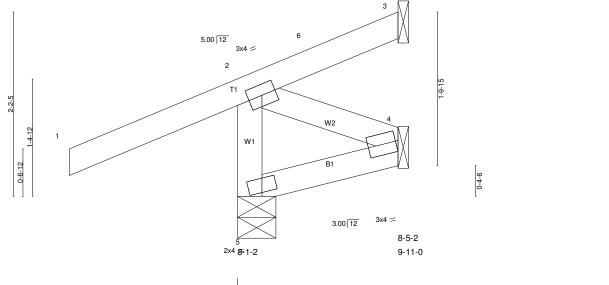


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [4:Edge,0-1-8]					
LOADING (psf)   TCLL   30.0   (Roof Snow=30.0)   TCDL   15.0   BCLL   0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.57 BC 0.03 WB 0.02 Matrix-MP	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.00         5 >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.00         4-5 >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.00         3 n/a n/a         n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 197/144 Weight: 10 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 3=-39/Mechanical, 4=18/Mechanical, 5=408/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 5=72(LC 13) Max Uplift3=-92(LC 18), 4=-34(LC 14), 5=-157(LC 14)

Max Grav 3=48(LC 14), 4=36(LC 5), 5=559(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-541/351

### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 cone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

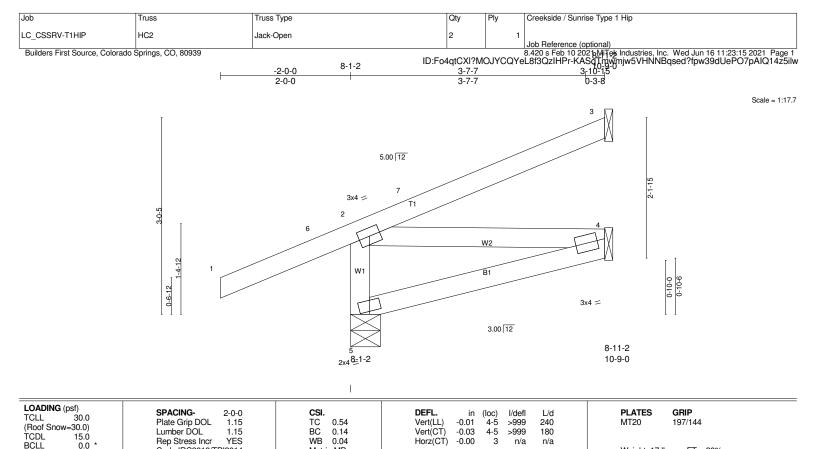
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 10 truss to truss to truss connections.

  9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

  10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 92 lb uplift at joint 3, 34 lb uplift at joint 4 and 157 lb uplift at joint 5.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Weight: 17 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

FT = 20%

BCDL LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 3=111/Mechanical, 4=38/Mechanical, 5=454/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

(ID/SLEP) 3=1-1/MIGUELANIA, 7-25/MIGUELANIA, 13-25/MIGUELANIA, 13-15/MIGUELANIA, 13-

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-596/357  $\,$ 

# NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

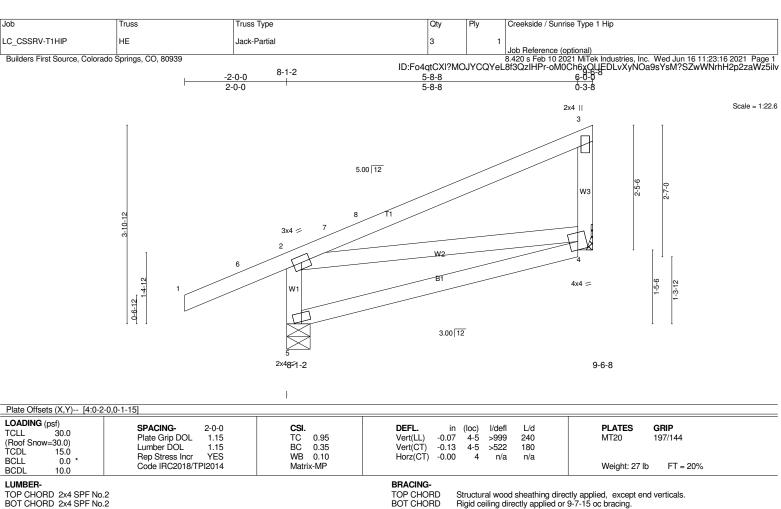
2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

Matrix-MP

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 35 lb uplift at joint 3, 26 lb uplift at joint 4 and 128 lb uplift at joint 5.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 5=543/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=278/Mechanical Max Horz 5=161(LC 11)
Max Uplift5=-167(LC 14), 4=-79(LC 11)

Max Grav 5=691(LC 19), 4=387(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-633/413, 3-4=-330/252

BOT CHORD 4-5=-361/235 WEBS 2-4=-177/310

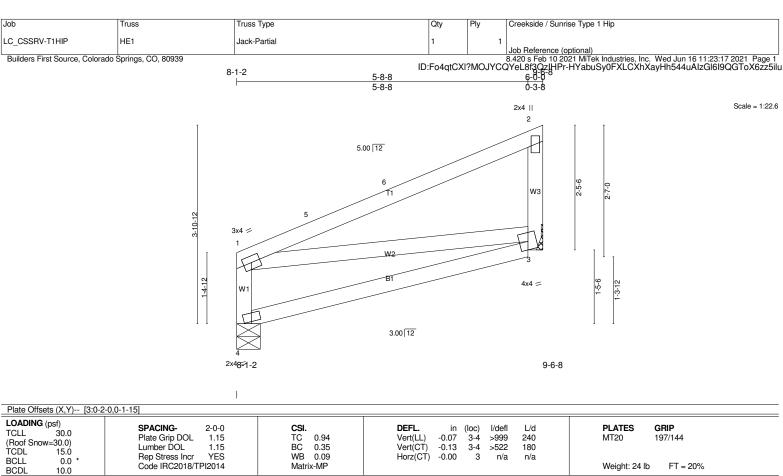
## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wil and any other members.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 9) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 167 lb uplift at joint 5 and 79 lb uplift at joint 4.

  11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF 1650F 1.5E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 4=314/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=314/Mechanical

Max Horz 4=142(LC 11)

Max Uplift4=-47(LC 14), 3=-81(LC 11) Max Grav 4=425(LC 18), 3=425(LC 18)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

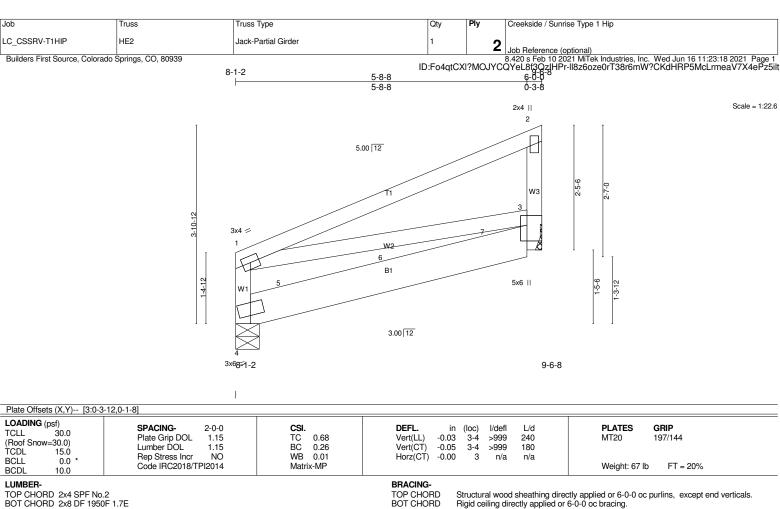
TOP CHORD 1-4=-368/200, 2-3=-368/275

BOT CHORD 3-4=-310/210 WEBS 1-3=-153/260

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 5-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
  3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  8) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 47 lb uplift at joint 4 and 81 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



**WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=1270/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8), 3=1192/Mechanical

Max Horz 4=135(LC 7)
Max Uplift4=219(LC 10), 3=-234(LC 7)
Max Grav 4=1382(LC 14), 3=1303(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  1-4=-368/84, 2-3=-368/91

BOT CHORD 4-5=-263/98

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wi
- and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 219 lb uplift at joint 4 and 234 lb uplift at joint 3.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

  13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 606 lb down and 119 lb up at 0-10-4, and 603 lb down and 119 lb up at 2-10-4, and 626 lb down and 123 lb up at 4-10-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

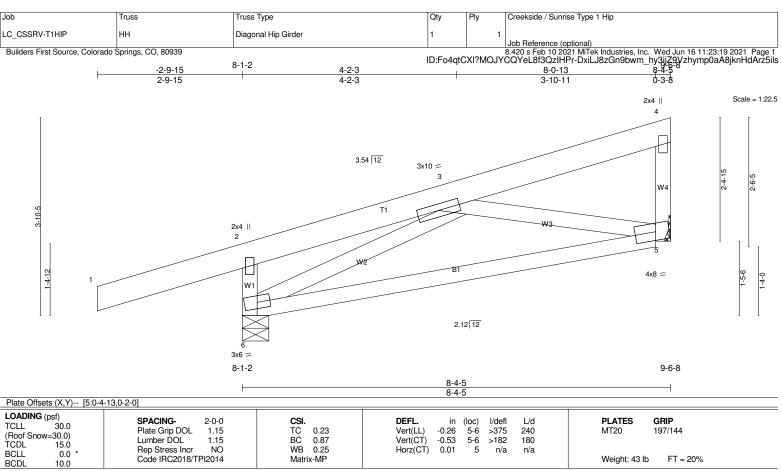
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90, 3-4=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=-606(B) 6=-603(B) 7=-626(B)



BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WFRS 2x4 SPF No.2

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 6=640/0-6-4 (min. 0-1-8), 5=583/Mechanical

Max Horz 6=158(LC 7)
Max Uplift6=-215(LC 10), 5=-119(LC 10) Max Grav 6=773(LC 15), 5=715(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-6=-479/252, 4-5=-374/116

BOT CHORD 5-6=-181/614

3-6=-682/35, 3-5=-603/159 WEBS

## NOTES-

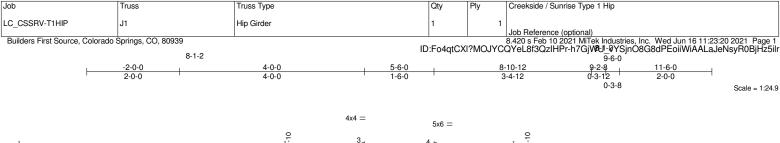
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Bearing at joint(s) 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 215 lb uplift at joint 6 and 119 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

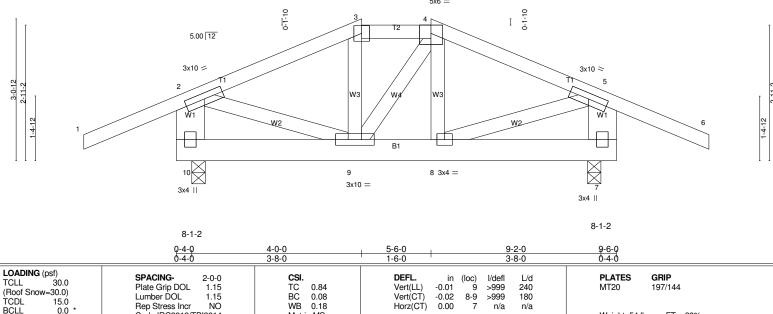
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-2=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)
Vert: 2=-3(F=43, B=43)-to-4=-191(F=-50, B=-50), 6=0(F=10, B=10)-to-5=-42(F=-11, B=-11)





LUMBER-

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except W1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-11-15 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-4. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

Weight: 54 lb

FT = 20%

**BOT CHORD** 

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 10=924/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 7=924/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 10=-107(LC 8)

Max Uplift10=-368(LC 10), 7=-368(LC 10)

Max Grav 10=1174(LC 29), 7=1174(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-891/281, 3-4=-749/287, 4-5=-890/282, 2-10=-1111/375, 5-7=-1111/376

BOT CHORD 8-9=-160/743

Code IRC2018/TPI2014

WEBS

2-9=-202/776, 5-8=-204/777

## NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Matrix-MS

- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8)\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 368 lb uplift at joint 10 and 368 lb uplift at joint 7.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) Girder carries hip end with 4-0-0 end setback.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 243 lb down and 75 lb up at 5-6-0, and 243 lb down and 75 lb up at at 4-0-0 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

14) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

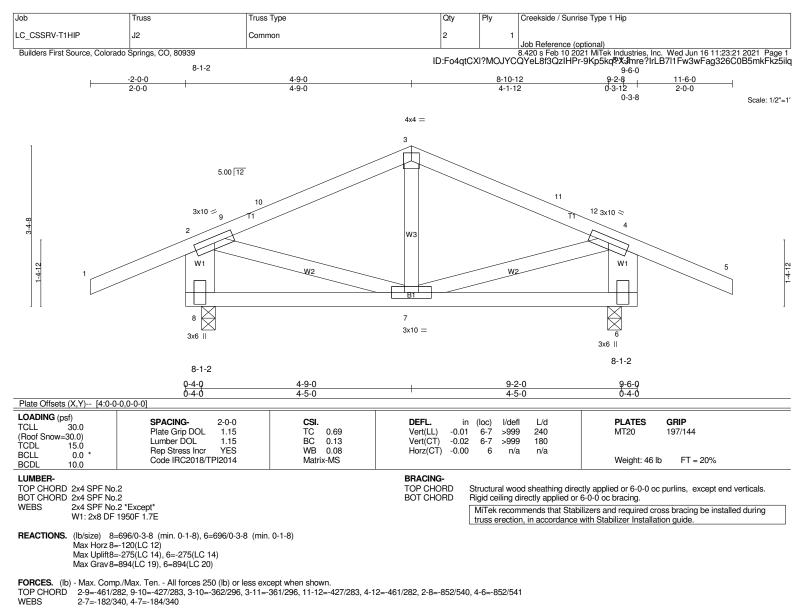
### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-2=-90, 2-3=-90, 3-4=-45(F=45), 4-5=-90, 5-6=-90, 9-10=-20, 8-9=-107(F=-87), 7-8=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 9=-183(F) 8=-183(F)



NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 4-9-0, Exterior(2R) 4-9-0 to 7-9-0, Interior(1) 7-9-0 to 11-6-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

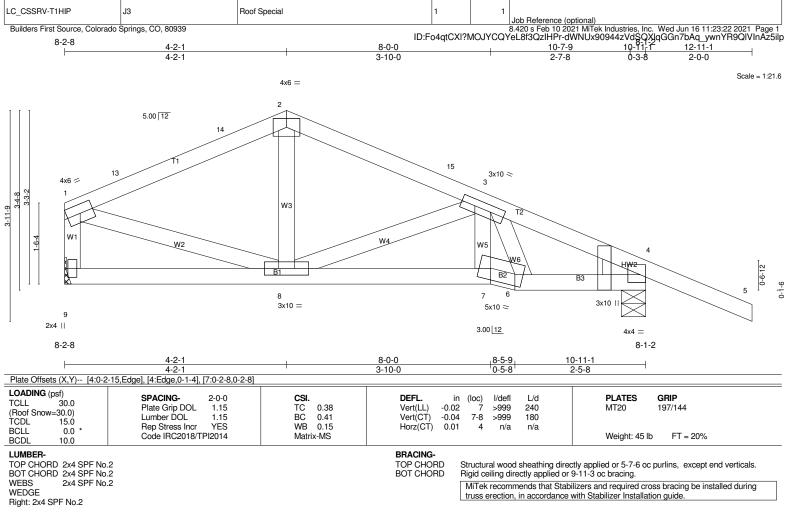
2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 275 lb uplift at joint 8 and 275 lb uplift at joint 6.

  9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 9=576/Mechanical, 4=789/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 9=-116(LC 12)

Truss

Truss Type

Max Uplift9=-102(LC 14), 4=-222(LC 14) Max Grav 9=623(LC 19), 4=894(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-13=-631/305, 13-14=-590/308, 2-14=-557/315, 2-15=-590/308, 3-15=-681/298, 3-4=-1048/393, 1-9=-584/303

BOT CHORD 7-8=-325/1041, 6-7=-351/1128, 4-6=-270/920

WEBS 3-8=-533/245, 3-7=-92/366, 3-6=-433/176, 1-8=-213/531

Job

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 4-2-1, Exterior(2R) 4-2-1 to 7-2-1, Interior(1) 7-2-1 to 12-11-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

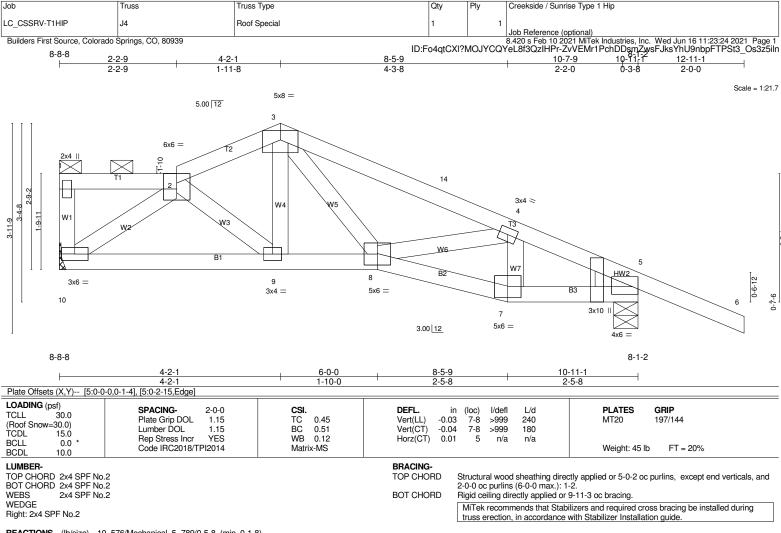
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 102 lb uplift at joint 9 and 222 lb uplift at joint 4.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

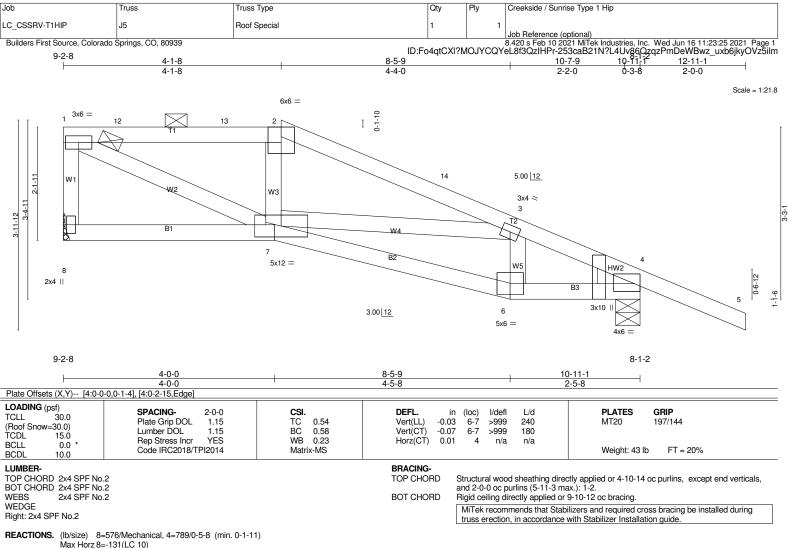


REACTIONS. (lb/size) 10=576/Mechanical, 5=789/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 10=-117(LC 12) Max Uplift10=-99(LC 14), 5=-225(LC 14) Max Grav 10=623(LC 19), 5=894(LC 20)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-722/349, 3-14=-972/399, 4-14=-1084/388, 4-5=-1141/441 BOT CHORD 9-10=-126/611, 8-9=-109/661, 7-8=-328/1029, 5-7=-333/1030

WEBS 2-10=-733/385, 3-8=-132/396, 4-7=-340/171

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 2-2-9, Interior(1) 2-2-9 to 4-2-1, Exterior(2R) 4-2-1 to 7-2-1, Interior(1) 7-2-1 to 12-11-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 99 lb uplift at joint 10 and 225 lb uplift at joint 5.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Max Uplift8=-103(LC 10), 4=-228(LC 14) Max Grav 8=646(LC 29), 4=1079(LC 30)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-8=-604/304, 1-12=-863/384, 12-13=-862/384, 2-13=-860/384, 2-14=-932/361, 3-14=-1052/351, 3-4=-1206/445

BOT CHORD 6-7=-331/1088, 4-6=-336/1082

WEBS 1-7=-430/930, 3-6=-335/172

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-1-12 to 3-1-12, Interior(1) 3-1-12 to 4-1-8, Exterior(2R) 4-1-8 to 7-1-8, Interior(1) 7-1-8 to 12-11-1 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 wide will be 3-0-0 will be 3-0-
- and any other members.
- 9) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 103 lb uplift at joint 8 and 228 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Job Truss Truss Type Creekside / Sunrise Type 1 Hip LC CSSRV-T1HIP JC1 Jack-Open | Job Reference (optional)
2 8.420 s Fel810-2021 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Jun 16 11:23:26 2021 Page 1
ID:Fo4qtCXI?MOJYCQYeL8f3QzIHPr-WHd\_nX3f7ITx63jl\_gLCyzmnLbPyjOKILNTVwxz5ill
1-7-7 1-10-15 Builders First Source, Colorado Springs, CO, 80939 -2-0-0 2-0-0 0-3-8

> Scale = 1:13.7 5.00 12 6x8 = T1 W1 W2 B1 3x4814-2 <sup>™</sup>8-1-2 3x4 = 9-11-0 1-10-15

1-6-15

Plate Offsets (X,Y) [4:Edge,0-1-8]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 30.0 (Roof Snow=30.0) TCDL 15.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2018/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.66 BC 0.02 WB 0.03 Matrix-MP	DEFL.         in (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.00         5 >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.00         5 >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.00         3 n/a         n/a	<b>PLATES GRIP</b> MT20 197/144  Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SFF No.2

WEBS 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E \*Except\*

W2: 2x4 SPF No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=-77/Mechanical, 4=16/Mechanical, 5=444/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 5=80(LC 13) Max Uplift3=-125(LC 18), 4=-41(LC 14), 5=-189(LC 14)

Max Grav 3=57(LC 14), 4=32(LC 5), 5=610(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-594/369

# BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-10-15 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

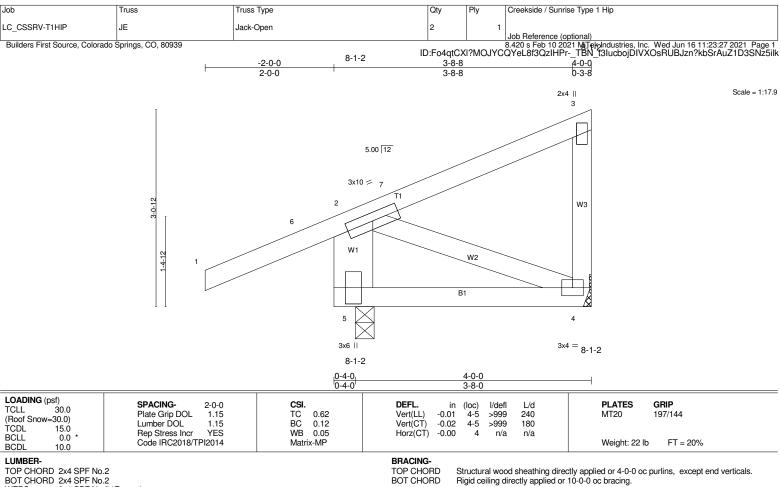
MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E)-2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 1-10-13 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
  2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10

- 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
  4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
  5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
  7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 125 lb uplift at joint 3, 41 lb uplift at joint 4 and 189 lb uplift at joint 5.

  10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\*

W1: 2x8 DF 1950F 1.7E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=470/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=128/Mechanical

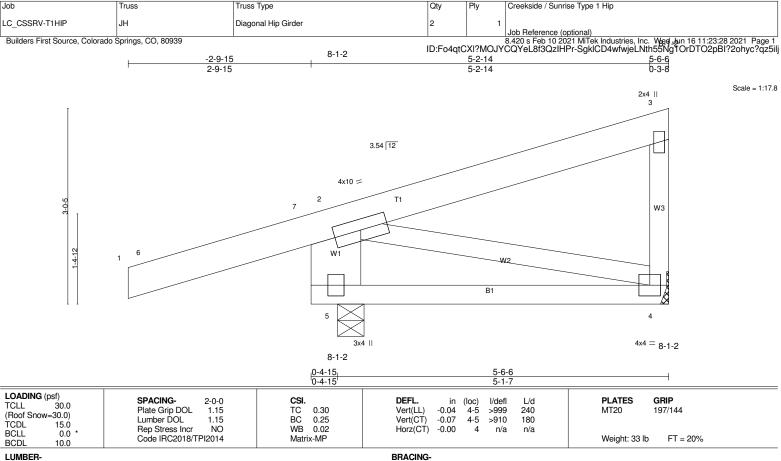
Max Horz 5=147(LC 11)
Max Uplift5=-199(LC 14), 4=-90(LC 11)
Max Grav 5=658(LC 19), 4=168(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-5=-623/411 BOT CHORD 4-5=-308/203 WEBS 2-4=-182/299

### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2E) -2-0-0 to 1-0-0, Interior(1) 1-0-0 to 3-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 16.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
  9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 199 lb uplift at joint 5 and 90 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-6-6 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SPF 2100F 1.8E BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 \*Except\* W1: 2x10 DF 1950F 1.7E

**REACTIONS.** (lb/size) 5=496/0-4-15 (min. 0-1-8), 4=177/Mechanical

Max Horz 5=143(LC 9) Max Uplift5=-233(LC 10), 4=-74(LC 7) Max Grav 5=696(LC 15), 4=233(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD  $\,$  2-5=-669/245  $\,$ 

# NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=136mph (3-second gust) Vasd=108mph; TCDL=4.5psf; BCDL=4.5psf; h=15ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Pr. Enclosed; MWFRS
- (directional); cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pf=30.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat C; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10 3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 20.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 30.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Plates checked for a plus or minus 5 degree rotation about its center.
  6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 233 lb uplift at joint 5 and 74 lb uplift at joint 4.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

### LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-7=-90

Trapezoidal Loads (plf)

Vert: 7=0(F=45, B=45)-to-2=-9(F=40, B=40), 2=-9(F=40, B=40)-to-3=-127(F=-19, B=-19), 5=-2(F=9, B=9)-to-4=-28(F=-4, B=-4)